# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# **SECTION 1:** Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier		
Product name	: Epo-Flex VJ Hardener	
Product code	: EPJVA	
1.2 Relevant identified us	ses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against	
Material uses	: Paint or paint related material.	
	: Industrial use only.	
1.3 Details of the supplier sheet	<sup>•</sup> of the safety data	
Sherwin-Williams UK Limi Coatings Division EMEAI Tower Works Kestor Street Bolton BL2 2AL United Kingdom +44 (0) 1204 521771	ted - Protective & Marine	
The Sherwin-Williams Cor Inver France SAS 2 Rue Jean Revaus - BP & Thouars CEDEX France		
e-mail address of persor responsible for this SDS		
1.4 Emergency telephone	number	
National advisory body/	Poison Centre	
Telephone number	: 111 (general public) /0344 892 111 (Medical professional (NHS) only)	
<u>Supplier</u>		
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200 418	
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day	
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification	
2.1 Classification of the s	ubstance or mixture	
Product definition	: Mixture	
<b>Classification according</b>	to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]	
Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		
The product is classified a	is hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.	
See Section 16 for the full	text of the H statements declared above.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 31, Jan, 2024 Date of previous issue : 21, Sep, 2023 Version : 8	1/14

SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-GB

EPJVA

# **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word	Danger	
Hazard statements	Harmful if swallowed. Causes severe skin burns and eye damage. May cause an allergic skin reaction. /ery toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	
Precautionary statements		
Prevention	Near protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoin the environment.	id
Response	Collect spillage. IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doc SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKI nair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.	IN (or
Storage	Not applicable.	
Disposal	Not applicable.	
Hazardous ingredients	3-aminopropyldiethylamine	
Supplemental label elements	FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY	

#### **Special packaging requirements**

Not applicable.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

Z.S OUTER HAZARUS	
	This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
	The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.
Other hazards which do not result in classification	: None known.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Carbomonocylic Polyazaalkanes	CAS: 1173092-74-4	≥50 - ≤75	Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
I,2-Ethanediamine, N- 2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether	REACH #: 01-2120762088-49 EC: 282-199-6 CAS: 84144-79-6	≥25 - ≤50	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg M [Acute] = 1 M [Chronic] = 1	[1]
Diethylaminopropylamine	REACH #: 01-2119965402-39	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302	ATE [Oral] = 550 mg/kg	[1]

#### Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

Epo-Flex VJ Hardener

#### EPJVA

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

Phenylmethanol	EC: 203-236-4 CAS: 104-78-9 Index: 612-062-00-1 REACH #: 01-2119492630-38	≤5	Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332	ATE [Dermal] = 1100 mg/kg ATE [Oral] = 1230 mg/kg	[1]
	EC: 202-859-9 CAS: 100-51-6 Index: 603-057-00-5		Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/	
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

#### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

<ul> <li>In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.</li> </ul>
: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
<ul> <li>Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label.</li> <li>Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.</li> </ul>
: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Epo-Flex VJ Hardener EPJVA

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

Contains Carbomonocylic Polyazaalkanes, 3-aminopropyldiethylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed		
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.</li> <li>The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	

See toxicological information (Section 11)

•		
SECTION 5: Firefighting	m	easures
5.1 Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, $CO_2$ , powders, water spray or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	on	n the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.
SECTION 6: Accidental r	el	ease measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
For emergency responders	:	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local precautions regulations.

- : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, 6.3 Methods and material for containment and earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal cleaning up according to local regulations (see Section 13). Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.
- 6.4 Reference to other : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. sections See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

EPJVA

#### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling	<ul> <li>Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.</li> <li>Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.</li> <li>Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.</li> <li>Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.</li> <li>Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).</li> <li>Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.</li> <li>Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws.</li> <li>Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.</li> <li>Information on fire and explosion protection</li> <li>Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.</li> <li>When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapour in all cases. In such circumstances they should wear a compressed air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until such time as the particulates and solvent vapour in all cases.</li> </ul>
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	<ul> <li>Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidising agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.</li> <li>Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.</li> </ul>
	Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same nazard as the split product.
7.3 Specific end use(s) Recommendations	: Not available.
	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

#### EPJVA

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

#### 8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

#### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures	<ul> <li>Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.</li> </ul>
--------------------------------------	---

: Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

#### **DNELs/DMELs**

No DNELs/DMELs available.

#### **PNECs**

No PNECs available

8.2 Exposure controls	
Appropriate engineering controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
	: Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.
Individual protection mea	<u>isures</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Gloves	<ul> <li>Gloves for term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min):Nitrile&gt;0.12 mm Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals.</li> <li>Gloves for repeated or prolonged exposure (breakthrough time &gt; 240 min.) When the hazardous ingredients in Section 3 contain any of the following: Aromatic solvents (Xylene, Toluene) or Aliphatic solvents or Mineral Oil use: Polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) gloves 0.2-0.3 mm Otherwise use: Butyl gloves &gt;0.3 mm For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time &gt;480 min.): Use PE laminated gloves as under gloves</li> <li>Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a</li> </ul>
	chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 31, Jan, 2024 <b>Date of previous issue</b> : 21, Sep, 2023 <b>Version</b> : 8 6/14

#### EPJVA

#### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

	The recommendation for the type or types of glove to usewhen handling this product is based on information from the following source: Solvent resin manufacturers and European Solvents Industry Group (ESIG).
	<ul> <li>There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.</li> <li>The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.</li> <li>The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.</li> <li>Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.</li> <li>Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.</li> <li>The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.</li> <li>Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.</li> </ul>
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	<ul> <li>Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibres.</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: A2P2 (EN14387). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

#### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Colour	: Colourless.
Odour	: Solvent.
Odour threshold	: Not Available (Not Tested).
рН	<ul> <li>Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. insoluble in water.</li> </ul>
Melting point/freezing point	: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 170°C
Flash point	: Closed cup: 499°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

7/14

EPJVA
-------

#### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Evaporation rate	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Flammability	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Lower and upper explosion limit	LEL: 1.3% (Phenylmethanol) UEL: 13% (Phenylmethanol)	
Vapour pressure	0.22 kPa (1.66 mm Hg)	
Relative vapour density	3.72 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	0.99	
Solubility(ies)		
Media	Result	
cold water	Not soluble	

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

÷

#### water

#### Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name			°C	•	'F		Method
Diethylaminopropylamine Phenylmethanol			215 436		19 16.8		
Decomposition temperature		: Not rele	evant/applic	able due	to nature	of the pr	roduct.
Viscosity		: Kinema	atic (40°C):	>20.5 mn	1²/s		
Explosive properties		: Under r	normal cond	ditions of	storage a	and use, I	hazardous reactions will not occur
Oxidising properties		: Under r	normal cond	ditions of	storage a	and use, l	hazardous reactions will not occur
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size		: Not rele	evant/applic	able due	to nature	of the pr	oduct.
0.2 Other information							
Heat of combustion		: 2.785 k	J/g				
SECTION 10: Stability an	dı	reactivity	,				
10.1 Reactivity	:	No specific	test data re	elated to r	eactivity a	available	for this product or its ingredients.
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable unde	er recomme	ended sto	rage and	handling	conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of nazardous reactions	:	Under norm	nal conditio	ns of stor	age and ເ	use, haza	ardous reactions will not occur.
10.4 Conditions to avoid		When expo products.	osed to high	n tempera	tures may	y produce	e hazardous decomposition
10.5 Incompatible materials		Keep away oxidising aç		-		•	t strong exothermic reactions:
10.6 Hazardous lecomposition products		Decomposi carbon diox	•			•	g materials: carbon monoxide,

decomposition productscarbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL

PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

#### EPJVA

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting.

This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Contains Carbomonocylic Polyazaalkanes, 3-aminopropyldiethylamine. May produce an allergic reaction.

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Diethylaminopropylamine	LD50 Oral	Rat	550 mg/kg	-
Phenylmethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1230 mg/kg	-

#### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral Dermal	1434.48 mg/kg 27500 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapours)	366.67 mg/l

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Phenylmethanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Man	-	48 hours 16	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Pig	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	

#### Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitisation

No data available

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

**Mutagenicity** 

No data available

**Carcinogenicity** 

No data available

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

No data available

#### Teratogenicity

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Version :8

### Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

Epo-Flex VJ Hardener

#### EPJVA

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

No data available

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

#### Aspiration hazard

No data available

#### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

#### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Phenylmethanol	Acute LC50 10 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours

#### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.	•				•
Due de chile en die chieren			Dis a factoria		<b>.</b>	

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Phenylmethanol	-	-	Readily

#### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
No data available			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

#### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### EPJVA

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1 Waste	treatment methods
------------	-------------------

<u>Product</u>		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	:	Yes.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances 08 01 11*
Disposal considerations	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
<u>Packaging</u>		
Methods of disposal	:	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	:	Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	:	packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10*
Special precautions	:	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **SECTION 14: Transport information**

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN3066	UN3066	UN3066
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL. Marine pollutant (1,2-Ethanediamine, N- (2-aminoethyl)-, reaction products with glycidyl tolyl ether)	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	8	8	8
14.4 Packing group	111		III

EPJVA

#### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	The environmentally	The marine pollutant mark is	The environmentally
	hazardous substance mark is	not required when transported	hazardous substance mark
	not required when transported	in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	may appear if required by
	in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.	<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A,	other transportation
	<u>Tunnel code</u> E	S-B	regulations.

# **14.6 Special precautions for user**: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in**: Not applicable.**bulk according to IMOinstruments** 

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

#### SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

#### Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

# Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name		%	Designation [Usage]
Epo-Flex VJ Hardener		≥90	3
Labelling <u>Dther EU regulations</u>	Not applicable.	L	
VOC content (2010/75/EU)	7 w/w 69 g/l		
Explosive precursors <u>Seveso Directive</u>	Not applicable.		
This product may add to the major accident hazards. National regulations	lculation for determining whether a site is withi	in the scope	of the Seveso Directive on
.2 Chemical safety	No Chemical Safety Assessment has been ca	arried out.	

assessment

#### EPJVA

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative N/A = Not available
Key literature references and sources for data	: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines

#### Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classi	fication	Justification
Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410		Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H302HarmfuH312HarmfuH314CausesH317May caH318CausesH319CausesH332HarmfuH400Very to	able liquid and vapour. Il if swallowed. Il in contact with skin. Is severe skin burns and eye damage. Use an allergic skin reaction. Is serious eye damage. Is serious eye irritation. Il if inhaled. Xic to aquatic life. Xic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Acute 1 Aquatic Chronic 1 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Corr. 1B Skin Corr. 1C Skin Sens. 1	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SHORT-TERM (ACUTE) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1C SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
Date of printing	: 31, Jan, 2024.	
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 31, Jan, 2024	

Conforms to Regulation (E	EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II
Epo-Flex VJ Hardener	
EPJVA	
SECTION 16: Other in	formation
Date of previous issue	: 21, Sep, 2023

: If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information.

#### Version

: 8

#### Notice to reader

In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safety data sheet.

SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:

#### The product is classified as hazardous for health

• The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.