

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Magnalux 42SF Styrene Free Bisphenol Polyester - Catalyst

**Product code** : 42SFA

### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Material uses** : Paint or paint related material.

: Industrial use only.

### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sherwin-Williams UK Limited - Protective & Marine  
Coatings Division EMEA  
Tower Works  
Kestor Street  
Bolton  
BL2 2AL  
United Kingdom  
+44 (0) 1204 521771

The Sherwin-Williams Company  
Inver France SAS  
2 Rue Jean Revaus - BP 80088 - 79102  
Thouars CEDEX  
France

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : hse.pm.emea@sherwin.com

### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

#### National advisory body/Poison Centre

**Telephone number** : 111 (general public) /0344 892 111 (Medical professional (NHS) only)

#### Supplier

**Telephone number** : +(44)-870-8200 418

**Hours of operation** : Emergency contact available 24 hours a day

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Org. Perox. D, H242

Skin Corr. 1B, H314

Eye Dam. 1, H318

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

**SECTION 2: Hazards identification****2.2 Label elements****Hazard pictograms**

:

**Signal word**

: Danger

**Hazard statements**: Heating may cause a fire.  
Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.**Precautionary statements****Prevention**

: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep only in original packaging.

**Response**

: IF INHALED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water.

**Storage**

: Not applicable.

**Disposal**

: Not applicable.

**Hazardous ingredients**

: 2-Butanone, peroxide

**Supplemental label elements**

: FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

**Special packaging requirements**

Not applicable.

**2.3 Other hazards**

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

**Other hazards which do not result in classification**

: None known.

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients****3.2 Mixture**

:

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
Diisononyl Phthalate	REACH #: 01-2119430798-28 EC: 249-079-5 CAS: 28553-12-0	≥50 - ≤75	Not classified.	-	[2]
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	REACH #: 01-2119514691-43 EC: 215-661-2 CAS: 1338-23-4 Index: ID670	≥25 - ≤50	Org. Perox. D, H242 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	ATE [Oral] = 1017 mg/kg	[1] [2]
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	REACH #: 01-2119457290-43 EC: 201-159-0 CAS: 78-93-3 Index: 606-002-00-3	≤5	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]

**SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

			<b>See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.</b>		
--	--	--	---	--	--

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

**Type**

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

**SECTION 4: First aid measures****4.1 Description of first aid measures**

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open. Seek immediate medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
- Skin contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners. Wash clothing before reuse.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show the container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** : Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO<sub>2</sub>, powders, water spray or mist.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Hazards from the substance or mixture** : Fire will produce dense black smoke. CAUTION: May re-ignite itself after fire is extinguished. Material supports combustion. In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.

**Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

**Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.

**Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**For non-emergency personnel** : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.  
Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.

**For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### 6.2 Environmental precautions

: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). The waste should NOT be confined. Preferably clean with a detergent. Avoid using solvents.

### 6.4 Reference to other sections

: See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

: Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapours in air and avoid vapour concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.  
Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another.  
Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.  
Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.  
Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.  
Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).  
Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel.  
Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.  
Comply with the health and safety at work laws.  
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.  
Avoid confinement. Do not allow to dry out. Avoid shock and friction. Explosive when dry.

### **Information on fire and explosion protection**

Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating and lighting) equipment.

### **7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

: Store in accordance with local regulations.

#### **Notes on joint storage**

Keep away from reducing agents, heavy metal compounds and alkaline and acidic materials.

#### **Additional information on storage conditions**

Observe label precautions. Do not store above the following temperature: 25°C (77°F). Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Keep container tightly closed.

Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorised access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Keep only in the original container.

Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.

### **7.3 Specific end use(s)**

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

**Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.**

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### **8.1 Control parameters**

#### **Occupational exposure limits**

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
Diisononyl Phthalate	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020).</b> STEL: 1.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 0.2 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	<b>EH40/2005 WELs (United Kingdom (UK), 1/2020). Absorbed through skin.</b> STEL: 899 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 600 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

**Biological exposure indices**

Product/ingredient name	Exposure indices
butanone	<b>EH40/2005 BMGVs (United Kingdom (UK), 8/2018)</b> BGV: 70 µmol/l, butan-2-one [in urine]. Sampling time: post shift.

**Recommended monitoring procedures**

- : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following:  
European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.
- : Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

**DNELs/DMELs**

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.33 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.35 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1161 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	412 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	106 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	31 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

**PNECs**

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	Fresh water	0.005 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.087 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.072 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.014 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	1.2 mg/l	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Fresh water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Marine water	55.8 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	709 mg/l	-
	Sediment	284.7 mg/kg dwt	-
	Soil	22.5 mg/kg	-
	Secondary Poisoning	1000 mg/kg	-

### 8.2 Exposure controls

- Appropriate engineering controls**
- : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapours below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
  - : Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.

### Individual protection measures

- Hygiene measures**
- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

- Eye/face protection**
- : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

### Skin protection

### **Hand protection**

### **Gloves**

- : Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
- : Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min): Nitrile >0.12 mm  
Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals.  
For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min): Use PE laminate gloves as under gloves.  
Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.  
There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals.  
The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product.  
The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.  
Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material.  
Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used correctly.  
The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical damage and poor maintenance.  
Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.  
The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.

**SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

- Body protection** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibres or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibres. Wash clothing before reuse.
- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Recommended: A2P2 (EN14387). Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

**Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.**

**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties****Appearance**

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Colourless.
- Odour** : None
- Odour threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.  
insoluble in water.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : 78°C
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 61°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : LEL: 0.3% (Diisononyl Phthalate)  
UEL: 10% (Methyl Ethyl Ketone)
- Vapour pressure** : 12.1 kPa (90.6 mm Hg)
- Relative vapour density** : 2.48 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 1.01
- Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

**Auto-ignition temperature** :



**SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

<b>Ingredient name</b>	<b>°C</b>	<b>°F</b>	<b>Method</b>
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	475	887	

- Decomposition temperature** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C): >20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s
- Explosive properties** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Oxidising properties** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.

**SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

- 10.1 Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : Hazardous reactions or instability may occur under certain conditions of storage or use.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products.  
SADT (Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature) is the lowest temperature at which self-accelerating decomposition may occur with a substance in the packaging as used for transport. A dangerous self-accelerating decomposition reaction and, under certain circumstances, explosion or fire can be caused by thermal decomposition at or above the SADT. Contact with incompatible substances can cause decomposition at or below the SADT.  
Avoid shock and friction.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : Keep away from rust, iron and copper. Contact with incompatible materials, such as acids, alkalis, heavy metal compounds and reducing agents, will result in hazardous decomposition. Do not mix with peroxide accelerators.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen.

**Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.**

**SECTION 11: Toxicological information****11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008**

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapour concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

**Acute toxicity**

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	200 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	3600 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1017 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-

### Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	2748.65 mg/kg

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Sensitisation

No data available

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Mutagenicity

No data available

### Carcinogenicity

No data available

### Reproductive toxicity

No data available

### Teratogenicity

No data available

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

### Aspiration hazard

No data available

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i>	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
No data available				

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
No data available			

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (*K<sub>oc</sub>*)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Not available.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances 08 01 11\*

**Disposal considerations** : Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.  
Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.  
If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned.  
For further information, contact your local waste authority.

### Packaging




**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Disposal considerations** : Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)** : packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10\*

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	UN3105	UN3105	UN3105
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)	ORGANIC PEROXIDE TYPE D, LIQUID (Methyl Ethyl Ketone Peroxide)
<b>14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)</b>	5.2 	5.2 	5.2 
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.
<b>Additional information</b>	<u>Tunnel code</u> D	<u>Emergency schedules</u> F-J, S-R	-

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not applicable.

**SECTION 14: Transport information**

*Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.*

**SECTION 15: Regulatory information****15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture****EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)****Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation****Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Magnalux 42SF Styrene Free Bisphenol Polyester - Catalyst	≥90	3
di-"isononyl" phthalate	≥50 - ≤75	52

**Labelling** : Not applicable.

**Other EU regulations**

**VOC content (2010/75/EU)** : 3 w/w  
30 g/l

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

**Seveso Directive**

This product may add to the calculation for determining whether a site is within the scope of the Seveso Directive on major accident hazards.

**National regulations**

**15.2 Chemical safety assessment** : No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out.

**SECTION 16: Other information**

🔵 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

**Abbreviations and acronyms**

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]  
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level  
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level  
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement  
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic  
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration  
RRN = REACH Registration Number  
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative  
N/A = Not available

**Key literature references and sources for data**

: Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]  
ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road  
IATA = International Air Transport Association  
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878  
Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions  
Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions  
Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions

**SECTION 16: Other information**

CEPE Guidelines

**Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]**

Classification	Justification
Org. Perox. D, H242 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318	Expert judgment Calculation method Calculation method

**Full text of abbreviated H statements** : H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.  
H242 Heating may cause a fire.  
H302 Harmful if swallowed.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.  
H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

**Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]** : Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4  
Eye Dam. 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 1  
Eye Irrit. 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2  
Flam. Liq. 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
Org. Perox. D ORGANIC PEROXIDES - Type D  
Skin Corr. 1B SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B  
STOT SE 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE - Category 3

**Date of printing** : 25, Sep, 2023.

**Date of issue/ Date of revision** : 25, Sep, 2023

**Date of previous issue** : 08, Aug, 2023

: If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information.

**Version** : 3.01

**Notice to reader**

**In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safety data sheet.**

**SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:**

- **The product is classified as hazardous for health**
- **The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided**

**It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become make themselves aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards that may be associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date mentioned herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can may change later the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall should not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to, the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for the use of the product are not under the manufacturer's control of the manufacturer; the**

**Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II**

**Magnalux 42SF Styrene Free Bisphenol Polyester - Catalyst**

**42SFA**

## **SECTION 16: Other information**

*customer/buyer/user is responsible to for determine determining the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS, without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be held responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.*