SAFETY DATA SHEET

W122529

Section 1. Identification **Product name** : Level Primer White **Product code** : W122529 Other means of : Not available. identification **Product type** : Liquid. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Paint or paint related material. Manufacturer : M. L. CAMPBELL 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115 **Emergency telephone** : (800) 424-9300 number of the company **Product Information** : (800) 364-1359 **Telephone Number Transportation Emergency** : (800) 424-9300 **Telephone Number** Section 2. Hazards identification **OSHA/HCS** status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200). : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 **Classification of the** substance or mixture SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B** SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 11.2%

(oral), 23.6% (dermal), 19.2% (inhalation)

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements : Danger

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

May cause cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

Precautionary statements

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	White					

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well- ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
n-Butyl Acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Ethanol	≤10	64-17-5
Kaolin	≤10	1332-58-7
2-Methyl-1-propanol	≤5	78-83-1
1-Butanol	≤5	71-36-3
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤4.6	68410-97-9
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	≤5	68002-18-6
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≤3	110-43-0
Talc	≤3	14807-96-6
Cellulose Nitrate	≤3	9004-70-0
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<1	64742-95-6
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	<1	64742-82-1
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necess	ary first aid measures
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed							
Potential acu	ite health effect	<u>s</u>					
Eye contact	:	1	Causes serie	ous eye dama	ge.		
Inhalation		:	Can cause o dizziness.	central nervous	s system (CN	S) depression.	May cause drowsiness or
Skin contac	t	:	No known si	gnificant effec	ts or critical h	azards.	
Ingestion		:	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.				
<u>Over-exposu</u>	re signs/sympto	on	<u>ns</u>				
Eye contact	:	:	Adverse syn pain watering redness	nptoms may in	clude the follo	owing:	
Inhalation		:	Adverse syn nausea or vo headache drowsiness/ve dizziness/ve unconscious	fatigue rtigo	clude the follo	owing:	
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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark	 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any		Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
incompatibilities		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
		unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Titanium Dioxide 13463 Ethanol 64-17- Kaolin 1332-4	CAS #	Exposure limits
Ethanol 64-17- Kaolin 1332-3	123-86-	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
Kaolin 1332-4	13463-6	Ū.
	64-17-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1900 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m ³ .
2-Methyl-1-propanol 78-83-	1332-58	 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total. TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
	78-83-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m ³ . NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 50 ppm.
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1-Butanol	71-36-3	TWA 10 hours: 150 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m ³ . ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm. CEIL: 150 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	68410-97-9 68002-18-6 110-43-0	TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m ³ . None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 233 mg/m ³ . NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 465 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 465 mg/m ³ .
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable fraction.
Cellulose Nitrate Xylene, mixed isomers	9004-70-0 1330-20-7	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] A4. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) [Xylenes] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ .
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Heavy Aliphatic Solvent Ethylbenzene	64742-95-6 64742-82-1 100-41-4	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. Ototoxicant. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ .

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [butyl acetates] STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) C3. STEV 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 1880 mg/m ³ .
Kaolin	1332-58-	ç
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Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	 OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 152 mg/m³. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 152 mg/m³.
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) TWA 8 hours: 15 ppm. C: 30 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 60 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 25 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 115 mg/m³. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 233 mg/m³. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 233 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm.
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate matter ... TWA 8 hours: 2 fibers/cm³. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: respirable aerosol fraction. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate. **Xylene** 1330-20-7 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Xylene] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) [xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Xylene] TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Dimethylbenzene] OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. 100-41-4 Ethylbenzene CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 9/2024) Carc 2B. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) C3. TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.	
Ethanol	64-17-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.	
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.	

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	<u>s</u>
Hygiene measures	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	Liquid.				
Color	White.				
Odor	Not available.				
Odor threshold	Not available.				
рН	Not applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.				
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: 77°C (170.6°F)				
Flash point	Closed cup: 13°C (55.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]				
Evaporation rate	1.9 (butyl acetate = 1)				
Flammability	Flammable liquid.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 19%				
Vapor pressure	: 13.3 kPa (100 mm Hg)				
Relative vapor density	1.5 [Air = 1]				
Relative density	: 1.09				
Density	1.08 g/cm ³				
Solubility(ies)					
Media	Result				
cold water	Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	Not available.				
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable.	
Heat of combustion	: 16.739 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

nformation on toxicological effects	
Acute toxicity	
Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl Acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	10768 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -
	Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>17600 mg/kg
Ethanol	Rat - Oral - LD50
	7 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	124700 mg/m³ [4 hours]
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Rat - Oral - LD50
	2460 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	3400 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	19200 mg/m³ [4 hours]
1-Butanol	Rat - Oral - LD50
	790 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and
	Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes

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	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	3400 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor 24000 mg/m ³ [4 hours]
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Rat - Oral - LD50
Light / liphato riyarocarbon conone	5.17 g/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes
	Gastrointestinal - Other changes Liver - Other changes
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>5 g/kg
	Toxic effects: Olfaction - Other changes Behavioral - Somnolence
	(general depressed activity) Behavioral - Food intake (animal) Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>5 g/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, other
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Rat - Oral - LD50
	1600 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Ataxia Lung, Thorax, or Respiration -
	Respiratory depression
Cellulose Nitrate	Rat - Oral - LD50
Xylene, mixed isomers	>5 g/kg Rat - Oral - LD50
Aylene, mixed isomers	4300 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -
	Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.
	6700 ppm [4 hours]
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	activity) Rat - Oral - LD50
Light Alomatic Hydrocarbons	8400 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other
	changes
Ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	3500 mg/kg Toxia effects: Liver, Other changes Kidney, Urster, and Bladder
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder - Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>5000 mg/kg
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not av	ailable.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
-	
n-Butyl Acetate	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Titanium Dioxide	Human - Skin - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l
Ethanol	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 400 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
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Section 11. Toxicological inton	nation
1-Butanol	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 14 mg
Talc	Human - Skin - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l
Xylene, mixed isomers	Rat - Skin - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 %
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Eurybenzene	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg
	<u>Amount contoint alon applied</u> . To mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not ava	ailable.
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl Acetate	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
n Dalyn koelalo	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
Ethanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 0.0666666667 minutes
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 1 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 50 pph
1-Butanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
I-Butanoi	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 0.005 MI
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
looputulated Lirop Formedideburg Deliminer	Amount/concentration applied: 1.62 mg
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Video e asiandina and	Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
Xylene, mixed isomers	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours

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Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 5 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
Ethylbenzene	Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory corrosion/irritation Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory or skin sensitization Not available.	
Skin Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Germ cell mutagenicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Ethanol	-	1	-
Talc	-	2A	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

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Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl Acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Ethanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
2-Methyl-1-propanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
1-Butanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Xylene, mixed isomers	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name

Kaolin

Talc

Xylene, mixed isomers

Heavy Aliphatic Solvent

Ethylbenzene

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Xylene, mixed isomers Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Heavy Aliphatic Solvent Ethylbenzene

Result

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1

EXPOSURE) (lungs) (inhalation) - Category 1

EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Information on the likely routes of exposure Not available.

Potential acute health effects

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Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
	ysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Delayed and immediate effe	cts and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe	ects	
Not available.		
Conclusion/Summary [Pro	oduct] : Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Numerical measures of toxi	<u>city</u>	
Acute toxicity estimates		

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Level Primer	19555.4	34469.4	N/A	370.1	N/A
n-Butyl Acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
2-Methyl-1-propanol	2460	3400	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Butanol	2500	3400	N/A	24	N/A
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	5170	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	1600	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Xylene, mixed isomers	4300	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl Acetate

Titanium Dioxide

Ethanol

Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
<u>Age</u> : 31 to 32 days; <u>Size</u> : 21.6 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.175 g
18 mg/l [96 hours]
<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Acute - LC50 - Marine water
Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina
32 mg/l [48 hours]
Effect: Mortality
Acute - LC50 - Marine water
Fish - Mummichog - Fundulus heteroclitus
>1000 mg/l [96 hours]
<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
42 mg/l [4 days]
<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Acute - EC50 - Marine water
Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>
17.921 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Reproduction
Chronic - NOEC - Marine water
Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa
4.995 mg/l [96 hours]
Effect: Reproduction
Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate
Age: <24 hours
100 μl/l [21 days]
Effect: Mortality
Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki</i> - Larvae
Age: 3 days
0.375 µl/l [12 weeks]
Effect: Morphology
Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

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		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> 2 mg/l [48 hours]
		Effect: Intoxication
2-Methyl-1-propanol		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Fish - Rainbow trout,donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
		Weight: 1.67 g
		1330 mg/l [96 hours]
		<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
		Acute - LC50 - Marine water
		Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina
		600 mg/l [48 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
		Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> <u>Age</u> : ≤24 hours
		4 mg/l [21 days]
		Effect: Reproduction
1-Butanol		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
1 Bulanoi		Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
		<u>Age</u> : 33 days; <u>Size</u> : 20.6 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.119 g
		1730 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
		Age: 6 to 24 hours
		1983 mg/l [48 hours]
		Effect: Intoxication
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
		<u>Age</u> : 32 days; <u>Size</u> : 18.4 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.095 g
		131 mg/l [96 hours] <u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Cellulose Nitrate		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
Cellulose Millale		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>
		579 mg/l [96 hours]
		<u>Effect</u> : Biochemistry
Xylene, mixed isomers		Acute - LC50 - Marine water
, Giene, mixed leemere		Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - <i>Palaemon pugio</i>
		8500 µg/l [48 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
		<u>Age</u> : 31 days; <u>Size</u> : 18.4 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.077 g
		13.4 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
Ethylbenzene		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
		4200 µg/l [96 hours]
		<u>Effect</u> : Mortality Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate
		Age: ≤24 hours
		2.93 mg/l [48 hours]
		Effect: Intoxication
		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
		Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>
		3600 μg/l [96 hours]
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Effect: Population

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name

Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer

Result OECD 7% [28 days]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Isobutylated Urea-	-	-	Not readily
Formaldehyde Polymer			
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High
Xylene, mixed isomers Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	8.1 to 25.9 10 to 2500	Low High
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition : Not available. coefficient

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact
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Section 13. Disposal considerations

with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
3	3	3	3	3
11	11	П	11	11
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-		<u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
128	128	128		
conside mode of suitably to ship of the p danger	er container sizes. Th of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of tran ment, and complianc person offering the pr rous goods must be to	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packaging e with the applicable oduct for transport. rained on all of the r	pping description ate that the produ g must be reviewe regulations is the People loading ar isks deriving from	for a particular ct is packaged ed for suitability prior e sole responsibility nd unloading
	Classification UN1263 PAINT 3 iiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiiii	ClassificationClassificationUN1263UN1263PAINTPAINT33Image: Solution of the person offering the product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).ERG No.ERG No.128Image: Solution of Classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).ERG No.Image: Solution of Classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).ERG No.Image: Solution of Classified as per the following sections of the Transport (sea, air, suitably for that mode of transpor	ClassificationClassificationUN1263UN1263PAINTPAINT33IIIIIIIINo.NoProduct classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).ERG No.ERG No.128II28For user:Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided i consider container sizes. The presence of a shi mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indic suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging to shipment, and compliance with the applicable of the person offering the product for transport. dangerous goods must be trained on all of the rained on all of the r	ClassificationClassificationUN1263UN1263UN1263PAINTPAINTPAINT333Image: Classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3)ERG No.I28I28

Proper shipping name : No

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations :

SARA 313

All data given below are MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES based on the product AS CURRENTLY FORMULATED and rely on information provided to us by our raw material suppliers. Our suppliers often provide an estimated value or range less than a certain upper limit. We calculate MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES using defined values, if provided, or the upper limit reported by our supplier. Additionally, the suppliers' information may include amounts present in the product as unintentional byproducts or impurities. Variations may occur in individual batches due to adjustments made during production. Reporting of chemicals in this section does not necessarily indicate their presence in the final formulated product.

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Lead (as Pb)	0.00003	
1-Butanol	4	71-36-3
Ethylbenzene	0.1	100-41-4
Polycyclic Aromatic Compounds	0.0003	

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

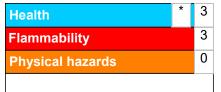
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	 Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.
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Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

	Classification Justification				
CARCINOGENICITY - Cat SPECIFIC TARGET ORG Category 3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 Calculation method				
History					
Date of printing	: 7/29/2025				
Date of issue/Date of revision	7/29/2025				
Date of previous issue	: 4/30/2025				
Version	: 39				
Key to abbreviations	to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations				

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.