SAFETY DATA SHEET

P30LQ13

Section 1. Identification **Product name** : SEAGUARD[™] Ablative Anti-foulant Coating Blue **Product code** : P30LQ13 Other means of : Not available. identification **Product type** : Liquid. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Paint or paint related material. : Compania Sherwin-Williams S.A. de C.V. **Supplier** Poniente 140 No.595 Col. Industrial Vallejo, Del. Azcapotzalco C.P. 02300, Ciudad de México, México **Emergency telephone** : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 number of the company Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year **Product Information** : US / Canada: 1-800-524-5979 **Telephone Number** Mexico: Not Available **Regulatory Information** : US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 **Telephone Number** Mexico: Not Available Transportation Emergency : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300

Section 2. Hazards identification

Telephone Number

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 4.6% (oral), 64.7% (dermal), 16.4% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	 H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H315 - Causes skin irritation. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H318 - Causes serious eye damage. H351 - Suspected of causing cancer. H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	 P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. P242 - Use non-sparking tools. P243 - Take action to prevent static discharges. P233 - Keep container tightly closed. P260 - Do not breathe vapor. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling. P272 - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	 P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. P301 + P312, P330 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth. P303 + P361 + P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. P305 + P351 + P338, P310 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: P405 - Store locked up. P403 + P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. HARMFUL IF INHALED - CONTAINS LEAD. MAY AFFECT THE BRAIN OR NERVOUS SYSTEM CAUSING DIZZINESS, HEADACHES OR NAUSEA. DRIED FILM OF THIS PAINT MAY BE HARMFUL IF EATEN OR CHEWED. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains Lead which may cause birth defects, kidney, central and peripheral nervous system damage and blood effects. Do not apply on toys and other children's articles, furniture, or any interior surface of a dwelling or facility which may be occupied or used by children. Do not apply on any exterior surface of dwelling units, such as window sills, porches, stairs, or railings, to which children may be commonly exposed. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Copper Oxide	≥25 - ≤50	1317-39-1
Zinc Oxide	≥10 - ≤25	1314-13-2
Rosin	≤10	8050-09-7
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤10	1330-20-7
1-Butanol	≤7.2	71-36-3
Amine Epoxy Adduct	≤5	168109-74-8
Copper Oxide	≤5	1317-38-0
Titanium Dioxide	≤3	13463-67-7
Ethylbenzene	≤2	100-41-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.	
<u>Over-exposure signs/sym</u>	<u>)toms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. 	
Specific treatments	No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures	
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See toxicological information (Section 11)

Extinguishing media		
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.	
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.	
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create f fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the con of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas distance to a source of ignition and flash back.	tainer may burst, with the risk air and will spread along the
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materia carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides	ls:
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from th there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any perso training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.	onal risk or without suitable
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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

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Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained bre apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.	athing
Remark	: Flammable liquid.	

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ontainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures :	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
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Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventila area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.	

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Copper Oxide	1317-39-1	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [COPPER FUME as Cu] TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 10 hours. Form: Fume ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume]
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	 TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumes STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form:
Rosin	8050-09-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [resin acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensitizer Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. CEIL: 50 ppm CEIL: 150 mg/m ³ OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 300 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Amine Epoxy Adduct	168109-74-8	None.
Copper Oxide	1317-38-0	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [COPPER FUME as Cu]
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form:
		Fume
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[Copper Fume]
Titomium Diavida	40460 67 7	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable
		fraction, finescale particles
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Cuprous oxide	1317-39-1	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Copper Fume, as Cu] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Copper Fume] 8 hrs OEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Copper, fume] TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: fume
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable
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		 CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. STEV: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable dust. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: respirable dust and fume TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable dust and fume
Rosin	8050-09-7	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.
Xylene	1330-20-7	 CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Normal butyl alcohol	71-36-3	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 60 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 15 ppm 8 hours. C: 30 ppm CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
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		STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEV: 152 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).
		STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Copper Oxide	1317-38-0	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		6/2022). [Copper Fume, as Cu]
		TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:
		Fume
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
		[Copper Fume]
		8 hrs OEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
		[Copper, fume]
		TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Cu) 8 hours. Form:
		fume
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
		8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		15 min OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
		6/2022).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
		TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		7/2013).
		STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	
Copper Oxide	1317-39-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).	
Zinc Oxide	1314-13-2	[Copper Fume] TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirabl fraction STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form:	е
		Respirable fraction	
Rosin	8050-09-7 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).		
		acids as total Resin acids] Skin sensiti	zer.
		Inhalation sensitizer.	
		TWA: 0.001 mg/m ³ , (as total Resin acids	3) 8
X Landard Linear	1000 00 7	hours. Form: Inhalable fraction	
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	1330-20-7 NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016) . [Xylenes (mixed)]	
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.	
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.	
1-Butanol	71-36-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).	
		Absorbed through skin.	
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
Copper Oxide	1317-38-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume]	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	TWA: 0.2 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Biological exposure indices (United Sta	tes)		
Ingredient name		Exposure indices	
Xylene, mixed isomers		ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.	
Ethylbenzene		ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.	

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name			Exposure indices	
Xylene, mixed isomers			occupationally expo substances. (Mexico (technical or comme	ronmental Health- indices for personnel sed to chemical , 6/2012) [xylenes rcial grade)] e, methyl hippuric acids
Ethylbenzene		Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of mandelic acid and acid phenylglyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time:		
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Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

рН	Not applicable.		
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.		
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 117°C (242.6°F)		
Flash point	: Closed cup: 23°C (73.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	: 0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	: Flammable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1% Upper: 11.2%		
Vapor pressure	: 0.95 kPa (7.1 mm Hg)		
Relative vapor density	: 2.55 [Air = 1]		
Relative density	: 2.24		
Solubility(ies)	:		
Modia	Result		

Media		Result				
cold water		Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n octanol/water	- : Not	applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature :		: Not available.				
Decomposition temperature : Not		ot available.				
Viscosity	: Kin	ematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)				
Molecular weight	: Not	applicable.				
Heat of combustion	: 4.55	8 kJ/g				

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Copper Oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	1340 mg/kg	-
Rosin	LD50 Oral	Rat	7600 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
1-Butanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	790 mg/kg	-
Copper Oxide	LD50 Oral	Rat	470 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Zinc Oxide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1-Butanol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	0.005 MI	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-Butanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
1-Butanol	Category 2	-	-
	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effe	uts	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Harmful if swallowed.	
Symptoms related to the p	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: No specific data.	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains	
	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposur	<u>e</u>
Short term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Long term exposure		
Potential immediate effects	:	Not available.
Potential delayed effects	:	Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	<u>ffec</u>	<u>ts</u>
Not available.		
General	:	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	1	Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	889.72 mg/kg
Dermal	3994.91 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	69981.42 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	612.77 mg/l
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	5.79 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Copper Oxide	Acute EC50 0.042 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia similis</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 350 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Balanus</i> <i>improvisus</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.075 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Danio rerio	96 hours
Zinc Oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 98 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Kylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
1-Butanol	Acute EC50 1983 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1730000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Copper Oxide	Acute LC50 2.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 >56000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
Fitanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp</i> Nauplii	48 hours
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Section 12. Ecological information					
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours		
	Acute LC50 4200 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours		

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene, mixed isomers 1-Butanol Ethylbenzene	- - -	- -	Readily Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zinc Oxide	-	28960	High 🥄
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	•				
	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Copper Oxide, Zinc Oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	3 (x,x,x,x,y,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,z,	3	3	3	
Date of issue/Date of rev P30LQ13 SEA Blue	r ision : 9/13/20 GUARD™ Ablative Anti-foul:		issue : 6/10/202		/ersion : 8 16/19 SHW-85-NA-GHS-MX

Packing group	III	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	-		-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	ERG No. 128	ERG No.	<u>ERG No.</u> 128		
Special precautior	cor mo sui	nsider container size de of transport (sea, tably for that mode o	s. The presence of a , air, etc.), does not i f transport. All packa	ded for informational pu a shipping description fo ndicate that the product aging must be reviewed	r a particular is packaged for suitability prior
	of t dar	the person offering th	ne product for transp be trained on all of t	cable regulations is the s ort. People loading and the risks deriving from the transform the second	unloading
Γransport in bulk a ο ΙΜΟ instruments	ccording : Not	available.			
		per shipping name	: Not availab	le.	
Section 15.	Regulatory	^r informatior	ו		
Information and requ		his chemical is a pesticide product registered by the Environmental Protection Agenc nd is subject to certain labeling requirements under federal pesticide law. These equirements differ from the classification criteria and hazard information required for afety data sheets, and for workplace labels of non-pesticide chemicals.			
International reg	<u>ulations</u>				
memational reg	- I				
Montreal Protoc	<u>01</u>				
	<u>01</u>				

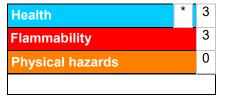
: 6/10/2023

Section 15. Regulatory information

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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	Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - C ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ SKIN SENSITIZATION - C CARCINOGENICITY - Cat SPECIFIC TARGET ORG/	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method	
<u>History</u>		
Date of printing	: 9/13/2023	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/13/2023	
Date of previous issue	: 6/10/2023	
Version	: 8	
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coe MARPOL = International Convention for the Preventi as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = mari N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group	efficient on of Pollution From Ships, 1973
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/13/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/10/2023	Version : 8 18/19

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Section 16. Other information

UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer. or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.