# SAFETY DATA SHEET

B115749

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater

Black

Product code : B115749

Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : M. L. CAMPBELL

101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company

: (800) 424-9300

Product Information Telephone Number

: (800) 364-1359

**Transportation Emergency** 

: (800) 424-9300

Telephone Number

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** 

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 2.7%

(oral), 22.5% (dermal), 18.3% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

### **Precautionary statements**

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### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

# Storage Disposal

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Contains Formaldehyde - a potential cancer hazard. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture
Other means of
identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	Identifiers
n-Butyl Acetate	≥10 - ≤25	123-86-4
Calcium Carbonate	≤13	1317-65-3
Talc	≥10 - ≤25	14807-96-6
Acetone	≥10 - ≤25	67-64-1
Ethanol	≤10	64-17-5
2-Propanol	≤10	67-63-0
Ethyl Acetate	≤10	141-78-6
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	≤10	108-65-6
Cellulose Nitrate	≤5	9004-70-0
1-Butanol	≤4.8	71-36-3
Cellulose Nitrate	≤5	9004-70-0
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer	≤3	68002-18-6
Carbon Black	≤3	1333-86-4

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients		
2-Methyl-1-propanol	≤1.4	78-83-1
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.3	64742-95-6
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	≤0.3	64742-82-1
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

Inhalation

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns

must be treated promptly by a physician.

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that

fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed

person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth

physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do

so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway.

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Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

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### Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders**: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

# Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

# **Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Flammable liquid.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Absorb with an inert material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Contains a formaldehyde-based resin which, under certain conditions of use, may release formaldehyde. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [Butyl acetates]  STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)  TWA 10 hours: 150 ppm.  TWA 10 hours: 710 mg/m³.  STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)  TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 710 mg/m³.
Calcium Carbonate	1317-65-3	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) [calcium carbonate]  TWA 10 hours: 10 mg/m³. Form: Total.  TWA 10 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)  TWA 8 hours: 15 mg/m³. Form: Total dust.  TWA 8 hours: 5 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
Talc	14807-96-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable fraction.
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 250 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 590 mg/m³. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 2400 mg/m³.
Ethanol	64-17-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) TWA 10 hours: 1000 ppm. TWA 10 hours: 1900 mg/m³. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)

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		TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.
2 Drangal	67-63-0	TWA 8 hours: 1900 mg/m³.
2-Propanol	07-03-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A4. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 980 mg/m³.
		STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 1225 mg/m³.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 980 mg/m³.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 1440 mg/m³.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 1400 mg/m³.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 1400 mg/m³.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 6/2024)
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	100-03-0	TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
Cellulose Nitrate	9004-70-0	None.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		Absorbed through skin.
		CEIL: 50 ppm.
		CEIL: 150 mg/m³.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
0.11.1.11.11	0004 70 0	TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³.
Cellulose Nitrate	9004-70-0	None.
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer Carbon Black	68002-18-6 1333-86-4	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.
Calbuit black	1333-00-4	TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable
		fraction.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020) NIA.
		TWA 10 hours: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
		TWA 10 hours: 0.1 mg/m³ (as cyclohexane-
		extractable fraction).
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³.
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 152 mg/m³.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)
		TWA 10 hours: 50 ppm.
		TWA 10 hours: 150 mg/m³.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 300 mg/m³.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) [p-
7.7.2.10, 111/104 100111010	.000 20 1	xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
		A4. Ototoxicant.
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Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Heavy Aliphatic Solvent Ethylbenzene	64742-95-6 64742-82-1 100-41-4	TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)  [Xylenes]  TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.  None.  None.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2024) A3.  Ototoxicant.  TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020)  TWA 10 hours: 100 ppm.  TWA 10 hours: 435 mg/m³.  STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 545 mg/m³.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018)  TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 435 mg/m³.
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### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)  STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) [butyl acetate, all isomers]  STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) [butyl acetates, all isomers]  STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [butyl acetates]  STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm.  TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)  OEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.  OEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³.  OEL 8 hours: 150 ppm.  OEL 8 hours: 713 mg/m³.
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: respirable fraction.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable. Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)  TWA 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate matter  TWA 8 hours: 2 fibers/cm³.

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acetone	67-64-1	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: respirable aerosol fraction.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 2 mg/m³. Form: Respirable particulate.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021) STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019) TWA 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) TWAEV 8 hours: 250 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 500 ppm. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 1200 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 1800 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)  STEL 15 minutes: 1250 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 1000 ppm.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)  STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)  STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)  C3.  STEV 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)  OEL 8 hours: 1000 ppm.  OEL 8 hours: 1880 mg/m³.
Isopropyl alcohol	67-63-0	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)  STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024)  TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)  TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.  STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)  TWAEV 8 hours: 200 ppm.  STEV 15 minutes: 400 ppm.  STEV 15 minutes: 400 ppm.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)  OEL 15 minutes: 984 mg/m³.  OEL 8 hours: 200 ppm.

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		OEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 492 mg/m³.
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		<b>4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 30 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		4/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 15 ppm.
		C: 30 ppm. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
		TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)
		TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
		OEL 8 hours: 60 mg/m³.
		OEL 8 hours: 20 ppm.
Carbon black	1333-86-4	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		4/2021)
		STEL 15 minutes: 7 mg/m³. TWA 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m³.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		<b>4/2024)</b> Carc 2B.
		TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
		TWA 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: Inhalable particulate matter
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)
		C3.
		TWAEV 8 hours: 3 mg/m³. Form: inhalable
		aerosol fraction.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) OEL 8 hours: 3.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> .
Isobutyl alcohol	78-83-1	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		<b>4/2021)</b> STEL 15 minutes: 60 ppm.
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		4/2024)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
		TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)
		TWAEV 8 hours: 50 ppm.
		TWAEV 8 hours: 152 mg/m³.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)
		OEL 8 hours: 50 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 152 mg/m³.
Xylene	1330-20-7	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		4/2021) [Xylene]
		STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		4/2024) [xylene (o, m & p isomers)]
		TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.
		STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)
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		[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024) [Xylene] TWAEV 8 hours: 100 ppm. TWAEV 8 hours: 434 mg/m³. STEV 15 minutes: 150 ppm. STEV 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023) [Dimethylbenzene] OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 651 mg/m³. OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OEL 15 minutes: 150 ppm. OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 4/2021)  STEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.  TWA 8 hours: 100 ppm.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 4/2024) Carc 2B.  TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019)  TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 2/2024)  C3.  TWAEV 8 hours: 20 ppm.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 3/2023)  OEL 8 hours: 100 ppm.  OEL 8 hours: 434 mg/m³.  OEL 15 minutes: 543 mg/m³.  OEL 15 minutes: 125 ppm.

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.
Acetone	67-64-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 500 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 750 ppm.
Ethanol	64-17-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A3. STEL 15 minutes: 1000 ppm.
2-Propanol	67-63-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) A4. TWA 8 hours: 200 ppm. STEL 15 minutes: 400 ppm.
Ethyl Acetate	141-78-6	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 400 ppm.
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 20 ppm.
2-Methyl-1-propanol	78-83-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm.

### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

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Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024)  BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
2-Propanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 40 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) [xylenes (technical or commercial grades)] BEI: 0.3 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2024) BEI: 150 mg/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Canada)**

No exposure indices known.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices	
Acetone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.	
2-Propanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)  BEI: 40 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.	

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before

> eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety

showers are close to the workstation location.

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk **Eye/face protection** 

assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be

worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the

protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being **Body protection** 

performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected Other skin protection

based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a

specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the

appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important

aspects of use.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### **Appearance**

**Physical state** : Liquid. Color : Black.

Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** : Not available. : Not applicable. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available. **Boiling point or initial** : 55°C (131°F)

boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point : Closed cup: -11°C (12.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1) **Flammability** : Flammable liquid.

Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 1.2% limit/flammability limit

**Upper:** 19%

Vapor pressure : 24 kPa (180 mm Hg)

Relative vapor density : 1.5 [Air = 1]

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

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Relative density : 1.1

Density : 1.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

Solubility(ies)

MediaResultcold waterNot soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (>20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size: Not applicable.Heat of combustion: 16.832 kJ/g

### Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity** 

Acetone

Product/ingredient name Result

n-Butyl Acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

10768 mg/kg

<u>Toxic effects</u>: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other changes Liver -

Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>17600 mg/kg **Rat - Oral - LD50** 

**Rat - Oral - LD5** 5800 mg/kg

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Toxic effects: Behavioral - Altered sleep time (including change in

righting reflex) Behavioral - Tremor

Rat - Oral - LD50 Ethanol

7 g/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

124700 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours]

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50 2-Propanol

> 12800 mg/kg Rat - Oral - LD50 5000 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - General anesthetic

Ethyl Acetate Rat - Oral - LD50

5620 mg/kg

Rat - Oral - LD50 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

8532 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Cellulose Nitrate Rat - Oral - LD50

>5 g/kg

1-Butanol Rat - Oral - LD50

790 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Fatty liver degeneration Kidney, Ureter, and

Bladder - Other changes Blood - Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

3400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

24000 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours]

Rat - Oral - LD50

>5 g/kg

Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer Rat - Oral - LD50

>5 g/kg

Toxic effects: Olfaction - Other changes Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Food intake (animal)

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5 g/kg

Toxic effects: Skin After systemic exposure - Dermatitis, other

Carbon Black Rat - Oral - LD50

>15400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed

activity)

2-Methyl-1-propanol Rat - Oral - LD50

2460 mg/kg

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

3400 mg/kg

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Vapor

19200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> [4 hours] Rat - Oral - LD50

4300 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -

Other changes

Rat - Inhalation - LC50 Gas.

6700 ppm [4 hours]

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed

activity)

Rat - Oral - LD50 Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

8400 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed

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Xylene, mixed isomers

Cellulose Nitrate

activity) Behavioral - Tremor Lung, Thorax, or Respiration - Other

changes

Rat - Oral - LD50 Ethylbenzene

3500 mg/kg

Toxic effects: Liver - Other changes Kidney, Ureter, and Bladder -

Other changes

Rabbit - Dermal - LD50

>5000 mg/kg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Product/ingredient name Result

n-Butyl Acetate Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Talc Human - Skin - Mild irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 72 hours Amount/concentration applied: 300 ug I

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant Acetone

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 395 mg

Ethanol Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

> Amount/concentration applied: 400 mg Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

2-Propanol Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg 1-Butanol

Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Rat - Skin - Mild irritant Xylene, mixed isomers

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 8 hours Amount/concentration applied: 60 uL Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Skin - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 %

Rabbit - Skin - Mild irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 15 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Ethylbenzene

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**Product/ingredient name** Result

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n-Butyl Acetate Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

**Human - Eyes - Mild irritant** Acetone

Amount/concentration applied: 186300 ppm

Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 10 uL Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 20 mg

Ethanol Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 0.06666667 minutes

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Moderate irritant Amount/concentration applied: 10 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 100 mg

1-Butanol Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 2 mg Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 0.005 MI

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 1.62 mg

Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Xylene, mixed isomers Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

Amount/concentration applied: 87 mg

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant

Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 5 mg

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Rabbit - Eyes - Mild irritant

> Duration of treatment/exposure: 24 hours Amount/concentration applied: 100 uL

Rabbit - Eyes - Severe irritant Ethylbenzene

Amount/concentration applied: 500 mg

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Respiratory corrosion/irritation

Not available.

2-Propanol

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

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### Respiratory or skin sensitization

Not available.

Skin

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Respiratory

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc	-	3	-
Ethanol	-	1	-
2-Propanol	-	3	-
Carbon Black	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name Result

n-Butyl Acetate SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Calcium Carbonate SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

Acetone SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Ethanol SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) 2-Propanol

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) Ethyl Acetate

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

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(Narcotic effects) - Category 3
1-Butanol SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

2-Methyl-1-propanol SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Xylene, mixed isomers SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Heavy Aliphatic Solvent SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

Ethylbenzene SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)

(Narcotic effects) - Category 3

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

### Product/ingredient name Result

Talc SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) (lungs) - Category 1

Xylene, mixed isomers SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Heavy Aliphatic Solvent SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) (central nervous system (CNS)) - Category 1

Ethylbenzene SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

EXPOSURE) - Category 2

#### **Aspiration hazard**

### Product/ingredient name Result

Xylene, mixed isomers

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons

Heavy Aliphatic Solvent

Ethylbenzene

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

#### Information on the likely routes of exposure

Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

Inhalation : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or

dizziness.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

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**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

**General**: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

**Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater	30777.0	52177.8	N/A	N/A	N/A
n-Butyl Acetate	10768	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Acetone	5800	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethanol	7000	N/A	N/A	124.7	N/A
2-Propanol	5000	12800	N/A	N/A	N/A
Ethyl Acetate	5620	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	8532	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Butanol	2500	3400	N/A	24	N/A

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#### Section 11. Toxicological information 2-Methyl-1-propanol 3400 N/A N/A N/A Xylene, mixed isomers 4300 2500 N/A N/A N/A Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons 8400 N/A N/A N/A N/A 11 Ethylbenzene 3500 N/A N/A N/A

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name

n-Butyl Acetate

Acetone

Ethanol

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#### Result

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas*Age: 31 to 32 days; <u>Size</u>: 21.6 mm; <u>Weight</u>: 0.175 g

18 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina

32 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Selenastrum sp.

7200 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Algae - Green algae - *Ulva pertusa* 

4.95 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water Crustaceans - Daphnia - Daphniidae

0.016 ml/l [21 days] Effect: Population

**Chronic - NOEC - Marine water** 

Fish - Threespine stickleback - Gasterosteus aculeatus - Larvae

Age: 7 days 5 μg/l [42 days] Effect: Population

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

ISO

Crustaceans - Calanoid copepod - Acartia tonsa - Copepodid

4.42589 ml/l [48 hours]

Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Guppy - Poecilia reticulata

Age: 4 to 12 months; Size: 2 to 10 cm; Weight: 0.5 to 14 g

5600 ppm [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss

42 mg/l [4 days] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Marine water

Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa

17.921 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction

Chronic - NOEC - Marine water Algae - Green algae - Ulva pertusa

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4.995 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Reproduction

**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** 

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate

Age: <24 hours 100 µl/l [21 days] Effect: Mortality

**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** 

Fish - Eastern mosquitofish - Gambusia holbrooki - Larvae

Age: 3 days

0.375 µl/l [12 weeks] Effect: Morphology

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

2 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Common shrimp, sand shrimp - Crangon crangon

1400 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Harlequinfish, red rasbora - Rasbora heteromorpha

Size: 1 to 3 cm 4200 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia cucullata

Age: 11 days 154 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Indian catfish - Heteropneustes fossilis

Size: 14.16 cm; Weight: 25.54 g

212.5 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Selenastrum sp.

2500 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** 

Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas - Embryo

Age: <24 hours 75.6 mg/l [32 days] Effect: Mortality

**Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water** 

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

Age: ≤24 hours 2.4 mg/l [21 days] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata

579 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Biochemistry

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - Pimephales promelas Age: 33 days; Size: 20.6 mm; Weight: 0.119 g

1730 mg/l [96 hours]

2-Propanol

Ethyl Acetate

Cellulose Nitrate

1-Butanol

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2-Methyl-1-propanol

Xylene, mixed isomers

Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

Age: 6 to 24 hours 1983 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Intoxication

Cellulose Nitrate Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata

579 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Biochemistry

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss

Weight: 1.67 g 1330 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Brine shrimp - Artemia salina

600 mg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Chronic - NOEC - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna

Age: ≤24 hours 4 mg/l [21 days] Effect: Reproduction

Acute - LC50 - Marine water

Crustaceans - Daggerblade grass shrimp - Palaemon pugio

8500 µg/l [48 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Fathead minnow - *Pimephales promelas* Age: 31 days; <u>Size</u>: 18.4 mm; <u>Weight</u>: 0.077 g

13.4 mg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Ethylbenzene Acute - LC50 - Fresh water

Fish - Rainbow trout, donaldson trout - Oncorhynchus mykiss

4200 μg/l [96 hours] Effect: Mortality

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Daphnia - Water flea - Daphnia magna - Neonate

<u>Age</u>: ≤24 hours 2.93 mg/l [48 hours] <u>Effect</u>: Intoxication

Acute - EC50 - Fresh water

Algae - Green algae - Raphidocelis subcapitata

3600 µg/l [96 hours] Effect: Population

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]**: Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name

Result
Isobutylated Urea-Formaldehyde Polymer

OECD
7% [28 days]

**Conclusion/Summary [Product]** : Not available.

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Ethanol	-	-	Readily
2-Propanol	-	-	Readily
Ethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
Isobutylated Urea-	-	-	Not readily
Formaldehyde Polymer			
2-Methyl-1-propanol	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Ethyl Acetate	-	30	Low
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/Water partition coefficient

: Not available.

#### Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	П	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	_	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

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**Proper shipping name** : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**U.S. Federal regulations SARA 313** 

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MagnaClaw™ Pre-Cat Primer/Undercoater Black

## Section 15. Regulatory information

All data given below are MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES based on the product AS CURRENTLY FORMULATED and rely on information provided to us by our raw material suppliers. Our suppliers often provide an estimated value or range less than a certain upper limit. We calculate MAXIMUM THEORETICAL VALUES using defined values, if provided, or the upper limit reported by our supplier. Additionally, the suppliers' information may include amounts present in the product as unintentional byproducts or impurities. Variations may occur in individual batches due to adjustments made during production. Reporting of chemicals in this section does not necessarily indicate their presence in the final formulated product.

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Lead (as Pb)	0.000006	
1-Butanol	4	71-36-3
Ethylbenzene	0.1	100-41-4

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### International regulations

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists

: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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## **Section 16. Other information**

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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