SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: PHENICON HS Epoxy Phenolic - Base
Product code	: E820HSB
	es of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Material uses	: Paint or paint related material.
	: Industrial use only.
1.3 Details of the supplier of sheet	of the safety data
Sherwin-Williams UK Limite	nd Drotastiva & Marina
Coatings Division EMEAI	
Tower Works	
Kestor Street	
Bolton BL2 2AL	
United Kingdom	
+44 (0) 1204 521771	
The Sherwin-Williams Com	nany
Inver France SAS	pany
2 Rue Jean Revaus - BP 80	0088 - 79102
Thouars CEDEX	
France	
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	: hse.pm.emea@sherwin.com
1.4 Emergency telephone r	
National advisory body/Pe	
Telephone number	: +370 5 236 20 52
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200 418
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day
SECTION 2: Hazards id	lentification
2.1 Classification of the su	bstance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification according t	o Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 2, H225	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318	
Skin Sens. 1, H317	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	
The product is classified as	hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
•	ext of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more de	tailed information on health effects and symptoms.
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms

:				
	•	•	•	•

Signal word	Danger
Hazard statements	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid release to the environment.
Response	Collect spillage. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	Not applicable.
Disposal	Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	Epoxy Polymer 1-Butanol Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidylether
Supplemental label elements	Contains epoxy constituents. May produce an allergic reaction. Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
• · · · · ·	

Special packaging requirements

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazardsJoin Conter hazards which do
not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

:

3.2 Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Epoxy Polymer	REACH #: 01-2119456619-26 EC: 216-823-5 CAS: 1675-54-3 Index: 603-073-00-2	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Skin Irrit. 2, H315: C ≥ 5% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 5%	[1]
1-Butanol	REACH #: 01-2119484630-38 EC: 200-751-6	≤10	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315	ATE [Oral] = 790 mg/kg	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

	CAS: 71-36-3		-		<u> </u>
	Index: 603-004-00-6		Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335		
Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidylether	CAS: 28064-14-4	≤10	STOT SE 3, H336 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1, H317	-	[1]
			Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
n-Butyl Acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤1.5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid m	easures
General	: In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low-molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray, mist and vapors should be avoided.

Contains bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane. May produce an allergic reaction.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures					
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray or mist.				
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet.				
5.2 Special hazards arising f	rom the substance or mixture				
Hazards from the substance or mixture	 Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. 				
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.				
5.3 Advice for firefighters					
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.				
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.				

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ctive equipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.	mist.
	Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.	
For emergency responders	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".	
6.2 Environmental precautions	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lak rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.	
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sa earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontam One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this sta reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see 13).	: The inant. parts), a) and d for age is
6.4 Reference to other sections	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.	

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Can be t whice spa Avo mist san Eati han Put Nev Alw Con	ducting type. a should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should aken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO_2 will be formed, the inclosed containers, could result in pressurization. Keep away from heat, ks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. d contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from ding. ng, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is dled, stored and processed. on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). er use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. ays keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. hply with the health and safety at work laws. hot allow to enter drains or watercourses.

SECTION 7: Handling a	and storage
	Information on fire and explosion protection Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air.
	When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapors in all cases. In such circumstances, they should wear a compressed-air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until the particulate and solvent vapor concentrations have fallen below the exposure limits.
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
	Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5°C and 25°C.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.
3010110113	

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
1-Butanol	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 45 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours.
	CEIL: 90 mg/m ³
	CEIL: 30 ppm
n-Butyl Acetate	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022). TWA: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Lithuanian Hygiene Standard HN 23 (Lithuania, 7/2022).
	TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

STEL: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures	Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482
	 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required. Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times including

: Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl Acetate	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	300 mg/m³	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation		population	
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	General	Systemic
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	[Consumers] General population [Consumers]	Systemic

PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-Butyl Acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	35.6 mg/l	-
	Plant		
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Fresh water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Marine water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment	709 mg/l	-
	Plant		
	Sediment	284.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg	-
	Secondary Poisoning	1000 mg/kg	-

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Individual protection measu Hygiene measures Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection Gloves		Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.
Hygiene measures Eye/face protection Skin protection Hand protection	ires	
<i>Eye/face protection</i> <u>Skin protection</u> <i>Hand protection</i>		
Skin protection Hand protection	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Hand protection	:	Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
•		
Gloves	:	Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
		Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min): Nitrile >0.35 mm Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals. For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min): Use PE laminate gloves as under gloves. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
	-	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used
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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

-	
Body protection	 correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred. The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment. Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: White.	
Odor	: Characteristic.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	 Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. insoluble in water. 	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: 78°C	
Flash point	Closed cup: 12°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	: 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	: Flammable liquid.	
Lower and upper explosion limit	: LEL: 1.38% (n-Butyl Acetate) UEL: 11.2% (1-Butanol)	
Vapor pressure	: 12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	: 2.48 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	: 1.77	
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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Solubility(ies)

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. *water*

water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name			°C	°F	М	lethod	
1-Butanol n-Butyl Acetate Methyl Ethyl Ketone			342 415 475	647.6 779 887			
Decomposition temperature	;	: Not rele	vant/applica	ble due to nature	of the proc	duct.	
Viscosity		: Kinema	tic (40°C): >	20.5 mm²/s			
Explosive properties		: Under r	normal condi	tions of storage a	nd use, ha	zardous reactions will not occu	ır.
Oxidizing properties		: Under r	normal condi	tions of storage a	nd use, ha	zardous reactions will not occu	ır.
Particle characteristics							
Median particle size		: Not rele	vant/applica	ble due to nature	of the proc	duct.	
9.2 Other information							
Heat of combustion		: 4.656 k	J/g				
SECTION 10: Stability ar	nd	reactivity					
10.1 Reactivity	:	The produc	t reacts slow	ly with water, resu	ulting in the	e production of carbon dioxide.	
10.2 Chemical stability	:	Stable unde	er recommer	nded storage and	handling c	conditions (see Section 7).	
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions	:			essure buildup co g of the container.		n distortion, expansion and, in	
10.4 Conditions to avoid	:	In a fire, ha	zardous dec	omposition produc	cts may be	e produced.	
10.5 Incompatible materials	:					rong acids, amines, alcohols, a amines and alcohols.	
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:		ide, smoke,			materials: carbon monoxide, n cyanide, monomeric	

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Based on the properties of the epoxy constituent(s) and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may be a skin sensitizer and an irritant. It contains low-molecular weight epoxy constituents which are irritating to eyes, mucous membranes and skin. Repeated skin contact may lead to irritation and to sensitization, possibly with cross-sensitization to other epoxies. Skin contact with the mixture and exposure to spray, mist and vapors should be avoided.

Contains bis-[4-(2,3-epoxipropoxi)phenyl]propane. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Epoxy Polymer	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	20 g/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value	
Oral	10186.59 mg/kg	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Epoxy Polymer	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

: Not available.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

No data available

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available. 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	48 hours 96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
No data available				
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
1-Butanol	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
No data available			

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K _{oc})	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment meth	ods	
<u>Product</u>		
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation at any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authoritie with jurisdiction.	nd of
Hazardous waste	: Yes.	
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: waste isocyanates 08 05 01*	
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralized with a decontaminant (see section 6). Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority. 	1
Packaging		
Methods of disposal	The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Was packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.	te
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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Disposal considerations	 Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10*
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Epoxy Polymer, Phenol, polymer with formaldehyde, glycidylether)	PAINT
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)			3
14.4 Packing group	11	11	II
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.
Additional information	The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Special provisions</u> 640 (C) <u>Tunnel code</u> D/E	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, S-E	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

14.6 Special precautions for	:	Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are
user		upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in
		the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not applicable. **bulk according to IMO instruments**

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous

substances, mixtures and articles

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
PHENICON HS Epoxy Phenolic - Base	≥90	3
toluene	≤0.1	48
4,4'-isopropylidenediphenol	<0.01	66
benzene	<0.1	5
		72

Labeling

: Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

VOC content	(2010/75/EU)	:	14.1	w/w
			249	a/l

Explosive precursors : Not applicable.

Seveso Directive

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

National regulations

15.2 Chemical Safety

: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

Assessment

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.				
Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative N/A = Not available 			
Key literature references and sources for data	 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines 			

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II PHENICON HS Epoxy Phenolic - Base E820HSB							
SECTION 16: Other information							
Classi	fication	Justification					
Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method					
Full text of abbreviated H statements	H226FlammH302HarmfuH315CausesH317May caH318CausesH319CausesH335May caH336May caH411Toxic to	flammable liquid and vapor. able liquid and vapor. al if swallowed. s skin irritation. suse an allergic skin reaction. s serious eye damage. s serious eye irritation. suse respiratory irritation. suse drowsiness or dizziness. o aquatic life with long lasting effects. ted exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.					
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Eye Dam. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Skin Irrit. 2 Skin Sens. 1 STOT SE 3	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3					
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	: If there is no previous va information.	lidation date please contact your supplier for more					
Version	: 19						

Notice to reader

In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safety data sheet.

SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:

• The product is classified as hazardous for health

• The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the

SECTION 16: Other information

manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.