SAFETY DATA SHEET

A80W153

Section 1. Identification

Product identifier : SUPERPAINT® Exterior Acrylic Latex Flat - Deep Base

Product code : A80W153 Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Not applicable.

Supplier's details : The Sherwin-Williams Company

> 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone

number

: +1 703-741-5970 (Jamaica, El Salvador, Guyana, Belize)

+(1) 868-224-5716 (Trinidad-Tobago)

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: sds@sherwin.com

Section 2. Hazard identification

Classification of the : AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2 substance or mixture AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 3

GHS label elements

Signal word : No signal word. **Hazard statements** : Toxic to aquatic life.

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

General : Read carefully and follow all instructions. Keep out of reach of children. If medical

advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

Prevention : Avoid release to the environment.

Response : Not applicable. **Storage** : Not applicable.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national

and international regulations.

result in classification

Other hazards which do not: Please refer to the SDS for additional information.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture Other means of : Not available.

identification

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Zinc Oxide	≤1.7	1314-13-2
Octylphenoxypoly(ethoxy)ethanol	<1	9036-19-5
Diuron	≤0.033	330-54-1
Carbendazim	≤0.02	10605-21-7
Zinc Pyrithione	≤0.016	13463-41-7
Zinc Pyrithione	≤0.0066	13463-41-7

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower

eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Get medical attention if irritation

occurs.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.

Skin contact: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and

shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion
 Wash out mouth with water. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Do not induce vomiting

unless directed to do so by medical personnel.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: None known.

metal oxide/oxides

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Zinc Oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
diuron (ISO)	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 10 mg/m³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls

ıre

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>

Physical state : Liquid. Color : White.

Odor : Not available. : Not available. **Odor threshold**

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Melting point/freezing point : Not available. Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: 100°C (212°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable. : 0.09 (butyl acetate = 1) **Evaporation rate**

: Not available. **Flammability** Lower and upper explosion : Not available.

limit/flammability limit

: 2.3 kPa (17.5 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density : 1 [Air = 1] : 1.33 Relative density Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Partially soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available. **Heat of combustion** : 1.099 kJ/g

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Octylphenoxypoly(ethoxy) ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	4190 mg/kg	-
diuron (ISO)	LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat	>5 g/kg 1 g/kg	-
Carbendazim	LD50 Dermal LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rabbit Rat Rat	8500 mg/kg 2 g/kg >5050 mg/kg	-
Zinc Pyrithione	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	140 mg/m³ 100 mg/kg 177 mg/kg	4 hours
Zinc Pyrithione	LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rabbit Rat	140 mg/m³ 100 mg/kg 177 mg/kg	4 hours - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Zinc Oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500	-
Octylphenoxypoly(ethoxy) ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 15 mg	-
ethanoi	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	1 %	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•	Route of exposure	Target organs
diuron (ISO)	Category 2	-	-
Zinc Pyrithione	Category 1	-	-
Zinc Pyrithione	Category 1	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Ingestion
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : No specific data.
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : No specific data.
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	(mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Octylphenoxypoly(ethoxy)ethanol	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
diuron (ISO)	1000	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Carbendazim	N/A	2000	N/A	N/A	N/A
Zinc Pyrithione	221	100	N/A	0.14	0.14
Zinc Pyrithione	221	100	N/A	0.14	0.14

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Zinc Oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	96 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Octylphenoxypoly(ethoxy) ethanol	Acute EC50 210 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 10800 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Pandalus montagui - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.518 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
diuron (ISO)	Acute EC50 0.0013 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa	96 hours
, ,	Acute EC50 2.26 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Coccolithus huxleyi - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.005 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 7.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute IC50 2.41 μg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - <i>Halodule</i> uninervis	72 hours
	Acute LC50 380 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus lacustris	48 hours
	Acute LC50 500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Morone saxatilis - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.11 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Fragilaria capucina</i> - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.34 µg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Zostera muelleri	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 26.4 ppb	Fish - Pimephales promelas	60 days
Carbendazim	Acute EC50 19.0562 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus	96 hours
	Acute EC50 20 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 77 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Ictalurus punctatus</i> - Yolk-sac fry	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 10 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex - Adult	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 3.1 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Zinc Pyrithione	Acute EC50 0.51 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira pseudonana	96 hours
	Acute EC50 38 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ilyocypris dentifera	48 hours
	Acute EC50 8.25 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.68 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.36 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira pseudonana	96 hours

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	Chronic NOEC 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
Zinc Pyrithione	Acute EC50 0.51 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira pseudonana	96 hours
	Acute EC50 38 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ilyocypris dentifera	48 hours
	Acute EC50 8.25 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.68 ppb Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.36 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Thalassiosira pseudonana	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.7 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zinc Oxide	-	28960	High
diuron (ISO)	-	5.2	Low
Carbendazim	-	2.51	Low
Zinc Pyrithione	-	11	Low
Zinc Pyrithione	-	11	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-

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Section 14.	Transport in	formation		
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available.

to IMO instruments

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : Not determined.
Canada : Not determined.
China : Not determined.

Eurasian Economic Union: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : Not determined. **Philippines** : Not determined. Republic of Korea : Not determined. **Taiwan** : Not determined. **Thailand** : Not determined. **Turkey** : Not determined. **United States** : Not determined. **Viet Nam** : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
() - 3 ,	Calculation method Calculation method

References : Not available.

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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