

SAFETY DATA SHEET

GP3564A01

Section 1. Identification

Product name : Resufloor™ 3564 Static Dissipative Epoxy Binder Resin (Part A)
Clear

Product code : GP3564A01

Other means of identification : Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY
101 W. Prospect Avenue
Cleveland, OH 44115

National contact : Sherwin-Williams Canada Inc.
180 Brunel Road
Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada

Emergency telephone number of the company : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number : US / Canada: 1-800-524-5979
Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 13.6% (dermal), 13.6% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Suspected of causing cancer.
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/21/2024 **Date of previous issue** : 9/13/2023

GP3564A01 Resufloor™ 3564 Static Dissipative Epoxy Binder Resin (Part A)
Clear

Version : 22

1/16

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

Storage

: Store locked up.

Disposal

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|----------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Epoxy Polymer | 70.81 | 1675-54-3 |
| Alkyl Glycidyl Ether | 12.49 | 68609-97-2 |
| Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched | 8.18 | 84852-15-3 |
| Hexylene Glycol | 5.41 | 107-41-5 |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 2.12 | 1330-20-7 |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched | 0.52 | 91672-41-2 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.38 | 100-41-4 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
- Inhalation** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 4. First aid measures

- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
halogenated compounds

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters


Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|----------------------------|------------|--|
| Epoxy Polymer | 1675-54-3 | None. |
| Alkyl Glycidyl Ether | 68609-97-2 | None. |
| Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched | 84852-15-3 | None. |
| Hexylene Glycol | 107-41-5 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). CEIL: 25 ppm CEIL: 125 mg/m ³ ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). STEL: 10 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction. Aerosol only. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|--|------------------------|--|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1330-20-7 | <p>STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Vapor fraction</p> <p>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. Form: Vapor fraction</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]</p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.</p> <p>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched Ethylbenzene | 91672-41-2 100-41-4 | <p>None.</p> <p>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant.</p> <p>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.</p> <p>TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.</p> <p>STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p> <p>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|-----------------|-----------|---|
| Hexylene glycol | 107-41-5 | <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). </p> <p>STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable particulate matter, aerosol only</p> <p>Ceiling Limit: 25 ppm Form: Vapour fraction.</p> <p>STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: Vapour fraction.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</p> <p>C: 121 mg/m³</p> <p>C: 25 ppm</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</p> <p>STEV: 25 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>STEV: 121 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</p> <p>CEIL: 25 ppm</p> |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)]</p> <p>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.</p> <p>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]</p> <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)]</p> <p>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.</p> <p>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p> |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| | | |
|--------------|----------|---|
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | <p>STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</p> <p>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
|--------------|----------|---|

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| 2-methylpentane-2,4-diol | 107-41-5 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). CEIL: 25 ppm |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1330-20-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |

Biological exposure indices (United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-----------------------|--|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. |
| Ethylbenzene | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. |

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-----------------------|---|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. |

- Appropriate engineering controls** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
- Individual protection measures**
- Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

| | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : Clear. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| pH | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : 138°C (280.4°F) |
| Flash point | : Closed cup: 104°C (219.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 0.53 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Flammability | : Not available. |
| Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | : Lower: 1% Upper: 8.1% |
| Vapor pressure | : 0.79 kPa (5.9 mm Hg) |
| Relative vapor density | : 3.66 [Air = 1] |
| Relative density | : 1.07 |
| Solubility(ies) | : |

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

| | |
|--|--|
| Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water | : Not applicable. |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available. |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available. |
| Viscosity | : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm ² /s (>20.5 cSt) |
| Molecular weight | : Not applicable. |
| Heat of combustion | : 2.483 kJ/g |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : No specific data. |
| Incompatible materials | : No specific data. |
| Hazardous decomposition products | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------|-------------|----------|
| Epoxy Polymer | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | 20 g/kg | - |
| Alkyl Glycidyl Ether | LD50 Oral | Rat | 17100 mg/kg | - |
| Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| Hexylene Glycol | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3700 mg/kg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6700 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-----------------|-------------|
| Epoxy Polymer | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 2 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Alkyl Glycidyl Ether | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 uL | - |
| Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Hexylene Glycol | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 465 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 mg | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|-------------------------|------|------|-----|
| Epoxy Polymer | - | 3 | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | 3 | - |
| Ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Hexylene Glycol | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|-----------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Hexylene Glycol | Category 2 | - | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 2 | - | - |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely routes of exposure : Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes severe burns. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain
watering
redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
redness
blistering may occur
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
stomach pains
reduced fetal weight
increase in fetal deaths
skeletal malformations

Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|--------------------|----------------|
| Oral | 12129.17 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 44858.03 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 273226.19 ppm |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched | Acute EC50 0.03 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.027 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 0.044 mg/l | Crustaceans - <i>Moina macrocopa</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 17 µg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Pleuronectes americanus</i> - Larvae | 96 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 0.012 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus fossarum</i> - Adult | 21 days |
| Hexylene Glycol | Chronic NOEC 7.4 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> - Embryo | 33 days |
| | Acute EC50 2800000 µg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia reticulata</i> - Larvae | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 3200000 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 8000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Alburnus alburnus</i> | 96 hours |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> | 48 hours |

| | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------|--------------|
| Date of issue | Date of revision | Date of previous issue | Version | 12/16 |
| GP3564A01 | Resufloor™ 3564 Static Dissipative Epoxy Binder Resin (Part A) Clear | 9/13/2023 | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA | |

Section 12. Ecological information

| | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|----------|
| Ethylbenzene | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | <i>pugio</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i> | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 96 hours |
| | | Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> | |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | - | Readily |
| Ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogP _{ow} | BCF | Potential |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Alkyl Glycidyl Ether | - | 160 to 263 | Low |
| Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched | - | 740 | High |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | 8.1 to 25.9 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.







Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|-----------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 | UN3066 |
| | | | | | |

Section 14. Transport information

| | | | | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT. Marine pollutant (Phenol, 4-Nonyl-, Branched, Phenol, 2-nonyl-, branched) |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 8  | 8  | 8  | 8  | 8   |
| Packing group | III | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required. | Yes. |
| Additional information | - <u>ERG No.</u> 153 | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.40-2.42 (Class 8). <u>ERG No.</u> 153 | - <u>ERG No.</u> 153 | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-A, S-B |

Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not available.

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

[International regulations](#)

[Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

[Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

[International lists](#)

: **Australia inventory (AIIIC)**: Not determined.
China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
Thailand inventory: Not determined.
Turkey inventory: Not determined.
Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

[Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health | * | 3 |
| Flammability | | 1 |
| Physical hazards | | 0 |
| | | |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

[Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

| Classification | Justification |
|---|--------------------|
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 1B | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 | Calculation method |

[History](#)

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Section 16. Other information

Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
IATA = International Air Transport Association
IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973
as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
N/A = Not available
SGG = Segregation Group
UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.