SAFETY DATA SHEET

W1429

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Production Lacquer Primer White
Product code	: W1429
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	

Manufacturer	: M. L. CAMPBELL 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 424-9300
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 364-1359
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 18.2% (oral), 33.8% (dermal), 28.1% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not avail
identification	

ilable.

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•		
Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
Kaolin	≥10 - ≤25	1332-58-7
Talc	≥10 - ≤25	14807-96-6
Acetone	≥10 - ≤25	67-64-1
Titanium Dioxide	≤10	13463-67-7
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤10	1330-20-7
Rosin Ester	≤10	68038-41-5
Toluene	≤10	108-88-3
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	≤5	78-93-3
Cellulose Nitrate	≤5	9004-70-0
Dibutyl Phthalate	≤3	84-74-2
2-Propanol	≤3	67-63-0
Cellulose Nitrate	≤3	9004-70-0
Ethanol	≤3	64-17-5
1-Propanol	≤3	71-23-8
Ethylbenzene	≤3	100-41-4
Ethyl Acetate	≤3	141-78-6
Methanol	<1	67-56-1
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	<1	64742-88-7
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	≤0.3	108-10-1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.3	64742-95-6
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	≤0.3	14808-60-7
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Most important symptoms/	effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effe	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sym	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up

Small spill
 Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	history this pro- expose and ur Do not ventila adequ from a from h electric tools.	appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which oduct is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid ure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read iderstood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when tion is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless ately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away eat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof cal (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	handle drinkin	, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is ed, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, g and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before og eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene irres.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store i area, a locked contain opene unlabe	n accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. n original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep her tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been d must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in eled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental nination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredie	nt name		CAS #	Exposure limit	S	
n-Butyl A	cetate		123-86-4	TWA: 150 pp TWA: 710 mg STEL: 200 pp STEL: 950 m OSHA PEL (U TWA: 150 pp TWA: 710 mg ACGIH TLV (U acetates]	g/m ³ 10 hours. om 15 minutes. g/m ³ 15 minutes. nited States, 5/2018). m 8 hours.	
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Kaolin	1332-58-7	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		 TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Talc	14807-96-6	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
Acetone	67-64-1	fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Rosin Ester Toluene	68038-41-5 108-88-3	None. OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 75 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
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		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours.STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Cellulose Nitrate Dibutyl Phthalate	9004-70-0 84-74-2	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 9 hours.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Cellulose Nitrate Ethanol	9004-70-0 64-17-5	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
1-Propanol	71-23-8	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 500 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 625 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

TLV (United States, 1/2024). 400 ppm 8 hours. 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hours. REL (United States, 10/2020). 400 ppm 10 hours. 1400 mg/m ³ 10 hours. PEL (United States, 5/2018). 400 ppm 8 hours. 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TLV (United States, 1/2024). bed through skin. 200 ppm 8 hours. 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 250 ppm 15 minutes. REL (United States, 10/2020). bed through skin. 200 ppm 10 hours. 260 mg/m ³ 10 hours. 260 mg/m ³ 10 hours. 250 ppm 15 minutes.
TLV (United States, 1/2024). bed through skin. 200 ppm 8 hours. 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 250 ppm 15 minutes. 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. REL (United States, 10/2020). bed through skin. 200 ppm 10 hours. 260 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
230 ppm 15 minutes. : 325 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (United States, 5/2018). 200 ppm 8 hours. 260 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
PEL (United States, 5/2018). ha (Coal tar)] 100 ppm 8 hours. 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
TLV (United States, 1/2024). 20 ppm 8 hours. 25 ppm 15 minutes. REL (United States, 10/2020). 50 ppm 10 hours. 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. PEL (United States, 5/2018). 100 ppm 8 hours. 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). 250 mppcf / (%SiO ₂ +5) 8 hours. For able 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO ₂ +2) 8 hours. Forn able PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silical line] 50 μg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable TLV (United States, 1/2024). [Silical line] 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: able fraction REL (United States, 10/2020). A, CRYSTALLINE] 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respiral

trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
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Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [butyl acetates] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Kaolin	1332-58-7	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable aerosol fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 4 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: respirable fraction TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
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67-64-1	TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable aerosol fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).
67-64-1	
	 OEL: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). [Dimethylbenzene] OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Xylene] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). [Xylene] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
108-88-3	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Absorbed through skin. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 188 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

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		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). Ototoxicant. TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
n-Dibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 984 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 492 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
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64-17-5	STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024).TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes.CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021).STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023).OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.OEL: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours.CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
71-23-8	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 492 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 984 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 400 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023).
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
100-41-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
67-56-1	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). Absorbed through skin. OEL: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	71-23-8

		OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 205 mg/m³ 8 hours. OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. OEL: 307 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OEL: 307 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Quartz	14808-60-7	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 8/2023). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023). OEL: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable aerosol fraction CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
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 -
4/2021).
TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
fraction

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
,		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Acetone	67-64-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		[Xileno, mezcla]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Toluene	108-88-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethanol	64-17-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
1-Propanol	71-23-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
Methanol	67-56-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredien	t name			Exposure indices	
Acetone		ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.			
Xylene, mixed isomers		ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.			
Toluene ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. time: end of shift.		toluene [in urine]. Sampling			
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	BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 2 mg/I, methyl ethyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
2-Propanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Methanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 15 mg/l, methanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 1 mg/l, methyl isobutyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices	
Acetone Official Mexican STANDARD MO47-SSA1-2011, Environmental Biological exposure indices for occupationally exposed to chosubstances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific. The is nonspecific, since it can be for exposure to other chemicals.], a urine]. Sampling time: at the end shift. Xylene, mixed isomers Official Mexican STANDARD MO47-SSA1-2011, Environmental Biological exposure indices for occupationally exposed to chosubstances. (Mexico, 6/2012) Kylene, mixed isomers Official Mexican STANDARD MO47-SSA1-2011, Environmental Biological exposure indices for occupationally exposed to chosubstances. (Mexico, 6/2012) Kylene, mixed isomers Official Mexican STANDARD MO47-SSA1-2011, Environmental Biological exposure indices for occupationally exposed to chosubstances. (Mexico, 6/2012) Ketholical or commercial grade BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl [in urine]. Sampling time: at the work shift.		
		Toluene
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		quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of
	Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the
		occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.
2	2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel
Г	Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 2 mg/L, MEK [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
		 BEI: 0.05 mg/L, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: sample time not specified. BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu; non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.5 mg/L [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These are included in the valu; non-specific.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu], o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Section 8. Exposu	re controls/personal protection
	BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time: uncritical.
Methanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 15 mg/L [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu; non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], methane [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 2 mg/L, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	' <u>es</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>						
Physical state	: Liqu	Liquid.				
Color	: Whi	Vhite.				
Odor	: Not	available.				
Odor threshold	: Not	ot available.				
рН	: Not	applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	: Not	available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 55°	C (131°F)				
Flash point	: Clos	ed cup: -11°C (12.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]				
Evaporation rate	: 5.6	(butyl acetate = 1)				
Flammability	: Flar	nmable liquid.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit		: Lower: 1% Upper: 19%				
Vapor pressure	: 24 k	: 24 kPa (180 mm Hg)				
Relative vapor density	: 1.5	: 1.5 [Air = 1]				
Relative density	: 1.15	: 1.15				
Solubility(ies)	:	:				
Media		Result				
cold water		Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	: Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.					
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.					
Viscosity	: Kin	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)				
Molecular weight	: Not	applicable.				
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Heat of combustion : 16.464 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Dibutyl Phthalate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5010 mg/kg	-
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
1-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5040 mg/kg	-
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	1870 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Methanol	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons		Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-

n-Butyl Acetate Talc Acetone Titanium Dioxide Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Human Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	- - - - - - - - - - - -	100 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug I 186300 ppm 10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug I 87 mg 24 hours 5	- - - - - - - -
Talc Acetone Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Human Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit	- - - - - - - -	24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 186300 ppm 10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
Acetone Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Human Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit		mg 72 hours 300 ug l 186300 ppm 10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
Acetone Titanium Dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit		72 hours 300 ug l 186300 ppm 10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
Acetone Titanium Dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit		ug I 186300 ppm 10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug I 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
Titanium Dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	- - - - - -	186300 ppm 10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
Fitanium Dioxide	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	- - - - -	10 uL 24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit		mg 20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	- - - -	20 mg 395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	395 mg 24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Human Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Human Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rat	-	mg 72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	72 hours 300 ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	ug l 87 mg 24 hours 5	-
<pre>{ylene, mixed isomers</pre>	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	87 mg 24 hours 5	-
vyiene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit Rat Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
	Skin - Mild irritant Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rat Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit			1
	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant		-	8 hours 60 uL	-
			-	100 %	-
	Eves - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eves - Mild irritant			mg	
Foluene	LJ00 Mild intern	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	-			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
		Ū.		uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	-
		1 tab bit		mg	
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	10 mg	_
Topanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 100	_
		Rabbit		mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		100 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	1
Ethanol		Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Even Mederate irritent	Rabbit		mg 0.066666667	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-
				minutes 100	
		Dabbit		mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
1-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	47 hours 100	-

	- J				
	Olvin Mild imitant			%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 100 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.1 MI	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Toluene	-	3	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Ethanol	-	1	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methanol	Category 1	-	-
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Category 2	-	-
Category 2	-	-
Category 2	-	-
Category 1	-	-
Category 1	inhalation	-
	Category 1 Category 1 Category 2 Category 2 Category 2 Category 1	Category 1inhalationCategory 1inhalationCategory 2-Category 2-Category 2-Category 2-Category 1-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Mineral Spirits 140-Flash	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute he	alth effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

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Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate eff	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	fects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route			ATE value		
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapors)			23665.95 mg/kg 26665.28 mg/kg 715.5 mg/l		
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Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Toluene	Acute EC50 12500 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus</i> pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	, Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours
Dibutyl Phthalate	Acute EC50 0.0034 ppm Marine water	Algae - <i>Karenia brevis -</i> Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.55 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.48 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus -</i> Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 µg/l	Algae - <i>Scenedesmus sp.</i> - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.07 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 15.6 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oryzias latipes - Adult	218 days
2-Propanol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute EC50 579000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
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			<u> </u>
	Acute LC50 42000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days
		Neonate	
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki -	12 weeks
		Larvae	
1-Propanol	Acute EC50 4480000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 1000000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2950000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia pulex</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3800000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	72 hours
	Acute EC50 3600 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethyl Acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
,	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
Methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
, ,	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Toluene	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
2-Propanol	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

5				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
Toluene	-	90	Low	
Dibutyl Phthalate	-	165.96	Low	
Ethyl Acetate	-	30	Low	
Methanol	-	<10	Low	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : N coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	Ш	П	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
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Additional		Product classified			Emorgonev
information	- ERG No.	as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). ERG No.	ERG No.	-	<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	128	128	128		
Special precautions	consic mode suitab to shij of the dange	modal shipping descrip der container sizes. The of transport (sea, air, ly for that mode of transport, and compliance person offering the pre- person offering the pre- perous goods must be to n all actions in case of	e presence of a ship etc.), does not indica nsport. All packaging e with the applicable oduct for transport. I rained on all of the ri	pping description for ate that the product i must be reviewed f regulations is the so People loading and u sks deriving from the	a particular s packaged or suitability prior ble responsibility unloading
ransport in bulk ac o IMO instruments	cording : Not ava	ailable.	0		

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

All data given below are MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES based on the product AS CURRENTLY FORMULATED and rely on information provided to us by our raw material suppliers. Our suppliers often provide an estimated value or range less than a certain upper limit. We calculate MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES using defined values, if provided, or the upper limit reported by our supplier. Additionally, the suppliers' information may include amounts present in the product as unintentional byproducts or impurities. Variations may occur in individual batches due to adjustments made during production. Reporting of chemicals in this section does not necessarily indicate their presence in the final formulated product.

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Mercury (as Hg)	0.00007	
Xylene, mixed isomers	6	1330-20-7
Toluene	5	108-88-3
Ethylbenzene	1	100-41-4
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.3	108-10-1
Dibutyl Phthalate	3	84-74-2
Lead (as Pb)	0.00007	

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

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Section 15. Regulatory information

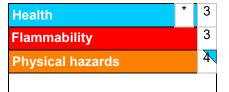
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

<u>History</u>	
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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.