SAFETY DATA SHEET



FLEET COLOR EPOXI CINZA N 6,5

GHS product identifier	: FLEET COLOR EPOXI CINZA N 6,5
Product code	: 98.00.99180
Product type	: Liquid.
Identified uses	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related mater	al.
Supplier's details	: SHERWIN-WILLIAMS DO BRASIL – DIV. AUTOMOTIVA Estrada do Montanhão, 3000 – Bairro Montanhão São Bernardo do Campo - São Paulo CEP: 09791-250 www.sherwin-auto.com.br atendimento@sherwin-auto.com.br
	Telephone no.: 55 (11) 2168-4500 Fax no.: 55 (11) 2168-4565
Emergency telephone number:	 08000 – 148110 CEATOX (Centro de Toxicologia) 24 horas 55 (11) 2168-4500 (Emergency contact available 24 hours a day)
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
	riarmul to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	:	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	:	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	;	Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	:	Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Other hazards which do not	:	None known.

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result in classification
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

: Mixture.

CAS number/other identifiers

EC number

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Epoxy Polymer	≥10 - ≤25	25068-38-6
2-Methyl-1-propanol	≥10 - ≤25	78-83-1
Xylene, mixed isomers	<10	1330-20-7
Titanium Dioxide	≤10	13463-67-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤5	64742-95-6
Ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4
trimethylbenzene	≤3	25551-13-7
Ethanol	≤3	64-17-5
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≤3	78-93-3
Diacetone Alcohol	<3	123-42-2
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	<1	136-51-6
Cumene	≤0.3	98-82-8
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	<0.1	80-05-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact
- : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health e	effects		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.		
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness o dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. 		
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.		
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.		
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>		
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness		
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness		
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur		
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting		
ndication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary		
Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.		

Section 4. First aid measures

Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicologic	al information	(Section	11)
Oce toxicologic		(00001011	

Section	5.	Fire-	fighting	measures
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Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name			Exposure limits	i -		
2-Methyl-1-propanol		Ministry of Labor ar TWA: 40 ppm 8 hou TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8		azil, 11/2001)).	
Xylene, mixed isomers		Ministry of Labor ar (o-, m-, p- isomers)] TWA: 78 ppm 8 hou TWA: 340 mg/m ³ 8	irs.	azil, 11/2001). [Xylen	es
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Titanium Dioxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale
	particles
Ethylbenzene	Ministry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001).
	TWA: 78 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 340 mg/m³ 8 hours.
trimethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers]
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Ethanol	Ministry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001).
	TWA: 780 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 1480 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Ministry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001).
	TWA: 155 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 460 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Diacetone Alcohol	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 238 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Cumene	Ministry of Labor and Employement (Brazil, 11/2001). Absorbed
	through skin.
	TWA: 39 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 190 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	ventilation contaminat also need limits. Use	ith adequate ventilation. or other engineering cont nts below any recomment to keep gas, vapor or dus e explosion-proof ventilation	rols to keep worker e ded or statutory limits t concentrations below on equipment.	xposure to airb . The enginee w any lower ex	oorne ring contr plosive	
Environmental exposure controls	:	they compl cases, fum	from ventilation or work p y with the requirements o le scrubbers, filters or eng will be necessary to redu	f environmental prote gineering modification	ection legislations to the proces	n. In som	
Individual protection meas	ures						
Hygiene measures	:	eating, smo Appropriate Contaminat contaminat showers at	ds, forearms and face tho oking and using the lavato e techniques should be us ted work clothing should ted clothing before reusin re close to the workstatior ontaminated clothing shou	bry and at the end of t sed to remove potenti not be allowed out of g. Ensure that eyewa n location.	the working pen- ally contamina the workplace. ash stations an	riod. ted clothi . Wash	
Eye/face protection	:	assessmer gases or d unless the	wear complying with an a nt indicates this is necess usts. If contact is possibl assessment indicates a h Id/or face shield. If inhala stead.	ary to avoid exposure e, the following protec igher degree of prote	e to liquid splas ction should be ction: chemica	hes, mist worn, al splash	ts,
Skin protection							
Hand protection	:	be worn at this is nece check duri should be a different fo several sul estimated.	resistant, impervious glove all times when handling of essary. Considering the p ng use that the gloves are noted that the time to breat r different glove manufact ostances, the protection ti nded gloves: Nitrile gloves	chemical products if a parameters specified b still retaining their pr akthrough for any glov turers. In the case of me of the gloves can	risk assessme by the glove ma otective proper ve material ma mixtures, cons	ent indica anufactur rties. It y be sisting of	ites rer,
Date of issue/Date of revision		: 05, Jan, 2024.	Date of previous issue	: 03, Jan, 2024.	Version	:6.11	6/14

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. Nota(s): Closed shoes are recommended for protection.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Various
Odor	:	Characteristic.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, Initial boiling point and boiling range	1	78°C (172.4°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 15°C (59°F)
Evaporation rate	:	Not available.
Flammability	:	Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 0.7% Upper: 19%
Vapor pressure	:	12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	:	Not available.
Density	:	1.128503539 g/cm ³
Solubility	1	Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	1	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

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Conditions to avoid		essible sources of ignition er, drill, grind or expose				veld,
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under norm	nal conditions of storage	and use, hazardous r	eactions will n	ot occur	
Chemical stability	: The produc	t is stable.				
Reactivity	: No specific	test data related to reac	tivity available for this	product or its i	ngredie	nts.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

** Data of Mixture **		
Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Not available.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	:	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	1	Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting

Potential chronic health effects

General	: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Section 11. Toxicological information

Route	ATE value
Oral	24705.98 mg/kg
Dermal	13346.33 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	81291.3 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	199.78 mg/l

** Data of Component **

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-Methyl-1-propanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	19200 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2460 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Diacetone Alcohol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2520 mg/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	LD50 Oral	Rat	1200 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Epoxy Polymer	Eyes - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	-	100 mg 24 hours 500	-
			-		-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit			
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit		UI	
			-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
	-			uL	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.066666667	-
				minutes 100	
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 05, Jan, Date of prev		: 03, Jan, 202	24. Vers	ion:6.11 9/1-

2024.

Section 11. Toxicological information

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	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Diacetone Alcohol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
_	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	250 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Diacetone Alcohol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	• •	Route of exposure	Target organs
•	Category 2 Category 2		- hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Acute LC50 600 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 1030000 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia salina</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 1330000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Chronic NOEC 4 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> <i>pugio</i>	21 days 48 hours
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 >1000000 μg/l Marine	Fish - Pimephales promelas Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours 96 hours
Ethylbenzene	water Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
,	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp</i> Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Crustaceans - <i>Artemia</i> <i>franciscana</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water		96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki -</i> Larvae	12 weeks
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 μg/l Marine water Acute EC50 5091000 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Diacetone Alcohol	Acute LC50 420 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	Acute EC50 1.506 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Prorocentrum minimum</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 1800 µg/l Marine water Acute EC50 7.3 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.34 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3.5 mg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Rivulus marmoratus</i> - Embryo	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Chlorolobion braunii</i> - Exponential growth phase	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 10 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Tigriopus</i> <i>japonicus</i> - Nauplii	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 30 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.2 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus - Adult	90 days

Persistence/degradability

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Epoxy Polymer Xylene, mixed isomers Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate Cumene 4,4'-Isopropylidenediphenol	- - -	31 8.1 to 25.9 10 to 2500 2.96 35.48 20 to 67	Low Low High Low Low Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. 2 Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	Brazil - ANTT	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group			
Date of issue/Date of rev	rision : 05, Jan, Da 2024.	nte of previous issue : 03, Ja	n, 2024. Version : 6.11 12/

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Section 14. Transport information

Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Risk number 33	-	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product

: No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC) Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

<u>History</u>					
Date of printing	: 05, Jan, 2024.				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05, Jan, 2024. : 03, Jan, 2024.				
Date of previous issue					
Version	: 6.11				
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 05, Jan, 2024.	Date of previous issue	: 03, Jan, 2024.	Version : 6.11	13/14

Section 16. Other information

Version of the Product	: 014 00
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) UN = United Nations
References	: Not available.

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by Sherwin-Williams, including but not limited to the incorporation of non Sherwin-Williams products or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by Sherwin-Williams. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.