SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	: Resutile Wall Hardener	
Product code	: TIWLA	
1.2 Relevant identified us	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Material uses	: Paint or paint related material.	
	: Industrial use only.	
1.3 Details of the supplier sheet	of the safety data	
Sherwin-Williams UK Limit	ad Bratastiva & Marina	
Coatings Division EMEAI		
Tower Works		
Kestor Street		
Bolton		
BL2 2AL United Kingdom		
+44 (0) 1204 521771		
The Sherwin-Williams Con	ipany	
Inver France SAS 2 Rue Jean Revaus - BP 8	0088 - 79102	
Thouars CEDEX	0000 - 73102	
France		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS		
1.4 Emergency telephone	number	
National advisory body/P		
Telephone number		
<u>Supplier</u>		
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200 418	
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day	
nours of operation	. Energency contact available 24 nours a day	
SECTION 2: Hazards i	dentification	
2.1 Classification of the su	ubstance or mixture	
Product definition	: Mixture	
	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		
Acute Tox. 4, H332		
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		
Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens, 1, H317		
Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335		
STOT RE 2, H373		
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19, Jan, 2024 Date of previous issue : 21, Sep, 2023 Version : 11	1/18

SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-GB

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended. See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above. See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Harmful if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	<u>i</u>
Prevention	 Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not breathe vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	: xylene hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Supplemental label elements	 Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
Special packaging require	ements
Not applicable.	
2.3 Other hazards	
	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

:

3.2 Mixture

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥50 - ≤75	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 4.625 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Xylene, mixed isomers	REACH #: 01-2119488216-32 EC: 215-535-7 CAS: 1330-20-7 Index: 601-022-00-9	≥10 - ≤25	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (gases)] = 6700 ppm	[1] [2]
Ethylbenzene	REACH #: 01-2119489370-35 EC: 202-849-4 CAS: 100-41-4 Index: 601-023-00-4	≤3	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT RE 2, H373 (hearing organs) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	REACH #: 01-2119457571-37 EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index: 615-011-00-1	≤0.41	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.005 mg/l Resp. Sens. 1, H334: $C \ge 0.5\%$ Skin Sens. 1, H317: $C \ge 0.5\%$	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19, Jan, 2024	Date of previous issue	:21, Sep, 2023	Version : 11	3/18

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer, hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures				
5.1 Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray or mist.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
5.2 Special hazards arising	from the substance or mixture			
Hazards from the substance or mixture	 Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. 			
Hazardous combustion	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide,			

Products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19, Jan, 2024	Date of previous issue	:21, Sep, 2023	Version : 11	4/18

Resutile Wall Hardener		
TIWLA		
SECTION 5: Firefighting	sures	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	ol closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not releas ins or watercourses.	se runoff from fire to
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	e-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breat CBA) and full turnout gear.	hing apparatus
SECTION 6: Accidental	e measures	
6.1 Personal precautions, pre	e equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	clude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breath fer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	ing vapour or mist.
	ep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.	
For emergency responders	pecialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take ormation in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. S ormation in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product con ers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordar ulations.	
6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up	ntain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent m th, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container cording to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suita ntaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable e possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume anol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,8 ution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carboo ter (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants veral days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. ched, close container and dispose of according to local regu	for disposal ble container. The ble decontaminant. e): water (45 parts), 80) ammonia nate (5 parts) and and let stand for Once this stage is

6.4 Reference to other sections See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

handlingavoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO2 will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.	7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimise exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurisation. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

	 Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour concentration has fallen below the exposure limits.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.

solutions

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values	
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 12/2011). Skin sensitiser. STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as NCO) 8 hours. EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.	
Date of issue/Date of revision : 19, Jan, 2024		6/18

Resutile Wall Hardener

TIWLA

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [xylene, o-,m-,
p- or mixed isomers] Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 441 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 220 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed
through skin.
STEL: 552 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWA: 441 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [isocyanates,
all, except methyl isocyanate as -NCO] Inhalation sensitiser.
STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 15 minutes.
TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as -NCO) 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name Exposure indices		Exposure indices
xylene		EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018) [Xylene, o-, m-, p- or mixed isomers] BGV: 650 mmol/mol creatinine, methyl hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.
Recommended monitoring procedures	European Stand assessment of values and mea atmospheres - of exposure to of (Workplace atm for the measure documents for required.	uld be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: dard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit asurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 nospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be

: Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m ³	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	550 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
Xylene, mixed isomers	DNEL	Long term Dermal	212 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-GB

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	•			
DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Inhalation	221 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	289 mg/m³	Workers	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	442 mg/m³	Workers	Local
DNEL	Long term	65.3 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
DNEL	Short term Inhalation	260 mg/m³	General	Local
DNEL	Short term	174 mg/m³	General	Systemic
DNEL	Long term Oral	1.5 mg/kg	General population	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water Marine water	0.635 mg/kg	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.0635 mg/l 3.29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment Soil	0.329 mg/kg 0.29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant		

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)
	: Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.
Individual protection measu	ires
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Gloves	:

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min): Nitrile >0.35 mm
	Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals.
	For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min): Use PE laminate gloves as under gloves.
	Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.
	The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.
	Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.
	Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	: Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 19, Jan, 2024	Date of previous issue	: 21, Sep, 2023
Odour	: Characterist	ic.	
Colour	: Colourless.		
Physical state	: Liquid.		
<u>Appearance</u>			

SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-GB

. 9

SECTION 9: Physical and	nical properties	
Odour threshold	Not available.	
рН	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
	insoluble in water.	
Melting point/freezing point	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	136°C	
Flash point	Closed cup: 38°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	Flammable liquid.	
Lower and upper explosion limit	LEL: 1% (Xylene, mixed isomers) UEL: 13.1% (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)	
Vapour pressure	0.95 kPa (7.1 mm Hg)	
Relative vapour density	3.66 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	1.06	
Solubility(ies)		
Media	Result	
cold water	Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n-octan water	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Auto-ignition temperature	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Decomposition temperature	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C): <20.5 mm²/s	
Explosive properties	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions v	
Oxidising properties	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions v	vill not occur.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
9.2 Other information		
Heat of combustion	7.485 kJ/g	
SECTION 10: Stability an	•	
10.1 Reactivity	product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carb	on dioxide.
10.2 Chemical stability	ble under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Sect	ion 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	osed containers, pressure build-up could result in distortion, expan eme cases, bursting of the container.	sion and, in
10.4 Conditions to avoid	fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.	

10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

10.6 Hazardous : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, decomposition products carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitisation of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitised persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer, hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m³	1 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Dermal	10381.03 mg/kg	
Inhalation (gases)	63229.92 ppm	
Inhalation (vapours)	586.67 mg/l	
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	1.09 mg/l	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	s Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 milligrams	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 milligrams	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
Date of issue/Date of revision : 1	19, Jan, 2024 Date of p	previous issue	21, Sep, 2023	Version	:11 11/18
				SHW-A4-EL	J-CLP44-GB

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Sensitisation

No data available

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2		hearing organs

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours 🥄
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene	-		-		Readily Readily	

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	-	8.1 to 25.9 57.63	Low 🥄 Low

12.4 Mobility in soilSoil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc): Not available.Mobility: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: waste isocyanates 08 05 01*
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralised with a decontaminant (see section 6). Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
<u>Packaging</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10*
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	Ш	Ш	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Date of issue/Date of rev	ision : 19, Jan, 2024 D	Date of previous issue : 21, Sep, 2023	Version : 11 14/ SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-GB

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II Resutile Wall Hardener TIWLA				
SECTION 14: Transport information				
Additional information	Tunnel code D/E	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E	-	

14.6 Special precautions for : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in user the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in	: Not applicable.
bulk according to IMO	
instruments	

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name				%	Designation [Usage]
Resutile Wall Hardener				≥90	3
hexamethylene-di-isocyana	te			≤0.41	74
toluene				≤0.1	48
Labelling	:	profe	m August 24 2023 adequate trainir ssional use. ng advice www.safeusediisocyanat		ore industrial or
<u>)ther EU regulations</u>			5		
VOC content (2010/75/EU)	:	25 266	w/w g/l		
Explosive precursors	:	Not a	pplicable.		
Seveso Directive					
This product may add to the major accident hazards.	ca	lculatio	n for determining whether a site is	within the scope	of the Seveso Directive on
2 Chemical safety	:	No Cł	emical Safety Assessment has be	en carried out.	

SECTION 16: Other information

indicates information that has shanged norm providedly located version.	\checkmark	Indicates information	that has changed from	previously issued version.
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Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative N/A = Not available
Key literature references and sources for data	 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classifica	tion	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226		On basis of test data	
Acute Tox. 4, H332		Calculation method	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315		Calculation method	
Eye Irrit. 2, H319		Calculation method	
Skin Sens. 1, H317		Calculation method	
STOT SE 3, H335		Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373		Calculation method	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304		Calculation method	
Full text of abbreviated H :	Н225 Н	ighly flammable liquid and vapour.	
statements		ammable liquid and vapour.	
		armful if swallowed.	
	H304 N	ay be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.	
	H312 H	armful in contact with skin.	
	H315 C	auses skin irritation.	
H317 May ca		cause an allergic skin reaction.	
H319 Causes		ses serious eye irritation.	
H330 Fatal if		l if inhaled.	
	H332 H	armful if inhaled.	
		ay cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if haled.	
	H335 N	ay cause respiratory irritation.	
	H336 N	ay cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
		ay cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated processes with the second	
		armful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	Flam. Liq. 2FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS -Flam. Liq. 3FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS -Resp. Sens. 1RESPIRATORY SENSITSkin Irrit. 2SKIN CORROSION/IRRSkin Sens. 1SKIN SENSITISATION -STOT RE 2SPECIFIC TARGET OREXPOSURE - Category 2	egory 4 C) AQUATIC HAZARD - - Category 1 E/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 - Category 2 - Category 3 TISATION - Category 1 ITATION - Category 2 - Category 1 GAN TOXICITY - REPEATED 2 GAN TOXICITY - SINGLE
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	 If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information. 	
Version	: 11	

Notice to reader

In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safetv data sheet.

SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:

The product is classified as hazardous for health

 The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.