SAFETY DATA SHEET

B54WZ401

Section 1. Identification

| Product name | : Industrial Enamel HS Pure White |
|--|--|
| Product code | : B54WZ401 |
| Other means of identification | : Not available. |
| Product type | : Liquid. |
| Relevant identified uses of t | he substance or mixture and uses advised against |
| Paint or paint related material. | |
| Manufacturer | : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115 |
| National contact | : Sherwin-Williams Canada Inc. 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada |
| Emergency telephone number of the company | : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year |
| Product Information Telephone Number | : US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available |
| Transportation Emergency Telephone Number | : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year |

Section 2. Hazards identification

Industrial Enamel HS

Pure White

B54WZ401

| Classification of the substance or mixture | : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract |
|--|---|
| | irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 |
| | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| | Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 30.3% (oral), 32.4% (dermal), 30.3% (inhalation) |
| GHS label elements | |
| Hazard pictograms | |
| Signal word | : Danger |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 2/4/2024 Version : 30 1/20 |

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

Section 2. Hazards identification

| Hazard statements | Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Precautionary statements | |
| Prevention | : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. |
| Response | : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. |
| Storage | : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool. |
| Disposal | : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations. |
| Supplemental label elements | DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. |
| | This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). |
| | Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage. |
| Hazards not otherwise classified | : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations. |

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 22 | 64742-47-8 |
| Titanium Dioxide | 14.57 | 13463-67-7 |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 8.28 | 14808-60-7 |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 2.17 | 111-76-2 |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1.24 | 1330-20-7 |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | 0.54 | 64742-48-9 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 0.41 | 96-29-7 |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | 0.4 | 64742-82-1 |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 0.3 | 22464-99-9 |
| Ethylbenzene | 0.22 | 100-41-4 |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 0.2 | 64742-88-7 |
| Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 0.14 | 136-51-6 |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | 0.13 | 111-77-3 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

| Eye contact | Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. |
|--------------|---|
| Inhalation | : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |
| Skin contact | : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. |
| Ingestion | : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. |

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

| Date of issue/Date of re | evision : 4/ | /18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version | : 30 | 3/20 |
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| | ıstrial Enamel HS e White | | | | SHW-85-1 | NA-GHS-CA | |

Section 4. First aid measures

| Potential acute health effe | <u>cts</u> |
|-----------------------------|--|
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Over-exposure signs/symp | <u>ptoms</u> |
| Eye contact | : No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| ndication of immediate me | dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary |
| Notes to physician | Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. |
| Specific treatments | : No specific treatment. |
| Protection of first-aiders | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid t give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. |

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Extinguishing media | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Suitable extinguishing media | : Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam. |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | : Do not use water jet. |

| Date of issue/Date of revision | | : 4 |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----|
| B54WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | |

4/18/2024 Date of previous issue

: 2/4/2024

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

| Specific hazards arising from the chemical | : Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. |
|--|--|
| Hazardous thermal decomposition products | : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides |
| Special protective actions for fire-fighters | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. |
| Special protective equipment for fire-fighters | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. |
| Remark | : Flammable liquid. |
| | |

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

| For non-emergency personnel | : | No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
|--------------------------------|---|---|
| For emergency responders | : | If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel". |
| Environmental precautions | : | This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). |

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

| Small spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. |
|-------------|--|
| Large spill | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

: 2/4/2024

Section 7. Handling and storage

| Precautions for safe handling | |
|--|--|
| Protective measures | : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. |
| Advice on general occupational hygiene | : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. |
| Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities | : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use. |

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits | |
|--|------------------------|---|--|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. | |
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable | |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 14808-60-7 | fraction, finescale particles OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 50 μg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: | |
| hate of issue/Date of revision : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 Version : 30 6/20 | |
| 54WZ401 Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA | |

| Section 6. Exposure controls/ | personal proc | ection |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| | | Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)] TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1330-20-7 | TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 64742-48-9 96-29-7 | None. OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 64742-82-1 22464-99-9 | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [zirconium compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 10 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Zirconium compounds (as Zr)] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | 64742-88-7 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Naphtha (Coal tar)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | 136-51-6 111-77-3 | None. None. |
| Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/18/2024 Da B54WZ401 Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | te of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 Version : 30 7/20 SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| ngredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits |
|---|-------------------|--|
| Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate Quartz | 64742-47-8 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. |
| | | 6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite Respirable] TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] |
| te of issue/Date of revision : 4/18/2024 Date of | of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 Version : 30 |

| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate 22464-99-9 Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate 22464-99-9 22464-99-9 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds as Z] STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. | | | 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
|---|----------------------------|------------|---|
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate22464-99-9CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds as Z] STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebee Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebee Provincia | Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | sensitizer. |
| 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2012). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. | Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds as Z] STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. |
| | Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. |

| Ingredient name | CAS # | Exposure limits | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--|--|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. | |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 14808-60-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | 111-76-2 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. | |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1330-20-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. | |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | 22464-99-9 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Zirconium compounds] TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes. | |

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Biological exposure indices (United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indicesACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid(BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. | |
|-----------------------|---|--|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | | |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. | |
| Ethylbenzene | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. | |

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

| Ingredient | t name | | | Exposure indi | ces | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|---|--|--------------|
| 2-Butoxyet | thanol | | | 047-SSA1-2011 Biological exp occupationally substances. (M BEI: 200 mg/g (BAA) [in urine]. | In STANDARD NOM- I, Environmental Health osure indices for perso r exposed to chemical Mexico, 6/2012) creatinine, butoxyacetic . Sampling time: exposure nd of the work shift. | nnel acid |
| Xylene, mi | ixed isomers | | | 047-SSA1-2011 | In STANDARD NOM- I, Environmental Health osure indices for perso | |
| Date of issue/L | Date of revision | : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version : 30 | 10/20 |
| 354WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | | | | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA | L. |

| occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the |
|---|
| work shift. |

| Appropriate engineering controls | : Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Environmental exposure controls | : This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels. |
| Individual protection measure | |
| Hygiene measures | Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. |
| Eye/face protection | : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields. |
| Skin protection | |
| Hand protection | : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. |
| Body protection | : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. |
| Other skin protection | : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. |
| Respiratory protection | : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. |

: 2/4/2024

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

| <u>Appearance</u> | |
|---|---|
| Physical state | : Liquid. |
| Color | : White. |
| Odor | : Not available. |
| Odor threshold | : Not available. |
| рН | : Not applicable. |
| Melting point/freezing point | : Not available. |
| Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range | : 138°C (280.4°F) |
| Elech point | : Closed cup: 39°C (102.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup] |
| Flash point | · Closed cup. 39 C (102.2 F) [Felisky-Marten's Closed Cup] |
| Evaporation rate | : 89 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| | |
| Evaporation rate | : 89 (butyl acetate = 1) |
| Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion | 89 (butyl acetate = 1) Flammable liquid. Lower: 1% |
| Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit | 89 (butyl acetate = 1) Flammable liquid. Lower: 1% Upper: 10.6% |
| Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit Vapor pressure | 89 (butyl acetate = 1) Flammable liquid. Lower: 1% Upper: 10.6% 0.79 kPa (5.9 mm Hg) |

| | Result |
|--------|--|
| | Not soluble |
| : Not | applicable. |
| : Not | available. |
| : Not | available. |
| : Kin | ematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt) |
| : Not | applicable. |
| : 12.0 |)31 kJ/g |
| | : Not : Not : Kin : Not |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

| Reactivity | : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients. |
|------------------------------------|--|
| Chemical stability | : The product is stable. |
| Possibility of hazardous reactions | : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur. |
| Conditions to avoid | : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas. |
| Incompatible materials | : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials |

| Date of issue/Date | of revision | : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version : 30 | 12/20 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|------------------|-------|
| B54WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | | | | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA | |

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

 tion : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|------------|------------------------|----------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | LCLo Inhalation Vapor | Guinea pig | >3.1 mg/l | 1 hours |
| | LD50 Dermal | Guinea pig | >2000 mg/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1300 mg/kg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6700 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| Hydrotreated Heavy | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 8500 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| Petroleum Naphtha | | | | |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >6 g/kg | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | LD50 Oral | Rat | 930 mg/kg | - |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5 g/kg | - |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | >5 g/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 | - |
| | | | | ug l | |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | - | | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 uL | - |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

....

Classification

| Date of issue/Date | of revision |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|
| B54WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | - 3 | | |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|---------------------------------|
| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 2B | - |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | + | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | - | 3 | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | 3 | - |
| Ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Category 1 | - | upper respiratory tract |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------------------------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Category 2 | - | - |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 2 | - | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Category 2 | - | blood system |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | Category 1 | - | central nervous system (CNS) |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | - |
| Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 1 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|---|--|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene, mixed isomers Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

| Date of issue/L | Date of revision | : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version | : 30 | 14/20 |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|---------|-----------|-------|
| B54WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | | | | SHW-85- | NA-GHS-CA | L . |

Section 11. Toxicological information

| | • |
|--|---|
| Information on the likely routes of exposure | : Not available. |
| Potential acute health effe | ects |
| Eye contact | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Inhalation | Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. |
| Skin contact | : May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Ingestion | : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| Symptoms related to the p | physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics |
| Eye contact | No specific data. |
| Inhalation | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Skin contact | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Ingestion | : Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations |
| Delayed and immediate ef | fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure |
| <u>Short term exposure</u> | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Long term exposure | |
| Potential immediate effects | : Not available. |
| Potential delayed effects | : Not available. |
| Potential chronic health en Not available. | ffects |
| | Courses domage to organe through prolonged or repeated everyoner. Once any there is |
| General | : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels. |
| Carcinogenicity | : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. |
| Mutagenicity | : No known significant effects or critical hazards. |
| Teratogenicity | : Suspected of damaging the unborn child. |
| | |

| Date of issue/Dat | te of revision | : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version : 30 | 15/20 |
|-------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|------------------|-------|
| B54WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | | | | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA | ¥. |

Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|---------------------|-----------------|
| Oral | 33262.68 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 136123.37 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 96.43 mg/l |

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 4 days 🥄 |
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |
| 2-Butoxyethanol | Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 48 hours |
| - | Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Crangon crangon | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water | Fish - Menidia beryllina | 96 hours |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp</i> Nauplii | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| 2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol | Acute EC50 >930 ppm Fresh water | Daphnia - Daphnia magna | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7500 ppm Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 96 hours |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| 2-Butoxyethanol | - | - | Readily |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | - | Readily |
| Ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|----------------------------|--------|-------------|---------------------------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | 8.1 to 25.9 | Low |
| Hydrotreated Heavy | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Petroleum Naphtha | | | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | - | 2.5 to 5.8 | Low |
| Heavy Aliphatic Solvent | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 2.96 | Low |
| Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate | - | 2.96 | Low |

| Date of issue/Date | of revision | : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version | : 30 | 16/20 |
|--------------------|------------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|---------|-----------|-------|
| B54WZ401 | Industrial Enamel HS Pure White | | | | SHW-85- | NA-GHS-CA | L. |

Section 12. Ecological information

| <u>Mobility in soil</u> |
|-------------------------|
| Soil/water partition |
| coefficient (Koc) |

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods : This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | ΙΑΤΑ | IMDG |
|--|--|---|--------------------------|--------|--|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | Ш | ш | 111 | 111 |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| Additional information | This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). | - | | <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E |
| bate of issue/Date of rev 54WZ401 Indus | vision : 4/18/20 | 24 Date of previous i | issue : 2/4/2024 | | ersion : 30 17/ HW-85-NA-GHS-CA |

Section 14. Transport information

| | materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity. | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| | ERG No. | ERG No. | ERG No. | | |
| | 128 | 128 | 128 | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| pecial precaution | conside mode o suitably to ship of the p danger | er container sizes of transport (sea, a / for that mode of ment, and complia person offering the ous goods must b | The presence of a s air, etc.), does not ind transport. All packagi ance with the applicat product for transpor | d for informational purphipping description for icate that the product in ng must be reviewed f le regulations is the so the recople loading and the risks deriving from the ions. | a particular s packaged for suitability prior ble responsibility unloading |
| ransport in bulk a MO instruments | | lable. | | | |

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity).

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

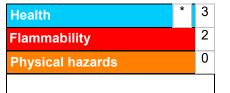
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|--|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 | Calculation method |
| SPEČIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 | Calculation method Calculation method |

| Н | is | to | ry |
|---|----|----|----|
| | | | |

| motory | |
|--------------------------------|---|
| Date of printing | : 4/18/2024 |
| Date of issue/Date of revision | : 4/18/2024 |
| Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 |
| Version | : 30 |
| Key to abbreviations | ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations |

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer,

| Date of issue/Date of r | revision | : 4/18/2024 | Date of previous issue | : 2/4/2024 | Version | : 30 | 19/20 |
|-------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|----------|-----------|-------|
| | ustrial Enamel HS re White | | | | SHW-85-1 | NA-GHS-CA | |

Section 16. Other information

or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.