SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: ACROLON C137V2 Acrylic Urethane Gloss Finish - Additive
Product code	: C137V2A
	ises of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Material uses	: Paint or paint related material.
	: Industrial use only.
1.3 Details of the supplie sheet	er of the safety data
	nited - Protective & Marine
Coatings Division EMEA	
Tower Works	
Kestor Street	
Bolton BL2 2AL	
United Kingdom	
+44 (0) 1204 521771	
The Sherwin-Williams Co	ampany
Inver France SAS	лану
2 Rue Jean Revaus - BP	80088 - 79102
Thouars CEDEX	
France	
e-mail address of perso responsible for this SD	
1.4 Emergency telephon	e number
National advisory body	/Poison Center
Telephone number	: 111 (general public) /0344 892 111 (Medical professional (NHS) only)
<u>Supplier</u>	
Telephone number	: +(44)-870-8200 418
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day
SECTION 2: Hazards	identification
2.1 Classification of the	substance or mixture
Product definition	: Mixture
Classification accordin	g to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	
Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Sens. 1, H317	
STOT SE 3, H335	
	as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.
•	Il text of the H statements declared above.
See Section 11 for more	detailed information on health effects and symptoms.
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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

- 2.2 Label elements
- Hazard pictograms



Signal word Hazard statements	 Danger Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Toxic if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Avoid breathing vapor.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazardous ingredients	: hexamethylene-di-isocyanate
Supplemental label elements	: Contains isocyanates. May produce an allergic reaction. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

Special packaging requirements

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

: None known. Other hazards which do not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixture	:				
Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	REACH #: 01-2119485796-17 EC: 500-060-2 CAS: 28182-81-2	≥75 - ≤90	Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Sens. 1, H317 STOT SE 3, H335	ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 4.625 mg/l	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6 Index: 607-195-00-7	≥10 - <20	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	REACH #: 01-2119457571-37 EC: 212-485-8 CAS: 822-06-0 Index: 615-011-00-1	<0.5	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 1, H330 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Resp. Sens. 1, H334	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (dusts and mists)] = 0.005 mg/l	[1] [2]
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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Skin Sens. 1, H317	Resp. Sens. 1,
STOT SE 3, H335	H334: C ≥ 0.5%
	Skin Sens. 1, H317:
	C ≥ 0.5%
See Section 16 for	
the full text of the H	
statements declared	
above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. <u>Type</u>

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	:	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	:	Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	:	Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	:	Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	:	If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

SECTION 5: Firefighting	m	easures
5.1 Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	:	Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	:	Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising fr	on	n the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	:	Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.
5.3 Advice for firefighters		
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	:	Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	:	Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.
SECTION 6: Accidental r	el	ease measures
6.1 Personal precautions, pro	ote	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
		Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures 6.4 Reference to other sections : See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing lead from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and fi conducting type. Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used container be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or w which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. Ke sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dus mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhala sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas w handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Secti Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure ve Always keep in containers made from the same material as 1 Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Va explosive mixtures with air. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work insid ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates ar cases. In such circumstances, they should wear a compress during the spraying process and until the particulate and solv concentrations have fallen below the exposure limits.	floors should be of the ers. Precautions should water. CO ₂ will be formed, Keep away from heat, st, particulates, spray or ation of dust from where this material is tion 8). ressel. the original one. Gapors may form de the spray booth, and solvent vapors in all ised-air-fed respirator
 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acid Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-vent from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent un Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed prevent leakage. 	ntilated area. Keep away Inauthorized access.
Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazar Store in closed original container at temperatures between 5	
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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific	: Not available.
solutions	

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [isocyanates, all, except methyl isocyanate as –NCO] Inhalation sensitizer. STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 548 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 274 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). [isocyanates, all, except methyl isocyanate as –NCO] Inhalation sensitizer. STEL: 0.07 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as -NCO) 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

: Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

DNELs/DMELs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

•	•	•			
Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	0.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
·	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	1 mg/m³	Workers	Local
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	550 mg/m³	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Fresh water	0.127 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.0127 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	266701 mg/kg dwt	-
	Marine water sediment	26670 mg/kg dwt	-
	Sewage Treatment	88 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	
	Soil	53183 mg/kg dwt	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/kg	-
	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See
	Occupational exposure controls.)

: Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

Individual protection measures

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection <u>Skin protection</u>	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Gloves	 Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min): Nitrile >0.35 mm
	Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals. For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min): Use PE laminate gloves as under gloves. Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a shomical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time
	chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.
	The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed. Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove
	material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.
	The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be
	applied once exposure has occurred.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Colorless.
Odor	:	Paint
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
pН	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
		insoluble in water.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	:	140°C
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 58°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate		0.35 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability		Flammable liquid.
Lower and upper explosion		LEL: 1.3% (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
limit		UEL: 13.1% (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	:	0.24 kPa (1.8 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	:	4.6 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	1.1
Solubility(ies)	:	
Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n-octan water	ol/:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm²/s
Explosive properties	:	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Oxidizing properties		Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Particle characteristics		
Median particle size	:	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
9.2 Other information		
Heat of combustion	:	4.866 kJ/g
SECTION 10: Stability an		
		-
10.1 Reactivity	: IN	e product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide.
10.2 Chemical stability	: Sta	able under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7).
10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions		closed containers, pressure buildup could result in distortion, expansion and, in reme cases, bursting of the container.
10.4 Conditions to avoid	: In a	a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced.

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.5 Incompatible materials	:	Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.
10.6 Hazardous decomposition products	:	Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

isocyanates.

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

: Not available.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Contains Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers, hexamethylene-di-isocyanate. May produce an allergic reaction.

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	124 mg/m³	4 hours

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	0.97 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
, ,	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Sensitization

No data available

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard

No data available

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose		Inoculum
No data available						
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.					
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolysis		Biodeg	radability
No data available						

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

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SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	-	367.7	Low
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.)	-	57.63	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)	: Not available.
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations 13.1 Waste treatment methods Product Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Hazardous waste : Yes. European waste : waste isocyanates 08 05 01* catalogue (EWC) **Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralized with a decontaminant (see section 6). Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority. **Packaging** Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from **Disposal considerations** the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions. packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 European waste : 10* catalogue (EWC)

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Special precautions	This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the
	container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111	III	111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel code D/E	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E	-

14.6 Special precautions for user
 Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not applicable. **bulk according to IMO**

instruments

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture <u>EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)</u>

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

<u>Annex XIV</u>

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

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SECTION 15: Regulatory information

	<u> </u>		
Product/ingredient name ACROLON C137V2 Acrylic Urethane Gloss Finish - Additive hexamethylene-di-isocyanate		%	Designation [Usage]
		≥90 <0.5	3 74
Labeling	: As from August 24 2023 adequate training is professional use. Training advice www.safeusediisocyanates.e	·	re industrial or
Other EU regulations		u.	
VOC content (2010/75/EU) : 15.1 w/w 166 g/l		
Explosive precursors <u>Seveso Directive</u>	: Not applicable.		
This product may add to th major accident hazards.	e calculation for determining whether a site is within	n the scope of	the Seveso Directive on
National regulations			
5.2 Chemical Safety ssessment	: No Chemical Safety Assessment has been ca	arried out.	

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative N/A = Not available
Key literature references and sources for data	 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Acute Tox. 3, H331 Skin Sens. 1, H317	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of abbreviated H statements	 H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H315 Causes skin irritation. H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H330 Fatal if inhaled. H331 Toxic if inhaled. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 1 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 3 Acute Tox. 4 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 3 Resp. Sens. 1 Skin Irrit. 2 Stor Sens. 1 Stor Sens. 1 STOT SE 3 Acute Tox. 4 EXEMPTION - Category 1 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 02, Oct, 2023.
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 02, Oct, 2023
Date of previous issue	: 17, Sep, 2023
	 If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information.
Version	: 9.06

Notice to reader

In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safety data sheet.

SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:

• The product is classified as hazardous for health

• The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer, is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS,

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SECTION 16: Other information

the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.