# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

B69B40

# Section 1. Identification

Product name	: Hi-Mil SHER-TAR™ Coal Tar Epoxy Enamel (Part A)
Product code	: B69B40
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
National contact	: Sherwin-Williams Canada Inc. 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 37% (oral), 44.8% (dermal), 46.2% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

# Section 2. Hazards identification

Section 2. Hazard	
Hazard statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)</li> </ul>
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

### **CAS number/other identifiers**

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Refined Coal Tar Pitch	37	65996-93-2 🥄
Talc	23.08	14807-96-6
Xylene, mixed isomers	9.93	1330-20-7
Polyamidoamine	5.86	68082-29-1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	3.66	64742-95-6
1-Propoxy-2-propanol	3.38	1569-01-3
Fumed Amorphous Silica	2.9	112945-52-5
Ethylbenzene	2.09	100-41-4
Date of issue/Date of revision         : 4/18/2024         Date of previous issue	: 1/22/2024	Version : 19.01 2/21
B69B40 Hi-Mil SHER-TAR™ Coal Tar Epoxy Enamel (Part A)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

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trimethylbenzene	1.91	25551-13-7
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.8	108-67-8
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.8	95-63-6
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	0.27	14808-60-7
Cumene	0.25	98-82-8
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	0.24	526-73-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion :	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/sympton	าร

# Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting
Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters Remark	<ul> <li>Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.</li> <li>Flammable liquid.</li> </ul>

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

Conditions for safe storage,	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area.
including any	Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated
incompatibilities	area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store
incompationales	locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Refined Coal Tar Pitch	65996-93-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Coal tar pitch volatiles as benzene soluble aerosol] TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Coal tar pitch volatiles (benzene soluble fraction), anthracene, BaP, phenanthrene acridine, chrysene, pyrene] TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Benzene soluble NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [COAL TAR PITCH VOLATILES] TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Cyclohexane-extract
Talc	14807-96-6	<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> <li>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</li> </ul>
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Polyamidoamine	68082-29-1	None.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	64742-95-6 1569-01-3	None.
1-Propoxy-2-propanol Fumed Amorphous Silica	112945-52-5	None. <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> [SILICA, AMORPHOUS] TWA: 6 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.

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		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers]
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	14808-60-7	<ul> <li>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form Respirable</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 50 μg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)] TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: respirable dust</li> </ul>
Cumene	98-82-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	526-73-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

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ngredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Coal tar pitch	65996-93-2	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>[Coal tar pitch volatiles as benzene solubles]</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as benzene solubles 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[Coal tar pitch volatiles as benzene-soluble aerosol]</li> <li>TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as benzene-soluble aerosol) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Coal tar pitch volatiles as benzene soluble aerosol]</li> <li>TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 0.6 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as benzene soluble aerosol) 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> </ul>
Xylene	1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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		TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer] STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Quartz	14808-60-7	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite Respirable] TWA: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:
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		Respirable particulate <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> <b>[Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]</b> TWA: 0.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
Cumene	98-82-8	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 74 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>

### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Refined Coal Tar Pitch	65996-93-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Coal tar pitch volatiles (Benzene solubles)] TWA: 0.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as soluble aerosol in Benzene) 8 hours. Form: soluble aerosol
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Trimethyl benzene, mixed isomers] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.
Cumene	98-82-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name		Exposure indi	ces	
Refined Coal Tar Pitch		[polycyclic ard BEI: 2.5 µg/l, Sampling time: workweek. BEI: Nonquan should be cons based on the re could not be de	nited States, 1/2023) omatic hydrocarbons] 1-hydroxypyrene [in urine end of shift at end of titative: Biological monito idered for this compound eview; however, a specific etermined due to insufficie ybenzo(a)pyrene [in urine	ring c BEI® ent
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/18/20.	4 Date of previous issue	: 1/22/2024	Version : 19.01	10/21
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	Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

### **Biological exposure indices (Canada)**

No exposure indices known.

### **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene, mixed isomers	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of mandelic acid and acid phenylglyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time: uncritical.

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some</li> </ul>
	cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	<u>Ires</u>
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	<ul> <li>Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.</li> </ul>
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	:	Liquid.
Color	:	Black.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.

### Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 136	136°C (276.8°F)		
Flash point	: Clo	sed cup: 43°C (109.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]		
Evaporation rate	: 0.8	(butyl acetate = 1)		
Flammability	: Fla	mmable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit		ver: 0.7% ber: 16.9%		
Vapor pressure	: 0.9	5 kPa (7.1 mm Hg)		
Relative vapor density	: 3.6	6 [Air = 1]		
Relative density	: 1.3	2		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media		Result		
cold water		Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	: Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.			
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)			
Molecular weight	: No	: Not applicable.		
Heat of combustion	: 25.	252 kJ/g		

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects Acute toxicity

	0			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
1-Propoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3550 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2504 mg/kg	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
1-Propoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Refined Coal Tar Pitch	-	1	-
Talc	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	+	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1-Propoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-
1-Propoxy-2-propanol	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	No specific data.
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains nausea or vomiting</li> </ul>

Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effective	ffects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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**Fertility effects** 

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Oral Dermal Inhalation (vapors)	7794.86 mg/kg 11218.91 mg/kg 147.6 mg/l			

## Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna -</i> Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus</i> pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Cumene	Acute EC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene, mixed isomers Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Ethylbenzene	- - -	- -	Readily Readily Readily

: 1/22/2024

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	Low	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	Low	
Cumene	-	35.48	Low	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	-	194.98	Low	

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

### Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	III	111	Ш	Ш	111
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
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Additional	This product may	Product classified	_	L	Emergency
information	be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable	as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).		-	Emergency schedules F-E, S E
	quantity.				
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
pecial precaution ansport in bulk a IMO instruments	consid mode suitabl to ship of the dange and or and or	nodal shipping descrip er container sizes. Th of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of tran ment, and compliance person offering the pr rous goods must be tr all actions in case of ilable.	e presence of a ship etc.), does not indica nsport. All packaging e with the applicable oduct for transport. F rained on all of the ri	oping description for ate that the product i must be reviewed f regulations is the so People loading and u sks deriving from the	a particular s packaged for suitability prior ble responsibility unloading
	Proper	shipping name	: Not available.		
Section 15.	Regulatory in	nformation			
International reg					
Montreal Protoc Not listed.	<u>:ol</u>				
	vention on Persisten	<u>t Organic Pollutants</u>			
Not listed.					
International list	Chir Japa	tralia inventory (AIIC na inventory (IECSC) an inventory (CSCL) an inventory (ISHL):	: Not determined. : Not determined.		

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### Section 15. Regulatory information

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

**History** 

motory	
Date of printing	: 4/18/2024
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

## Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.