SAFETY DATA SHEET

B65W831

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: ACROLON® Ultra Acrylic Polyurethane - Semi-Gloss (Part A) Extra White
Product code	: B65W831
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

B65W831

Extra White

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1 SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.1% (oral), 8.5% (dermal), 8.5% (inhalation)
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/22/2024 Version : 28 1/22

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

ACROLON® Ultra Acrylic Polyurethane - Semi-Gloss (Part A)

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
nazaru statements	Causes skin irritation.
	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
	Causes serious eye damage.
	May cause respiratory irritation.
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
	Suspected of causing cancer.
	May damage fertility or the unborn child.
	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	may cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture: MixtureOther means of
identification: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

•	•	
Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Titanium Dioxide	≥10 - ≤25	13463-67-7
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	≥10 - ≤25	110-43-0
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	≤10	98-56-6
Fumed Amorphous Silica	≤5	112945-52-5
n-Butyl Acetate	≤5	123-86-4
Xylene, mixed isomers	≤3	1330-20-7
Zeolites	≤3	1318-02-1
Cyclohexanone	≤3	108-94-1
3-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-oxazolidine	≤3	143860-04-2
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	≤1	41556-26-7
Ethylbenzene	<1	100-41-4
UV Light Absorber	≤1	104810-48-2
Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	≤1	104810-47-1
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	≤0.88	64742-82-1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.3	64742-95-6
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.
Inhalation	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Skin contact	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
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Section 4. First aid measures

Potential acute health	<u>n effects</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.	
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. 	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
<u> Over-exposure signs</u>	/symptoms	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	uipment and emergency procedures	
For non-emergency personnel	action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without s acuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotec ering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut of flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Do not breathe v equate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventila appropriate personal protective equipment.	ted personnel from off all ignition sources. apor or mist. Provide
For emergency responders	pecialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take ction 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the in ergency personnel".	
Environmental precautions	oid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with s d sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has o lution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).	
Methods and materials for co	nent and cleaning up	
Small spill	op leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use plosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if wa f water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place	iter-soluble. Alternatively,

disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
	explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers,
	water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment
	plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible,
	absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in
	container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a
	licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the
	same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact

information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in his product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. A exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have bee and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapo Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator rentilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unle adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative rom a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use a rom heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proo electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-so ools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty co etain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.	which void en read r or mist. when ss made away f sparking
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material i nandled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before e Irinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipmer entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene neasures.	eating,
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-v area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. S bocked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Ke container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have be opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not inlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or us	rentilated tore eep en store in

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name		CAS #	Exposure limits
Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7 OSHA PEL (TWA: 15 m ACGIH TLV TWA: 2.5 m			OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 110-43-0 ACGIH TLV (Unite TWA: 50 ppm 8 h TWA: 233 mg/m ³ NIOSH REL (Unite TWA: 100 ppm 1		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours.	
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		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m³ 8 hours.
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride Fumed Amorphous Silica	98-56-6 112945-52-5	None. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, AMORPHOUS]
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	TWA: 6 mg/m ³ 10 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Butyl acetates all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Zeolites	1318-02-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Aluminum, metal and insoluble compounds] TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 100 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
3-Ethyl-2-methyl-2-(3-methylbutyl)-oxazolidine Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate Ethylbenzene	143860-04-2 41556-26-7 100-41-4	None. None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
UV Light Absorber	104810-48-2	None.
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Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	104810-47-1	None.
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	64742-82-1	None.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	64742-95-6	None.
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	82919-37-7	None.
trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Canada) Ingredient name CAS # **Exposure limits** 110-43-0 Methyl n-amyl ketone CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. 123-86-4 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). n-butyl acetate 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetates (all isomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. **Xylene** 1330-20-7 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 ma/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.

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		 STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 80 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethyl alcohol	64-17-5	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 1880 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
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Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	 6/2022). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). STEV: 1000 ppm 15 minutes. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.
		TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 262 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 328 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
		7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)]
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
Cyclonexanone	106-94-1	Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

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Ingredient name	Exposure indices	
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.	
Cyclohexanone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 80 mg/l [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. BEI: 8 mg/l [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.	
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.	

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name			Exposure indices		
Xylene, mixed isomers Cyclohexanone			047-SSA1-2011, Biological expo occupationally substances. (Mo (technical or co BEI: 1.5 g/g cre	STANDARD NON Environmental He sure indices for pe exposed to chemic exico, 6/2012) [xylo mmercial grade)] eatinine, methyl hipp ing time: at the end	ealth- ersonnel cal enes uric acids
			Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Heal Biological exposure indices for pers occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 8 mg/L [non-specific.The determ nonspecific, since it can be found after		ealth- ersonnel cal rminant is
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	exposure to other chemicals.; semi- quantitative. The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 80 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi- quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure	 Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection meas	res
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless

Skin protection Hand protection

 Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/ or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>				
Physical state	:	Liquio	d.	
Color	:	White	е.	
Odor	1	Not a	vailable.	
Odor threshold	1	Not a	vailable.	
рН	1	Not a	ipplicable.	
Melting point/freezing point	:	Not a	wailable.	
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	:	123°(C (253.4°F)	
Flash point	1	Close	ed cup: 44°C (111.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]	
Evaporation rate	:	1 (bu	tyl acetate = 1)	
Flammability	1	Flammable liquid.		
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	:	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 10.5%		
Vapor pressure	:	1.3 k	Pa (10 mm Hg)	
Relative vapor density	1	3.4 [A	Air = 1]	
Relative density	1	1.25		
Solubility(ies)	1			
Media			Result	
cold water			Not soluble	
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	:	Not a	ipplicable.	
Auto-ignition temperature	1	: Not available.		
Decomposition temperature	1	: Not available.		
Viscosity	1	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)		
Molecular weight	1	Not a	applicable.	
Heat of combustion	1	15.51	17 kJ/g	

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	LD50 Oral	Rat	3160 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Extra White

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Titanium Dioxide	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	72 hours 300	-
				ug l	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
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Section 11. Toxicological information

	0				
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	ug 48 hours 50 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 100 uL	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 500 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Titanium Dioxide	-	2B	-
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	-	2B	-
Fumed Amorphous Silica	-	3	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Zeolites	-	3	-
Cyclohexanone	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3	Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Cyclohexanone	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye damage.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.
Eye contact	 hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue

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.. . .

unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

depression. May cause drowsiness or

Section 11. Toxicological information

Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation redness blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Delayed and immediate ef	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffects

Not available.

General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	9405.86 mg/kg
Dermal	34991.74 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	422726.12 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	77.08 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Titanium Dioxide	Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water	Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus	96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio	48 hours
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Zeolites	Chronic NOEC 200000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l	Algae - <i>Chlamydomonas</i> <i>reinhardtii</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l	Algae - <i>Chlamydomonas</i> <i>reinhardtii</i> - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp</i> Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Zeolites	-	0.59 to 0.95	Low
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition : N coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (p- Chlorobenzotrifluoric 3-Ethyl-2-methyl- (3-methylbutyl)- oxazolidine)
Transport	3	3	3	3	3
hazard class(es)					
Packing group		111	III		III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
Additional information	This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required whe transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤ kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, \$ E

	product reportabl quantity.	e			
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precaution	cons mod suita to sl of th dans	sider container size le of transport (sea ably for that mode of hipment, and comp le person offering t gerous goods mus	es. The presence of a , air, etc.), does not in of transport. All packa liance with the applic he product for transp	ded for informational p a shipping description ndicate that the produ- aging must be reviewe able regulations is the ort. People loading an he risks deriving from lations.	for a particular lict is packaged ed for suitability prior e sole responsibility nd unloading
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments	ccording : Not a	vailable.			
	Prop	er shipping name	: Not availab	le.	

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists

Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.
 China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.
 Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.
 Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
 Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.
 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.
 Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.
 Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.
 Thailand inventory: Not determined.
 Turkey inventory: Not determined.
 Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Justification			
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Ca	On basis of test data			
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITA	TION - Category 2	Calculation method		
	EYE IRRITATION - Category 1	Calculation method		
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Ca		Calculation method		
CARCINOGENICITY - Cate		Calculation method		
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTIC		Calculation method		
	N TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method		
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA Category 3	irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3			
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGA	Calculation method			
<u>History</u>				
Date of printing	: 4/19/2024			
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Date of previous issue	: 1/22/2024			
Version	: 28			
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor			

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.