SAFETY DATA SHEET

W115749

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater
Product code	: W115749
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material	

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer	: M. L. CAMPBELL 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
National contact	: M.L. CAMPBELL 224 Catherine Street Fort Erie, Ontario L2A 5M9
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 424-9300
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 364-1359
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 2.7% (oral), 22% (dermal), 17.8% (inhalation)
CHS label elements	
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)
Precautionary statements	

recautionary statements

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 4/30/2025	Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025	Version	: 35	1/27
W115749	MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat	Primer/Underc	oater		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	•

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	:	Ν
Other means of	:	Ν
identification		

: Mixture

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
n-Butyl Acetate	14.1	123-86-4
Calcium Carbonate	10.74	1317-65-3
Talc	10.37	14807-96-6
Acetone	6.78	67-64-1
Ethanol	6.11	64-17-5
2-Propanol	5.97	67-63-0
Ethyl Acetate	5.94	141-78-6
Titanium Dioxide	4.78	13463-67-7
Cellulose Nitrate	4.53	9004-70-0
1-Butanol	3.8	71-36-3
Cellulose Nitrate	2.71	9004-70-0
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	2.29	108-65-6
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	1.99	68002-18-6
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/30/2025 Date of pre	vious issue : 3/3/2025	Version : 35 2/27
W115749 MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

	- J	
2-Methyl-1-propanol	1.13	78-83-1
Xylene, mixed isomers	0.73	1330-20-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	0.39	64742-95-6
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	0.22	64742-82-1
trimethylbenzene	0.18	25551-13-7
Ethylbenzene	0.14	100-41-4
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	0.1	64742-48-9

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	:	Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health ef	<u>fects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Over-exposure signs/sy	nptoms

Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering rednessInhalation: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousnessSkin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occurIngestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains		
nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:	Eye contact	pain watering
pain or irritation redness blistering may occur Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:	Inhalation	nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo
	Skin contact	pain or irritation redness
	Ingestion	

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media			
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.		
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.		
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may on In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined and distance to a source of ignition and flash back.	e container may burst, with the than air and will spread along	
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materia carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	als:	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.		
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipmen apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positiv		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/30/2025 Date of previous issue : 3/3/2025	Version : 35 4/27	
W115749 MagnaClaw™ Pr	e-Cat Primer/Undercoater	SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Remark

: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel		No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders		If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions		Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	onta	inment and cleaning up
Small spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill		Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures :	Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general : occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

: 3/3/2025

Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	1	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any		Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
incompatibilities		area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
-		locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep
		container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been
		opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in
		unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental
		contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits(OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m ³ . STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m ³ .
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [calcium carbonate] TWA 10 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total. TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust. TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
Talc	14807-96-6	 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 250 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 590 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2400 mg/m ³ .
Ethanol	64-17-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1900 mg/m ³ . OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
ate of issue/Date of revision : 4/30/202	25 Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025 Version : 35 6/27

		TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.
2 Propagal	67-63-0	TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m ³ .
2-Propanol	07-03-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 980 mg/m ³ .
		STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 1225 mg/m ³ .
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 980 mg/m ³ .
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 1440 mg/m ³ .
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 1400 mg/m ³ .
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 1400 mg/m ³ .
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.
		TWA 8 hours: 2.5 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable
		fraction, finescale particles.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) NIA.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m ³ . Form: Total dust.
Cellulose Nitrate	9004-70-0	None.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) Absorbed through skin.
		CEIL: 50 ppm.
		CEIL: 150 mg/m^3 .
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m ³ .
Cellulose Nitrate	9004-70-0	None.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 6/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	68002-18-6	None.
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m ³ .
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 50 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 150 mg/m ³ .
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m ³ .
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p-
		xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
		A4. Ototoxicant.
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		[Xylenes]
	e of previous issue	: 3/3/2025 Version : 35 7/27
V115749 MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ .
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	64742-95-6	None.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	64742-82-1	None.
trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
•		[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
		TWA 8 hours: 10 ppm.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m ³ .
		STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m ³ .
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m ³ .
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	64742-48-9	None.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [butyl acetates] STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m ³ . OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm.
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate matter

acetone	67-64-1	TWA 8 hours: 2 fibers/cm ³ . CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: respirable aerosol fraction. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m ³ . Form: Respirable particulate. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
	07-04-1	 A Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1200 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 500 ppm.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) C3. STEV 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 1880 mg/m ³ .
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 400 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 15 minutes: 984 mg/m³.
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/30/2025 N115749 MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Underc	Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025 Version : 35 9/27 SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

		OEL 8 hours: 200 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 492 mg/m ³ .
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 15 ppm. C: 30 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 60 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 20 ppm.
sobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 152 mg/m³. OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 152 mg/m³.
ζylene	1330-20-7	 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) [Xylene] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada 4/2024) [xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Xylene] TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Dimethylbenzene] OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.

W115749 MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater

Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)
		STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		4/2024) Carc 2B.
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)
		C3.
		TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
		OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m ³ .
		OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m ³ .
		OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.
Acetone	67-64-1	STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name		Exposure indices			
Acetone			•	nited States, 1/2024) acetone [in urine]. Samplir ft.	Ig
2-Propanol			BEI: 40 mg/l, a	hited States, 1/2024) acetone [in urine]. Samplir ft at end of workweek.	ıg
Xylene, mixed isomers			(technical or c BEI: 0.3 g/g cr	hited States, 1/2024) [xyl ommercial grades)] reatinine, methylhippuric a bling time: end of shift.	
Ethylbenzene			BEI: 150 mg/g	nited States, 1/2024) creatinine, sum of mande Iglyoxylic acid [in urine].	elic
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/30/2025	Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025	Version : 35	11/27
V115749 MagnaClaw™ Pr	e-Cat Primer/Undercoa	ater		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	

Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Acetone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measure	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection		

-	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	: Liqui	d.		
Color	: Blac	Black.		
Odor	: Not a	available.		
Odor threshold	: Not a	available.		
рН	: Not a	applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not a	available.		
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	: 55°C	C (131°F)		
Flash point	: Clos	ed cup: -7°C (19.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	: Flam	imable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit		: Lower: 1.2% Upper: 19%		
Vapor pressure	: 24 k	Pa (180 mm Hg)		
Relative vapor density	: 1.5 [Air = 1]		
Relative density	: 1.16			
Density	: 1.15	g/cm ³		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media		Result		
cold water		Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not a	applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not a	available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not a	available.		
Date of issue/Date of revision W115749 MagnaClaw™ Pre		0/2025 Date of previous issue : 3/3/2025 Version : 35 er/Undercoater SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA	13/27	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Viscosity	: Dynamic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.	
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	: Not applicable.	
Heat of combustion	: 15.362 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Result
Rat - Oral - LD50 10768 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver - Other changes
Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
>17600 mg/kg
Rat - Oral - LD50
5800 mg/kg
<u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in
righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor
Rat - Oral - LD50
7 g/kg
Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
124700 mg/m³ [4 hours]
Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
12800 mg/kg
Rat - Oral - LD50
5000 mg/kg Toxic effects: Behavioral - General anesthetic
Rat - Oral - LD50
5620 mg/kg
Date of previous issue : 3/3/2025 Version : 35 14/27
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Cellulose Nitrate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>5 g/kg
1-Butanol	Rat - Oral - LD50
	790 mg/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and
	Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	3400 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	24000 mg/m ³ [4 hours]
Cellulose Nitrate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>5 g/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Rat - Oral - LD50
	8532 mg/kg Babbit Dormal LDE0
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	>5 g/kg Rat - Oral - LD50
Isobulyialed Orea-Formaldenyde Polyinei	>5 g/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Olfaction - Other changes Behavioral - Somnolence
	(general depressed activity) Behavioral - Food intake (animal)
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>5 g/kg
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, other
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Rat - Oral - LD50
	2460 mg/kg
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	3400 mg/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	19200 mg/m³ [4 hours]
Xylene, mixed isomers	Rat - Oral - LD50
	4300 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -
	Other changes
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.
	6700 ppm [4 hours]
	Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity)
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Rat - Oral - LD50
	8400 mg/kg <u>Toxic effects</u> : Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed
	activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other
	changes
trimethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50
	8970 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene	Rat - Oral - LD50
,	3500 mg/kg
	Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -
	Other changes
	Rabbit - Dermal - LD50
	>5000 mg/kg
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	Rat - Oral - LD50
	>6 g/kg
	Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor
	8500 mg/m³ [4 hours]
	<u>Toxic effects</u> : Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes

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Conclusion/Summary [Product] : N	ot available.
Skin corrosion/irritation	
Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl Acetate	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Talc	Human - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l
Acetone	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg
Ethanol	Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 400 mg Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
2-Propanol	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant
Titanium Dioxide	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Human - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours
1-Butanol	Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug l Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
Xylene, mixed isomers	Rat - Skin - Mild irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 8 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 60 uL Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 500 mg
trimethylbenzene	Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 100 % Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant <u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 24 hours <u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 500 mg
Ethylbenzene	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

Serious eye damage/eye irritation **Product/ingredient name** n-Butyl Acetate

Acetone

Result

Date of previous issue

Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg Human - Eyes - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/30/2025 W115749

MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater

: 3/3/2025

	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg
Ethanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	<u>Duration of treatment/exposure</u> : 0.0666666667 minutes
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
2-Propanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	<u>Amount/concentration applied</u> : 100 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg
1-Butanol	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 0.005 MI
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 1.62 mg
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
Xylene, mixed isomers	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg
	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL
trimethylbenzene	Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant
	Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Ethylbenzene	Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant
	Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not ava	ailable.
De su instante a sur a la su limitatione	
Respiratory corrosion/irritation	
Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not ava	ailable
, i totati	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	

 Date of issue/Date of revision
 : 4/30/2025
 Date of previous issue
 : 3/3/2025
 Version
 : 35
 17/27

 W115749
 MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater
 SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

Not available.

Skin Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Respiratory Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Germ cell mutagenicity Not available.	
Conclusion/Summary [Product]	: Not available.
Carcinogenicity Not available.	

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc	-	3	-
Ethanol	-	1	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)	
Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl Acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Calcium Carbonate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
Acetone	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Ethanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
2-Propanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Ethyl Acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3
1-Butanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/30/2025	Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025	Version	: 35	18/27
W115749	MagnaClaw™ Pre-0	Cat Primer/Underc	oater		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
2-Methyl-1-propanol	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Xylene, mixed isomers	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
•	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
-	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
	(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Result	
Talc	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1	
Xylene, mixed isomers	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1	
Ethylbenzene	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (RÉPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name

Xylene, mixed isomers Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Heavy Aliphatic Solvent trimethylbenzene Ethylbenzene Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha

Result

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/30/2025	Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025	Version	: 35	19/27
W115749	MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat	t Primer/Underc	oater		SHW-85-	-NA-GHS-CA	

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure **Potential immediate** : Not available. effects

Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	1	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	ecte	5

Not available.

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Reproductive toxicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater	31566.2	53941.6	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-Butyl Acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
2-Propanol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Acetate	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Butanol	2500	3400	N/A	24	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ate of issue/Date of revision : 4/30/2025 Date	of previous issue	: 3/3/202	25	Version : 35	5 20/27

W115749

: 4/30/2025 Date of previous issue

MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater

: 3/3/2025

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2-Methyl-1-propanol	2460	3400	N/A	N/A	N/A
Xylene, mixed isomers	4300	2500	N/A	N/A	N/A
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	8400	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
trimethylbenzene	500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Ethylbenzene	3500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.5	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>	
Product/ingredient name	Result
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
	<u>Age</u> : 31 to 32 days; <u>Size</u> : 21.6 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.175 g
	18 mg/l [96 hours]
	<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water
	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - <i>Artemia salina</i>
	32 mg/l [48 hours]
	<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
Acetone	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
	Algae - Green algae - <i>Selenastrum sp.</i>
	7200 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Population
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water
	Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>
	4.95 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Reproduction
	Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
	Crustaceans - Daphnia - <i>Daphniidae</i>
	0.016 ml/l [21 days] Effect: Deputation
	Effect: Population
	Chronic - NOEC - Marine water
	Fish - Threespine stickleback - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae
	<u>Age</u> : 7 days 5 μg/l [42 days]
	Effect: Population
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water
	ISO
	Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid
	4.42589 ml/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Guppy - <i>Poecilia reticulata</i>
	Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g
	5600 ppm [96 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
Ethanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
	42 mg/l [4 days]
	Effect: Mortality
	Acute - EC50 - Marine water
	Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>
	17.921 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Reproduction

		Chronic - NOEC - Marine water
		Algae - Green algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>
		4.995 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Reproduction
		Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate
		Age: <24 hours
		100 μl/l [21 days]
		<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
		Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
		Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki</i> - Larvae
		<u>Age</u> : 3 days
		0.375 µl/l [12 weeks]
		Effect: Morphology
		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
		2 mg/l [48 hours]
		Effect: Intoxication
2 Brononal		Acute - LC50 - Marine water
2-Propanol		
		Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - <i>Crangon crangon</i>
		1400 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality
		Effect: Mortality
		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Fish - Harlequinfish, red rasbora - <i>Rasbora heteromorpha</i>
		<u>Size</u> : 1 to 3 cm
		4200 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
Ethyl Acetate		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia cucullata</i>
		<u>Age</u> : 11 days
		154 mg/l [48 hours]
		<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
		Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
		Fish - Indian catfish - <i>Heteropneustes fossilis</i>
		<u>Size</u> : 14.16 cm; <u>Weight</u> : 25.54 g
		212.5 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
		Algae - Green algae - <i>Selenastrum sp.</i>
		2500 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Population
		Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
		Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo
		Age: <24 hours
		75.6 mg/l [32 days]
		Effect: Mortality
		Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
		Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
		<u>Age</u> : ≤24 hours
		2.4 mg/l [21 days] Effect: Mortolity
The law Director		Effect: Mortality
Titanium Dioxide		Acute - LC50 - Marine water
		Fish - Mummichog - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>
		>1000 mg/l [96 hours]
		Effect: Mortality
Cellulose Nitrate		Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
		Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/30/2025	Date of previous issue : 3/3/2025 Version : 35 22/27

Date of issue/Date of revision Version : 35 : 4/30/2025 Date of previous issue : 3/3/2025 W115749 MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater

	579 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Biochemistry
1-Butanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
	<u>Age</u> : 33 days; <u>Size</u> : 20.6 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.119 g 1730 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i>
	Age: 6 to 24 hours
	1983 mg/l [48 hours]
Callulada Nitrata	Effect: Intoxication
Cellulose Nitrate	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
	Algae - Green algae - <i>Raphidocelis subcapitata</i>
	579 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Biochemistry
2-Methyl-1-propanol	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
	<u>Weight</u> : 1.67 g
	1330 mg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
	Acute - LC50 - Marine water
	Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina
	600 mg/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Mortality Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water
	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Age: ≤24 hours
	<u>Age</u> . 524 nours 4 mg/l [21 days]
	Effect: Reproduction
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute - LC50 - Marine water
Aylene, mixed isomers	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemon pugio
	8500 μg/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Fathead minnow - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>
	<u>Age</u> : 31 days; <u>Size</u> : 18.4 mm; <u>Weight</u> : 0.077 g
	13.4 mg/l [96 hours]
	<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
trimethylbenzene	Acute - LC50 - Marine water
,	Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemon pugio
	5600 μg/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Mortality
Ethylbenzene	Acute - LC50 - Fresh water
	Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss
	4200 μg/l [96 hours]
	<u>Effect</u> : Mortality
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
	Daphnia - Water flea - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate
	<u>Age</u> : ≤24 hours
	2.93 mg/l [48 hours]
	Effect: Intoxication
	Acute - EC50 - Fresh water
	Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata
	3600 µg/l [96 hours]
	Effect: Population

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name

Result

Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer

OECD 7% [28 days]

Conclusion/Summary [Product] : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability	
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily	
Acetone	-	-	Readily	
Ethanol	-	-	Readily	
2-Propanol	-	-	Readily	
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily	
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily	
Isobutylated Urea-	-	_	Not readily	
Formaldehyde Polymer			,	
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	_	Readily	
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily	

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Acetate Xylene, mixed isomers Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	- - -	30 8.1 to 25.9 10 to 2500 10 to 2500 10 to 2500	Low Low High High High
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	-	10 10 2500	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/Water partition : Not available. coefficient

Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/30/2025	Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025	Version	: 35	24/27
W115749	MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat	Primer/Underco	pater		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 13. Disposal considerations

inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	11		11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	- ERG No. 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). ERG No. 128	- <u>ERG No.</u> 128		Emergency schedules E
pecial precautions ansport in bulk ac	consid mode suitabl to ship of the dangei and on	nodal shipping descrip er container sizes. Th of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of tran ment, and compliance person offering the pr rous goods must be tr all actions in case of	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packaging e with the applicable oduct for transport. rained on all of the r	pping description ate that the produ g must be reviewe regulations is the People loading an isks deriving from	for a particular ct is packaged ed for suitability prior e sole responsibility ed unloading

Proper shipping name : Not av

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

International lists	 Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Justification
On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Date of issue/Date of	: 4/30/2025
revision	
Date of previous issue	: 3/3/2025
Version	: 35

Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
	BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
	GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
	IATA = International Air Transport Association
	IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
	IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
	LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
	MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
	as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
	N/A = Not available
	SGG = Segregation Group
	UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.