

Protective Marine **Coatings**

MACROPOXY™ C400V4 **EPOXY PRIMER**

FORMERLY KNOWN AS EPIGRIP C400V4

Revised 01/2017 Issue 4

PRODUCT INFORMATION

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

A multi functional Epoxy coating for the protection of carbon steel

RECOMMENDED USE

Macropoxy C400V4 Multi-functional Epoxy coating is suitable for the protection of steelwork in a range of exposure environments from C1 to C5 as defined in ISO12944, including buildings, car parks, petrochemical plants, breweries and power stations.

Not for immersion service. Specified for use as a primer for structural steel on blast cleaned steel for internal and external environments, it may also be used as a high build intermediate coat as well as the final coat where a low sheen functional finish is required.

Macropoxy C400V4 may be applied between 75 and 275 microns DFT in one coat depending on specification requirements.

RECOMMENDED APPLICATION METHODS

Airless Spray Conventional Spray Brush Roller

Recommended Thinner: No 2 (for thinning)

No 5 or No 9 (for cleaning)

PRODUCT CHARACTERISTICS

Flash Point: Base 24°C Additive 24°C

% Solids by Volume: 70 ± 3% (ASTM-D2697-91)

Pot Life: 2 hours at 15°C 1.5 hours at 23°C

Colour Availability: Limited range including MIO shades

VOC

233 gms/litre determined practically in accordance with UK Regulations PG6/23.

290 gms/litre calculated from formulation to satisfy EC Solvent Emissions Directive.

195 gms/kilo content by weight from formulation, to satisfy EC Solvent Emissions Directive

TYPICAL THICKNESS

Dry film thickness	Wet film thickness	Theoretical coverage
75 microns	107 microns	9.33m ² /ltr*
275 microns	393 microns	2.54m ² /ltr*

* This figure makes no allowance for surface profile, uneven application, overspray or losses in containers and equipment. Film thickness will vary depending on actual use and specification.

PRACTICAL APPLICATION RATES -MICRONS PER COAT

	Airless Spray	Conventional Spray
Dry	75*	75*
Wet	107	107
Dry	275	275
Wet	393	393

Maximum sag tolerance with overlap typically 571μ wet (400μm dry) by airless spray. Forbrush & roller, typical application rate is 86μ wet (60μ dry.) per coat. Refer to application equipment section overleaf for further information.

AVERAGE DRYING TIMES

	@ 15°C	@ 23°C
To touch:	4 hours	2 hours
To recoat:	6 hours	4 hours
To handle:	14 hours	8 hours

These figures are given as a guide only. Factors such as air movement and humidity must also be considered.

RECOMMENDED TOPCOATS

Indefinitely overcoatable with epoxy systems provided the surfaces to be coated have been suitably cleaned.

Where a high degree of gloss and colour retention is required overcoat with Acrolon C137V2, Acrolon C237 within 7 days at a minimum dft of 50 microns or in the case of Acrolon C750V2 overcoat within 4 days. These overcoating times refer to achievement of optimum adhesion at 23°C and will vary with temperature.

PACKAGE

A two component material supplied in separate containers to be mixed prior to use

Pack Size: 5 litre and 20 litre units when mixed

Mixing Ratio: 7 parts base to 1 part additive by volume Weight: 1.486 kg/litre (may vary with shade).

2 years from date of manufacture or 'Use By' date where specified. Shelf Life:



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SURFACE PREPARATION

Blast clean to Sa21/2 BS EN ISO 8501-1:2007. Average surface profile in the range 50-75 microns. Ensure surfaces to be coated are clean, dry and free from all

surface contamination.

Manually prepared surfaces should be prepared to a minimum standard of ST3 BS EN ISO 8501-1:2007 at the time of coating.

Application to such surfaces should be by brush or roller where the mechanical action will aid adhesion.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Airless Spray	For dft applications between 75-125µ	For dft applications between 125-275µ
Nozzle Size:	0.33mm (13 thou)	0.38mm (15 thou)
Fan Angle:	40°	40°
Operating Pressure	176kg/cm ² (2500	176kg/cm ² (2500
Operating Fressure.	psi)	psi)

The airless spray details given above are intended as a guide only. Details such as fluid hose length and diameter, paint temperature and job shape and size all have an effect on the spray tip and operating pressure chosen. However, the operating pressure should be the lowest possible consistent with satisfactory atomisation. As conditions will vary from job to job, it is the applicators' responsibility to ensure that the equipment in use has been set up to give the best results. If in doubt consult Sherwin-Williams.

Conventional Spray
Nozzle Size: 1.27mm (50 thou)
Atomising Pressure: 2.8kg/cm² (40 psi)

Fluid Pressure: 0.4kg/cm² (6 psi)
The details of atomising pressure, fluid pressure and nozzle size are given as a guide. It may be found that slight variations of pressure will provide optimum atomisation in some circumstances according to the set up in use. Atomising air pressure depends on the air cap in use and the fluid pressure depends on the length of line and direction of feed i.e. horizontal or vertical.

For application by conventional spray, it may be necessary to thin the paint by the addition of up to 10% Cleanser/Thinner No. 2. Where thinning has been carried out the wet film thickness must be adjusted accordingly.

Brush and Roller

The material is suitable for brush and roller application. Application of more than one coat may be necessary to give equivalent dry film thickness to a single spray applied coat.

APPLICATION CONDITIONS AND OVERCOATING

This material should preferably be applied at temperatures in excess of 10°C. Relative humidity should not exceed 90% and in these conditions good ventilation is essential. Substrate temperature shall be at least 3°C above the dew point and always above 0°C.

At application temperatures below 10°C, drying and curing times will be significantly extended, and spraying characteristics may be impaired.

In order to achieve optimum water and chemical resistance. temperature needs to be maintained above 10°C during

If it is desired to overcoat outside the times stated on the data sheet, please seek advice of Sherwin-Williams.

ADDITIONAL NOTES

Drying times, curing times and pot life should be considered as a guide only.

The curing reaction of epoxies commences immediately when the two components are mixed, and since the reaction is dependent on temperature, the curing time and pot life will be approximately halved by a 10°C increase in temperature and doubled by a 10°C decrease in temperature.

Epoxy Coatings - Colour Stability:

Variable colour stability is a feature of epoxy materials which tend to yellow and darken with age whether used on internal or external areas. Therefore any areas touched-up and repaired with the same colour at a later date may be obvious due to this colour change.

When epoxy materials are exposed to ultra-violet light a surface chalking effect will develop. This phenomenon results in loss of gloss and a fine powder coating at the surface which may give rise to colour variation depending on the aspect of the steelwork. This effect in no way detracts from the performance of the system.

Epoxy Coatings - Tropical Use

Epoxy paints at the time of mixing should not exceed a temperature of 35°C. At this temperature the pot life will be approximately halved. Use of these products outside of the pot life may result in inferior adhesion properties even if the materials appear fit for application. Thinning the mixed product will not alleviate this problem.

The maximum air and substrate temperature for application is 50°C providing conditions allow satisfactory application and film formation. If the air and substrate temperatures exceed 50°C and epoxy coatings are applied under these conditions, paint film defects such as dry spray, bubbling and pinholing etc. can occur within the coating.

Numerical values quoted for physical data may vary slightly from batch to batch.

HEALTH AND SAFETY

Consult Product Health and Safety Data Sheet for information on safe storage, handling and application of this product.

WARRANTY

Any person or company using the product without first making further enquiries as to the suitability of the product for the intended purpose does so at their own risk, and Sherwin-Williams can accept no liability for the performance of the product, or for any loss or damage arising out of such use.

The information detailed in this Data Sheet is liable to modification from time to time in the light of experience and of normal product development, and before using, customers are advised to check with Sherwin-Williams, quoting the reference number, to ensure that they possess the latest issue.