# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

N40A400

## Section 1. Identification

Product name	: MIL-PRF-24635, Type II, Class 2, Grade B LSA Enamel, Silicone Alkyd Copolymer Haze Gray 26270
Product code	: N40A400
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

# Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	<ul> <li>FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1</li> <li>Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 7.8%</li> </ul>
	(oral), 10.5% (dermal), 7.8% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger

## Section 2. Hazards identification

	Sidentification
Hazard statements Precautionary statements	<ul> <li>Flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)</li> </ul>
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	<ul> <li>DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.</li> <li>Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not</li> </ul>
	transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.

**CAS number/other identifiers** 

### Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number		
Talc	≥10 - ≤25	14807-96-6		
Titanium Dioxide	≤10	13463-67-7		
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤10	64742-88-7		
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤6.8	64742-95-6		
trimethylbenzene	≤3	25551-13-7		
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	≤1.4	108-67-8		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	≤1.4	95-63-6		
Xylene, mixed isomers	<1	1330-20-7		
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	<1	64742-47-8		
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤1	22464-99-9		
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	≤1	64742-48-9		
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	<1	526-73-8		
Cumene	<1	98-82-8		
Ethylbenzene	≤0.3	100-41-4		
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	≤0.3	96-29-7		
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	≤0.3	136-52-7		

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	<ul> <li>Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.</li> </ul>
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>S</u>	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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N40A400 MIL-PRF-24635, Type II, Class 2, Grade B LSA Enamel, Silicone Alkyd Copolymer Haze Gray 26270			amel, Silicone Alkyd Copolymer		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

# Section 4. First aid measures

: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
<u>toms</u>
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate med	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO <sub>2</sub> , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

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### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.			
Remark	: Flammable liquid.			

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures				
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.			
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".			
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).			
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up			
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.			
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact			

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers
	retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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# Section 7. Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Talc	14807-96-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Titanium Dioxide	13463-67-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	64742-88-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Naphtha (Coal tar)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 400 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons trimethylbenzene	64742-95-6 25551-13-7	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]
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Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> <b>[Zirconium and compounds as Zr]</b> TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		<ul> <li>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</li> <li>[zirconium compounds as Zr]</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 10 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</li> <li>[Zirconium compounds (as Zr)]</li> <li>TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha 1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	64742-48-9 526-73-8	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.
Cumene	98-82-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 245 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

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Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	<ul> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form:</li> <li>Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</li> </ul>
Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12	64742-88-7	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Mineral Spirits] TWA: 525 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
Trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer] STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>
Mesitylene	108-67-8	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)]

<ul> <li>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer] STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer] STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>20-7</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m &amp; p isomers)]</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>[Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 123 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Trimethyl benzene (mixture of isomers)] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Trimethyl benzene (mixed isomers)] TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Trimethyl benzene mixed isomer] STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>20-7</li> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> </ul>
8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>6/2022). [Xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)]</b> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> <b>[Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)]</b> TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 434 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b> <b>[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,</b> <b>7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)]</b> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
-47-8 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection					
		[Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.			
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>[Zirconium and compounds as Zr] 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>[Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>[Zirconium and compounds as Z] STEL: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Zr) 15 minutes.</li> </ul>			
Cumene	98-82-8	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>8 hrs OEL: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</li> <li>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>TWAEV: 246 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</li> <li>STEL: 74 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>			
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	<ul> <li>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.</li> <li>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.</li> <li>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</li> </ul>			
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	96-29-7	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin			

Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	sensitizer. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co, Inhalable] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. Notes: No British Columbia exposure limit at this time
		CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co, Total] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co, Total) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Cobalt elemental, and inorganic compounds] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWAEV: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co] TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Co) 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co] STEL: 0.06 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 15 minutes. TWA: 0.02 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (measured as Co) 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

#### **Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)**

	CAS #	Exposure limit	ts			
trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	[Trimethyl benzene, mixed ison				
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8		8 hours. S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Izene, mixed isomers]			
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6		8 hours. S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Izene, mixed isomers]			
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	TWA: 25 ppm NOM-010-STPS [Zirconium cor	S-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).			
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		TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Zr) 8 hours.
		STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Cumene	98-82-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		[Cobalt and inorganic compounds]
		TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.

### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	<b>ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)</b> BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [cobalt and inorganic compounds including cobalt oxides] BEI: 15 µg/l, not combined with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. BEI: Nonquantitative: Biological monitoring should be considered for this compound based on the review; however, a specific BEI® could not be determined due to insufficient data., cobalt with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

#### **Biological exposure indices (Canada)**

No exposure indices known.

### **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredient n	Ingredient name			Exposure indice	S		
Cobalt 2-Ethy	/hexanoate			Official Mexican 047-SSA1-2011, Biological expose occupationally ex substances. (Me its compounds] BEI: 1 µg/I [Basa be present in the from subjects who occupationally ex that could affect t results. These ba in the valu; semi- determinant is an exposure, but the the measure is an determinants sho	Environmen sure indices exposed to c exico, 6/2012 al level. The d biological sar o have not be posed, at a c he interpretat ckground lev quantitative. T indicator of c quantitative mbiguous. Th	tal Health for perso hemical ) [cobalt a eterminan mple obtai en oncentratio ion of the els are inc he biologi chemical interpretat ese biolog	onnel and it may ined on cluded ical tion of gical
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	test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cobalt [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: $15 \mu g/I$ [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu], cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.
Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas,
Environmental exposure controls	<ul> <li>vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.</li> <li>Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.</li> </ul>
Individual protection meas	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	<ul> <li>Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.</li> </ul>

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 148°C (298.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Flash point Evaporation rate	<ul> <li>Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]</li> <li>0.23 (butyl acetate = 1)</li> </ul>
Evaporation rate	: 0.23 (butyl acetate = 1)
Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion	<ul> <li>: 0.23 (butyl acetate = 1)</li> <li>: Flammable liquid.</li> <li>: Lower: 0.7%</li> </ul>
Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	<ul> <li>0.23 (butyl acetate = 1)</li> <li>Flammable liquid.</li> <li>Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7%</li> </ul>
Evaporation rate Flammability Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit Vapor pressure	<ul> <li>0.23 (butyl acetate = 1)</li> <li>Flammable liquid.</li> <li>Lower: 0.7% Upper: 7%</li> <li>0.51 kPa (3.8 mm Hg)</li> </ul>

Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not	available.
Viscosity	: Kin	ematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not	applicable.
Heat of combustion	: 9.39	12 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingred	lients.
Chemical stability	The product is stable.	
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occ	ur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. I allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.	
Incompatible materials	Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials	

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## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

#### Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
•	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
Petroleum Naphtha			-	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Cumene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	39000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1.22 g/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Talc	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
Light Aromatic Llydroparhana	Even Mild irritant	Dabbit		ug l 24 hours 100	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	uL	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 20	
		Nabbit	-	mg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Cumene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 500	_
				mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	86 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 10	-
		Dahkit		mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
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## Section 11. Toxicological information

	Eyes - Severe irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Rabbit		mg 500 mg 24 hours 15	-	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 100 uL	-	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Talc	-	3	-
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Cumene	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Cumene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 1	-	upper respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

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### Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Talc	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 1	-	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Category 2	-	blood system

#### Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cumene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

# Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

#### Potential acute health effects

Eye contact

 Causes	serious	<u> </u>	irritation.
 Causes	3011043		miniation.

Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the p	nysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight

increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ffects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>Developmental effects</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Oral Inhalation (vapors)	17381.81 mg/kg 317.49 mg/l			

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio	48 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Cancer magister</i> - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus</i> <i>pectenicrus</i> - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Cumene	Acute EC50 7.4 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 10.6 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
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### Section 12. Ecological information

	•		
	Acute LC50 2700 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
-	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	Low	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	Low	
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low	
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	2.96	Low	
Hydrotreated Heavy	-	10 to 2500	High	
Petroleum Naphtha			Ū.	
1,2,3-Trimethylbenzene	-	194.98	Low	
Cumene	-	35.48	Low	
Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime	-	2.5 to 5.8	Low	
Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	-	15600	High	

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

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	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group					
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity. <b>ERG No.</b> 128	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	- <b>ERG No.</b> 128		Emergency schedules F-E, E
pecial precautions	conside mode c suitably to shipr of the p	odal shipping descriper container sizes. The of transport (sea, air, of for that mode of trans ment, and compliance person offering the pro ous goods must be to	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packagin e with the applicable oduct for transport.	pping description ate that the produ g must be reviewe regulations is the People loading ar	for a particular ct is packaged ed for suitability prior e sole responsibility nd unloading

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name : Not available.

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N40A400	MIL-PRF-24635, Type II, Class Haze Gray 26270	s 2, Grade B LSA En	amel, Silicone Alkyd Copolymer		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

### Section 15. Regulatory information

### SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### International regulations

**Montreal Protocol** 

Not listed.

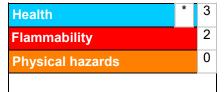
### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification			
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE SKIN SENSITIZATION - CARCINOGENICITY - Ca TOXIC TO REPRODUCT SPECIFIC TARGET ORC ASPIRATION HAZARD -	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method			
<u>History</u> Date of printing	: 1/23/2024			
Date of issue/Date of : 1/23/2024 revision				

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N40A400	MIL-PRF-24635, Type II, Clas Haze Gray 26270	ss 2, Grade B LSA Ei	namel, Silicone Alkyd Copolymer		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

### Section 16. Other information

Date of previous issue	: 11/16/2023
Version	: 27.01
Key to abbreviations	<ul> <li>ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations</li> </ul>

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.