SAFETY DATA SHEET

F5565

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Crackle Lacquer	
Product code	: F5565	
Other means of identification	: Not available.	
Product type	: Liquid.	
Relevant identified uses of th	e substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Paint or paint related material.		

Manufacturer	: M. L. CAMPBELL 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: (800) 424-9300
Product Information Telephone Number	: (800) 364-1359
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 43.9% (dermal), 38.5% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
n-Butyl Acetate	≥25 - ≤50	123-86-4
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≥10 - ≤25	68410-97-9
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	≥10 - ≤21	108-10-1
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
Cellulose Nitrate	≤10	9004-70-0
2-Propanol	≤10	67-63-0
Ethyl Acetate	≤10	141-78-6
Fumed Amorphous Silica	≤5	112945-52-5
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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

1-Butanol	≤5	71-36-3
Dibutyl Phthalate	≤3	84-74-2

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures			
Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.		
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.		
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.		
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.		

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/	/symptoms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immedia	ate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides			
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ont	ainment and cleaning up
Small spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	:	Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible

plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 10 hours.STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.STEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes.OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 710 mg/m³ 8 hours.ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Butyacetates all isomers]STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours.TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	68410-97-9 108-10-1	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Cellulose Nitrate 2-Propanol	9004-70-0 67-63-0	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 980 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 1225 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).

		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 980 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 1440 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 400 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 1400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Fumed Amorphous Silica	112945-52-5	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		[SILICA, AMORPHOUS]
		TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		Absorbed through skin.
		CEIL: 50 ppm
		CEIL: 150 mg/m ³
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
,		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetates (all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetates (all isomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
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		 15 min OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 307 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 984 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 492 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 400 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. C: 30 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 152 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
n-Dibutyl phthalate	84-74-2	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

		 CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 400 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 400 ppm 8 hours.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Dibutyl Phthalate	84-74-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 1 mg/l, methyl isobutyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
2-Propanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 2 mg/L, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	 Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	sures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being

 Body protection
 : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance Rhysical stat

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Physical state	:	Liquid.			
Color	:	Not available.			
Odor	:	Not available.			
Odor threshold	:	Not available.			
рН	:	Not applicable.			
Melting point/freezing point	1	Not available.			
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	70°C (158°F)			
Flash point	:	Closed cup: -7°C (19.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]			
Evaporation rate	1	3.91 (butyl acetate = 1)			
Flammability	:	Flammable liquid.			
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 13.1%			
Vapor pressure	:	13.3 kPa (100 mm Hg)			
Relative vapor density	1	2.07 [Air = 1]			
Relative density	:	0.91			
Solubility(ies)	:				
Media		Result			
cold water		Not soluble			
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	1	Not applicable.			
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.			
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.			
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)			
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.			
Heat of combustion	:	26.551 kJ/g			

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	:	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	:	The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Conditions to avoid	:	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	:	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	5.17 g/kg	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Cellulose Nitrate	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-Propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
Ethyl Acetate	LD50 Oral	Rat	5620 mg/kg	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Dibutyl Phthalate	LD50 Oral	Rat	7499 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
2-Propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
2-Propanol	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Ethyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
			irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
1-Butanol	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute nealth effec	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
nhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ngestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef Short term exposure	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Potential immediate	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential immediate	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<mark>Potential chronic health e</mark> Not available.	ffects
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Feratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapors)	8277.3 mg/kg 58027.4 mg/kg 51.19 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	33 days
2-Propanol	Acute EC50 7550 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rasbora heteromorpha	96 hours
Ethyl Acetate	Acute EC50 2500000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
-	Acute LC50 750000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pulex	48 hours
	Acute LC50 154000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 212500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Heteropneustes fossilis	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 75.6 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo	32 days
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Dibutyl Phthalate	Acute LC50 0.21 µg/l	Algae - Scenedesmus acutus var. acutus	96 hours
	Acute LC50 0.87 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Americamysis</i> bahia	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2.55 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 731 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 µg/l	Algae - <i>Scenedesmus sp.</i> - Exponential growth phase	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.07 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.046 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Salvelinus fontinalis</i> - Yearling	233 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone 2-Propanol		-	Readily Readily
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	-	10 to 2500 30	High	
Ethyl Acetate Dibutyl Phthalate	-	165.96	Low Low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : Not available. coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	11	Ш	II	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class	-	-	Emergency schedules E

		3).			
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
pecial precautio	ns for user · M	ulti-modal shipping d	escriptions are provide	d for informational r	urposes and do not
			escriptions are provide es. The presence of a s		
	m	ode of transport (sea	i, air, etc.), does not in	dicate that the produ	ict is packaged
			of transport. All packag		,
			bliance with the applica		
			he product for transpo t be trained on all of th		
			ise of emergency situa		
ansport in bulk		available.	<i>.</i> ,		
IMO instrument	-				
		per shipping name	: Not available		
testion 45	Pro	oper shipping name			
Section 15.	Pro	oper shipping name y informatio			
Section 15. SARA 313	Pro				
SARA 313	Regulator	y informatio		<u>.</u>	
<mark>SARA 313</mark> SARA 313 (40 C	Pro Regulator FR 372.45) supplie	y informatio	n	<u>.</u>	
SARA 313 SARA 313 (40 C California Prop.	Pro Regulator FR 372.45) supplie	y information	n found on the Environm	ental Data Sheet.	birth defects or other
SARA 313 SARA 313 (40 C California Prop.	FR 372.45) supplie	y information	n	ental Data Sheet.	birth defects or other
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SARA 313 SARA 313 (40 C California Prop. WARNING: This reproductive har International ree Montreal Proto Not listed. Stockholm Cor Not listed.	Pro Regulatory FR 372.45) supplie 65 s product contains m. gulations col	y information er notification can be chemicals known to t	n found on the Environm the State of California t	ental Data Sheet. o cause cancer and	birth defects or other
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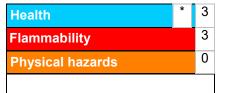
: 1/23/2024

Date of previous issue

: 9/13/2023

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3	Calculation method
SPEČIFÍC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

History

<u>Instory</u>	
Date of printing	: 1/23/2024
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Date of previous issue	: 9/13/2023
Version	: 22
Key to abbreviations	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.