SAFETY DATA SHEET

B69VZ20

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: ZINC CLAD® DOT Zinc-Rich Coating (Part A)			
Product code	: B69VZ20			
Other means of identification	: Not available.			
Product type	: Liquid.			
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against			
Paint or paint related material.				
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115			
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year			
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available			
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year			

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 35.9% (oral), 57.8% (dermal), 42% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/19/2024Date of previous issue: 9/14/2023Version: 15B69VZ20ZINC CLAD® DOT Zinc-Rich Coating (Part A)SHW-85-NA-G

Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling.
Response	: Get medical advice or attention if you feel unwell. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Ethyl Polysilicate	≥25 - ≤50	11099-06-2
Ethyl Silicate	≥10 - ≤25	78-10-4
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	≤7.7	107-98-2
Ethanol	≤6.4	64-17-5
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≤5	110-43-0
Amorphous Silica	≤5	7631-86-9
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	≤3	34590-94-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary fi	rst aid measures
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention following exposure or if feeling unwell. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effect	<u>s</u>			
Eye contact	Causes serious eye irritation.			
Inhalation	May cause respiratory irritation.			
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation.			
Ingestion	No known significant effects or critical hazards.			
Over-exposure signs/sympt	<u>oms</u>			
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness			
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing			
Skin contact	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness			
Ingestion	: No specific data.			
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary				
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 			
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.			
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.			

Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media				
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.			
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.			
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.			
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides			
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.			
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.			
Remark	: Flammable liquid.			

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tiv	e equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	nta	ainment and cleaning up

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Exposure limits
P-06-2 -4 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 85 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 85 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 850 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
8-2 ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 184 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes.
sue : 9/14/2023 Version : 15 5/1 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US
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Section 8.	Exposure	controls/	personal	protection

		STEL: 369 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 360 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethanol	64-17-5	STEL: 540 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 1900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Amorphous Silica	7631-86-9	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, AMORPHOUS] TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	34590-94-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 909 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 900 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 600 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits		
Ethyl silicate	78-10-4	8 hrs OEL: 85 mg 8 hrs OEL: 10 pp CA British Colum 6/2022). TWA: 10 ppm 8 h CA Ontario Provis TWA: 10 ppm 8 h	m 8 hours. bia Provincial (Cana nours. ncial (Canada, 6/201 nours. ncial (Canada, 6/202	uda, 9).
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/	0/2024 Date of previous issue	: 9/14/2023	Version : 15	6/17
369VZ20 ZINC CLAD® DOT Zinc-Ric	Coating (Part A)		SHW-85-NA-GHS-U	5

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

		TWAEV: 85 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Propylene glycol monomethyl ether	107-98-2	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 553 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 369 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 553 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Absorbed through skin.
8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.
15 min OEL: 909 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
8 hrs OEL: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
6/2022). [dipropylene glycol methyl ether]
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
[Dipropylene glyco monomethyl ether]
Absorbed through skin.
TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.
TWAEV: 606 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
STEV: 909 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013). Absorbed through skin.
STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Ethyl Silicate	78-10-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	107-98-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
ethanol	64-17-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol	34590-94-8	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [(2-Methoxymethylethoxy)propanol] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

No exposure indices known.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation of other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Physical state	: Liquid.	
Color	: Gray.	
Odor	: Not available.	
Odor threshold	: Not available.	
рН	: Not applicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 77°C (170.6°F)	
Flash point	: Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 9/14/2023	Version	:15	9/17
B69VZ20	9VZ20 ZINC CLAD® DOT Zinc-Rich Coating (Part A)				SHW-85-1	NA-GHS-US	

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

, ,				
Evaporation rate	:	1.6 ((butyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	:	Flan	nmable liquid.	
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	1		Lower: 1.1% Upper: 19%	
Vapor pressure	:	5.9 I	κPa (44 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	:	1.5 [Air = 1]	
Relative density	:	1.23		
Solubility(ies)	:			
Media			Result	
cold water			Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not	applicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not	available.	
Viscosity	:	Kine	ematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)	
Molecular weight	:	Not	applicable.	
Heat of combustion	1	12.5	49 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Ethyl Silicate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6270 mg/kg	-
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	13 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	6600 mg/kg	-
Ethanol	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	124700 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7 g/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 9/14/2023	Version	:15	10/17
B69VZ20	20 ZINC CLAD® DOT Zinc-Rich Coating (Part A)				SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 11. Toxicological information

	<u> </u>				
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Ethyl Silicate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Guinea pig	-	2 hours 2500	-
				ppm	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
		Dahhit		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 0.066666667	
		Tabbit	-	minutes 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 uL	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	400 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
Amorphous Silica	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-
				mg	
2-Methoxymethylethoxypropanol		Human	-	8 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	China Mild invitant	Dabbit		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Ethanol Amorphous Silica	-	1 3	-

:9/14/2023

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Ethyl Silicate	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethanol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•••	Route of exposure	Target organs
1-Methoxy-2-propanol	Category 2	-	-
Ethanol	Category 2	-	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure Potential acute health effects

Potential acute nearth ener	<u>,15</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure Short term exposure Potential immediate : Not available. effects Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health e	<u>ects</u>	
Not available.		
General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.	
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral Inhalation (vapors)	22420.91 mg/kg 29.89 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Т	oxi	C	ity	
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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Ethanol	Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 2000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 25500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 42000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	4 days
	Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 100 ul/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.375 ul/L Fresh water	Fish - <i>Gambusia holbrooki -</i> Larvae	12 weeks
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Amorphous Silica	Acute EC50 2.2 g/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Chronic NOEC 12.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Ethanol Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revisionB69VZ20ZINC CLAD

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Mobility in soil</u>	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Ethyl Polysilicate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	111	Ш	Ш	111	Ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤ kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

Section 14. Trans	oort inf	ormation		-	-
Special precautions for user	conside mode c suitably to shipr of the p danger	er container sizes. T of transport (sea, air / for that mode of tra ment, and complian person offering the p ous goods must be	iptions are provided f he presence of a ship , etc.), does not indica ansport. All packaging ce with the applicable roduct for transport. I trained on all of the ri of emergency situation	pping description for ate that the product g must be reviewed to regulations is the se People loading and sks deriving from th	a particular is packaged for suitability prior ole responsibility unloading
Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments	: Not avai	lable.			
	Proper s	shipping name	: Not available.		

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

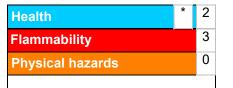
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.	
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.	
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.	
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.	
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.	
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIOC): Not determine	ed.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.	
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determin	ned
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.	
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.	
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.	

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 4/19/2024	Date of previous issue	: 9/14/2023	Version	:15	15/17
B69VZ20	ZINC CLAD® DOT Zin	c-Rich Coating	(Part A)		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 16. Other information

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification					
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - C SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ SPECIFIC TARGET ORG, irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORG,	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method					
<u>History</u>						
Date of printing	: 4/19/2024					
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/19/2024					
Date of previous issue	: 9/14/2023	9/14/2023				
Version	: 15					
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition co MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevent	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group				

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

: 9/14/2023