SAFETY DATA SHEET

B69A8

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: ZINC CLAD® IV Primer (Part U) Flat/Gray-Green
Product code	: B69A8
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standa (29 CFR 1910.1200). 	ard
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 6.9% (oral), 88.1% (dermal), 88.1% (inhalation) 	6
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (skin) 	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/19/2024 Version : 25	1/17
B69A8 ZINC CLAD® I Flat/Gray-Gree	V Primer (Part U) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 2. Hazards identification

Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixture

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤10	1330-20-7
Epoxy Polymer	≤5	67924-34-9
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	≤3	14808-60-7
Ethylbenzene	≤2.4	100-41-4
Zeolites	≤3	1318-02-1
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≤2.3	110-43-0
Naphtha (petroleum), arom	≤2.2	68603-08-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	<1	64742-95-6
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version : 25	2/17
B69A8	ZINC CLAD® IV Primer (Part U) Flat/Grav-Green				SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary firs	t aid measures
Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symp	<u>otoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Date of issue/Date of	of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version	: 25	3/17
	ZINC CLAD® IV Primer Flat/Gray-Green	(Part U)			SHW-85-N	IA-GHS-US	

before removing it, or wear gloves.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	g : Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Flat/Gray-Green

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or wit Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unp entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. S No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breat adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when v on appropriate personal protective equipment.	orotected personnel from Shut off all ignition sources. hing vapor or mist. Provide
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also emergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up	
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste dispo	o if water-soluble. Alternatively, I place in an appropriate waste
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwin water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spill plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatom container for disposal according to local regulations (see licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorb	nd. Prevent entry into sewers, ages into an effluent treatment with non-combustible, aceous earth and place in Section 13). Dispose of via a
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/19/2024	Version : 25 4/17
B69A8 ZINC CLAD® IV F	rimer (Part U)	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Section 6. Accidental release measures

same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	9	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Epoxy Polymer Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	67924-34-9 14808-60-7	None. OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable TWA: 10 mg/m ³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 50 μg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust
Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/18/2	024 Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024 Version : 25 5/17
B69A8 ZINC CLAD® IV Primer (Part U) Flat/Gray-Green)	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

I		
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline] TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)] TWA: 0.05 mg/m ³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Zeolites	1318-02-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), arom Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons trimethylbenzene	68603-08-7 64742-95-6 25551-13-7	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredie	nt name		CAS #	Exposure limits		
Xylene			1330-20-7	[Dimethylbenz 8 hrs OEL: 100 15 min OEL: 6 15 min OEL: 1 8 hrs OEL: 434 CA British Colu 6/2022). [Xylen TWA: 100 ppn STEL: 150 ppr	51 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. 50 ppm 15 minutes. 4 mg/m ³ 8 hours. umbia Provincial (Canada, e (o, m & p isomers)] n 8 hours. m 15 minutes. ovincial (Canada, 6/2022). p- isomers)]	
Date of issue	/Date of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version : 25	6/17
369A8	ZINC CLAD® IV Flat/Gray-Green	Primer (Part U)			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

		TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Z	14808-60-7	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite Respirable] TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
penzene	100-41-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
/I n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
sue/Date of revision : 4/18/2024 Date of p ZINC CLAD® IV Primer (Part U)	previous issue	: 1/19/2024 Version : 25 7/ SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

	TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
--	--

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	14808-60-7	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 0.025 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form:
		Respirable fraction
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
-		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Xylene, mixed isomers ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2 (technical or commercial grad BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyll [in urine]. Sampling time: end of	
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Official Mexican STANDARE 047-SSA1-2011, Environmer Biological exposure indices occupationally exposed to o substances. (Mexico, 6/2012 (technical or commercial gra BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, meth [in urine]. Sampling time: at th work shift.	ntal Health- for personnel chemical 2) [xylenes ade)] yl hippuric acids
Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARE 047-SSA1-2011, Environmer Biological exposure indices occupationally exposed to o substances. (Mexico, 6/2012 BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-s determinant is nonspecific, sir	ntal Health- for personnel chemical 2) specific.The
hate of issue/Date of revision : 4/18/20	Date of previous issue : 1/19/2024 Version	
69A8 ZINC CLAD® IV Primer (Part U) Flat/Gray-Green	SHW-85	-NA-GHS-US

found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of mandelic acid and acid phenylglyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time:
test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time: uncritical.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, lo other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls als	e contaminants below any
	vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. ventilation equipment.	Use explosion-proof
Environmental exposure controls	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be they comply with the requirements of environmental protection cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	legislation. In some
Individual protection meas	<u>Sures</u>	
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling cher eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the wo Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially of Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the w contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash sta showers are close to the workstation location.	orking period. ontaminated clothing. orkplace. Wash
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should b assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liq gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection s the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chem	juid splashes, mists, should be worn, unless
Skin protection		
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an appro- worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assi- necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective prop- noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of sev protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	essment indicates this is manufacturer, check perties. It should be be different for different
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from stat static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from stati should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	specialist before ic electricity, wear anti-
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measu based on the task being performed and the risks involved and specialist before handling this product.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/19/2024	Version : 25 9/17
B69A8 ZINC CLAD® IV	/ Primer (Part U)	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Flat/Gray-Green

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	1	Liquid.
Color	:	Gray.
Odor	:	Not available.
Odor threshold	:	Not available.
рН	:	Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	136°C (276.8°F)
Flash point	:	Closed cup: 27°C (80.6°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	:	0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	:	Flammable liquid.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	Lower: 1% Upper: 7.9%
Vapor pressure	:	0.95 kPa (7.1 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	:	3.66 [Air = 1]
Relative density	:	3.4
Solubility(ies)	:	
Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	:	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	:	Not available.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	:	Not applicable.
Heat of combustion	:	2.723 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Flat/Gray-Green

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this p	roduct or its ingredients.	
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.		
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous rea	actions will not occur.	
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do r braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or so allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/19/2024	Version : 25 10	0/17
B69A8 ZINC CLAD® IV	Primer (Part U)	SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials

: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Section 11. Toxicological information

	5		
Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene, mixed isomers Crystalline Silica, respirable powder Ethylbenzene Zeolites	- + - -	3 1 2B 3	- Known to be a human carcinogen. - -

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Naphtha (petroleum), arom	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Crystalline Silica, respirable powder	Category 1	inhalation	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Naphtha (petroleum), arom	Category 2	-	skin
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Naphtha (petroleum), arom	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	÷	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.



Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/18/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/10/2024 Versio

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version : 25	12/17
B69A8	ZINC CLAD® IV Prime Flat/Gray-Green	r (Part U)			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 11. Toxic	ological information
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	: No specific data.
Short term exposure Potential immediate	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure : Not available.
effects Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health ef	ffects
Not available.	
General	: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity Mutagenicity Teratogenicity Developmental effects	 May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards. No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	42028.13 mg/kg
Dermal	4954.43 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	60.42 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia sp Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Zeolites	Chronic NOEC 200000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Zeolites	-	0.59 to 0.95	Low
Naphtha (petroleum), arom	-	10 to 2500	High
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods
 The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version : 25	14/17
B69A8	ZINC CLAD® IV Prime Flat/Gray-Green	r (Part U)			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (Zinc Powder)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	111	111	111	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤ kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
special precautions	conside mode of suitably to ship of the p danger and on	nodal shipping descripter container sizes. The of transport (sea, air, y for that mode of transment, and compliance person offering the provide goods must be the all actions in case of	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packagin e with the applicable oduct for transport. rained on all of the r	pping description for ate that the product g must be reviewed e regulations is the s People loading and isks deriving from th	r a particular is packaged for suitability prior ole responsibility unloading
ransport in bulk ac MO instruments	and on	all actions in case of			

Proper shipping name : Not available.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version : 25	15/17
B69A8	ZINC CLAD® IV Prime Flat/Gray-Green	r (Part U)			SHW-85-NA-GHS-US	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

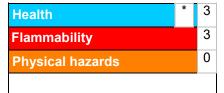
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists	: Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
	China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
	Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
	Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
	Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
	Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
	Thailand inventory: Not determined.
	Turkey inventory: Not determined.
	Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - (SKIN CORROSION/IRRIT SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE SKIN SENSITIZATION - (CARCINOGENICITY - Ca SPECIFIC TARGET ORG	On basis of test data Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method
<u>History</u> Date of printing Date of issue/Date of revision	

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 4/18/2024	Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024	Version	: 25	16/17
B69A8	ZINC CLAD® IV Primer Flat/Gray-Green	(Part U)			SHW-85-	NA-GHS-US	

Section 16. Other information

Date of previous issue	: 1/19/2024
Version	: 25
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

V Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.