SAFETY DATA SHEET

B65W16

Section 1. Identification

Product name : COROTHANE® I-ALIPHATIC Moisture Cure Urethane

Extra White Base

Product code : B65W16 Other means of

identification

: Not available.

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

> 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979

Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency

Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 **CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A** TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 21.5%

(oral), 28.9% (dermal), 28.9% (inhalation)

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements

: Flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

Precautionary statements

Prevention

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Wear respiratory protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

Storage

Disposal

 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure. VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL. Gives off harmful vapor of solvents and isocyanates. DO NOT USE IF YOU HAVE CHRONIC (LONG-TERM) LUNG OR BREATHING PROBLEMS, OR IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD A REACTION TO ISOCYANATES. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WHERE OVERSPRAY IS PRESENT, A POSITIVE PRESSURE AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR (NIOSH approved) SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT EXPOSURE. IF UNAVAILABLE, AN APPROPRIATE PROPERLY FITTED APPROVED NIOSH VAPOR/PARTICULATE RESPIRATOR MAY BE EFFECTIVE. Follow directions for respirator use. Wear the respirator for the whole time of spraying and until all vapors and mists are gone. have any breathing problems during use, LEAVE THE AREA and get fresh air. If problems remain or happen later, IMMEDIATELY call a doctor - If not available get emergency medical treatment. Have this label with you. Reacts with water in closed container to produce pressure which may cause container to burst.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise

classified

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture
Other means of : Not available.

identification

CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name | % by weight | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | ≥10 - ≤25 | 13463-67-7 |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer | ≥10 - ≤25 | 28182-81-2 |
| Polyisocyanate | ≥10 - ≤25 | - |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | ≤10 | 110-43-0 |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | ≤10 | 14808-60-7 |
| Talc | ≤5 | 14807-96-6 |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | ≤5 | 763-69-9 |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ≤4 | 1330-20-7 |
| p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate | ≤5 | 4083-64-1 |
| Heavy Aromatic Naphtha | ≤2.2 | 64742-94-5 |
| Cyclohexanone | ≤1.5 | 108-94-1 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ≤1.2 | 64742-95-6 |
| Ethylbenzene | <1 | 100-41-4 |
| Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate | ≤1 | 41556-26-7 |
| trimethylbenzene | <1 | 25551-13-7 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | <1 | 95-63-6 |
| Naphthalene | <1 | 91-20-3 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ≤0.3 | 108-67-8 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ≤0.3 | 64742-47-8 |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.) | ≤0.3 | 822-06-0 |
| Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate | ≤0.3 | 82919-37-7 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

B65W16

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed.

The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remark

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems or asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS# | Exposure limits |
|---|------------|---|
| Titanium Dioxide | 13463-67-7 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 2.5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer Polyisocyanate | 28182-81-2 | None. |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | 110-43-0 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. |

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| | <u> </u> | |
|--|-------------------------|--|
| | | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| | | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 14808-60-7 | OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016). |
| Orystalline Ollica, respirable powder | 14000-00-7 | TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO2+5) 8 hours. Form: |
| | | Respirable |
| | | TWA: 10 mg/m³ / (%SiO2+2) 8 hours. Form: Respirable |
| | | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline] |
| | | TWA: 50 μg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust |
| | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline] |
| | | TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| | | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)] |
| | | TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust |
| Talc | 14807-96-6 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable |
| | | fraction ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| | | TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | 763-69-9 | None. |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1330-20-7 | OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)] |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] |
| | | Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate Heavy Aromatic Naphtha | 4083-64-1 64742-94-5 | None. |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. |
| | | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |
| | | Absorbed through skin. TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. |
| | | TWA: 100 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). |
| | | TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons Ethylbenzene | 64742-95-6 100-41-4 | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). |
| - | | Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). |

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| Section 6. Exposure controls/ | porociiai prot | |
|---|--------------------------|--|
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate trimethylbenzene | 41556-26-7 25551-13-7 | None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | 95-63-6 | NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 10 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 75 mg/m³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 50 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | 108-67-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [trimethyl benzene, isomers] TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours. |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.) | 822-06-0 | ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 0.03 mg/m³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 0.005 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 0.035 mg/m³ 10 hours. CEIL: 0.02 ppm 10 minutes. CEIL: 0.14 mg/m³ 10 minutes. |
| Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate | 82919-37-7 | None. |

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

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| Ingredient name | CAS# | Exposure limits |
|------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer | 28182-81-2 | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. |
| Methyl n-amyl ketone | 110-43-0 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Quartz | 14808-60-7 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite Respirable] TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Silica Crystalline -Quartz] TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)] TWA: 0.1 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction |
| talc (none asbestiform) | 14807-96-6 | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica. TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter. TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, |

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| - Exposure control | | |
|--|-----------|--|
| | | 7/2013). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable |
| | | fraction |
| Yylono | 1330-20-7 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). |
| Xylene | 1330-20-7 | |
| | | [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] |
| | | 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | | 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, |
| | | 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). |
| | | |
| | | [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] |
| | | TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | TWAEV: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | | STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). |
| | | [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] |
| | | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, |
| | | 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)] |
| | | |
| | | STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate | 4083-64-1 | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). |
| p roladilodalidilyi loodyallato | 1000 01 1 | [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. |
| | | Inhalation sensitizer. |
| 01.1 | 100.04.4 | |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). |
| | | Absorbed through skin. |
| | | 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | 8 hrs OEL: 80 mg/m ³ 8 hours. |
| | | 15 min OEL: 200 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | | 15 min OEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, |
| | | 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. |
| | | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | |
| | | CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). |
| | | Absorbed through skin. |
| | | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). |
| | | Absorbed through skin. |
| | | TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | TWAEV: 100 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, |
| | | 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. |
| | | , |
| | | STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | | TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. |
| Ethylbenzene | 100-41-4 | CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). |
| | | 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| | | 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. |
| | | 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. |
| | | 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. |
| | Į | 13 min OLL. 123 ppm 13 minutes. |
| I and the second | į. | I |

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Naphthalene 91-20-3 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 15 min OEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 10 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 52 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 79 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate 64742-47-8 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³. (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon

Hexamethylene diisocyanate 822-06-0

CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

8 hrs OEL: 0.03 mg/m³ 8 hours.

CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Inhalation sensitizer.

TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

C: 0.01 ppm

vapour) 8 hours.

CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.

TWAEV: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

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TWAEV: 0.034 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 0.015 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Isocyanates, organic compounds] Ceiling Limit: 0.02 ppm TWA: 0.005 ppm 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| | CAS# | Exposure limits |
|---------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | 110-43-0 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 14808-60-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | 1330-20-7 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. |
| Cyclohexanone | 108-94-1 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. |
| Naphthalene | 91-20-3 | NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes. |

Biological exposure indices (United States)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-----------------------|--|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. |
| Cyclohexanone | ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 80 mg/l [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek. BEI: 8 mg/l [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in |

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question.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Ethylbenzene ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)

BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Naphthalene ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)

BEI: Nonquantitative: Biological monitoring should be considered for this compound based on the review; however, a specific BEI® could not be determined due to insufficient data., 1-naphthol + 2-naphthol [(sample not specified)]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.) ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)

BEI: 15 μ g/g creatinine, 1,6-hexamethylene diamine [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices |
|-----------------------|--|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. |
| Cyclohexanone | Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 8 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 80 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the |

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quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.

Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. Color : Various : Not available. Odor : Not available. **Odor threshold** Ha : Not applicable. **Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range

: 138°C (280.4°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 0.53 (butyl acetate = 1) **Flammability** : Flammable liquid. Lower and upper explosion : Lower: 0.7%

limit/flammability limit

Upper: 12.1%

: 0.79 kPa (5.9 mm Hg) Vapor pressure

Relative vapor density : 3.4 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.28 Solubility(ies)

| Media | Result |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available. **Decomposition temperature** : Not available.

Viscosity Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight Not applicable. **Heat of combustion** : 11.872 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

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Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Dose | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------------|----------|
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 18500 mg/m³ | 1 hours |
| Polymer | | | | |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1600 mg/kg | - |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3200 mg/kg | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 6700 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 4300 mg/kg | - |
| p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate | LD50 Oral | Rat | 2234 mg/kg | - |
| Cyclohexanone | LC50 Inhalation Gas. | Rat | 8000 ppm | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 1800 mg/kg | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8400 mg/kg | - |
| Ethylbenzene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >5000 mg/kg | - |
| - | LD50 Oral | Rat | 3500 mg/kg | - |
| trimethylbenzene | LD50 Oral | Rat | 8970 mg/kg | - |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 18000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| , i | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5 g/kg | - |
| Naphthalene | LD50 Dermal | Rabbit | >20 g/kg | - |
| · | LD50 Oral | Rat | 490 mg/kg | - |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat | 24000 mg/m ³ | 4 hours |
| | LD50 Oral | Rat | 5000 mg/kg | - |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.) | LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists | Rat | 124 mg/m³ | 4 hours |

Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Score | Exposure | Observation |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 | - |
| | | | | ug I | |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 mg | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 14 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Talc | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 72 hours 300 | - |
| | | | | ug I | |
| Ethyl 3-Ethoxypropionate | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 87 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rat | - | 8 hours 60 uL | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 % | - |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate | Eyes - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 uL | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | uL | |
| Heavy Aromatic Naphtha | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | uL | |
| Cyclohexanone | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 20 mg | - |
| | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 250 | - |
| | | | | ug | |

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| | Skin - Mild irritant | Human | - | 48 hours 50 | - |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---------|---|---------------|---|
| | | | | % | |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 100 | - |
| | | | | uL | |
| Ethylbenzene | Eyes - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 500 mg | - |
| | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| trimethylbenzene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| Ni salati si sa | Older Mildienite of | D . L L | | mg | |
| Naphthalene | Skin - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 495 mg | - |
| | Skin - Severe irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 0.05 | - |
| | | | | MI | |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Eyes - Mild irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 | - |
| | | D | | mg | |
| | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 20 | - |
| | | | | mg | |

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

| Product/ingredient name | OSHA | IARC | NTP |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|--|
| Titanium Dioxide | - | 2B | - |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | + | 1 | Known to be a human carcinogen. |
| Talc | - | 3 | - |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | 3 | - |
| Cyclohexanone | - | 3 | - |
| Ethylbenzene | - | 2B | - |
| Naphthalene | - | 2B | Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen. |

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| p-Toluenesulfonyl Isocyanate | Category 3 Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects Respiratory tract |

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Section 11. Toxicological information

| | | | irritation |
|-----------------------------------|------------|---|------------------------------|
| Heavy Aromatic Naphtha | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| Cyclohexanone | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| | Category 3 | | Narcotic effects |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Narcotic effects |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.) | Category 3 | - | Respiratory tract irritation |

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name | Category | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Category 2 | - | - |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | inhalation | - |
| Talc | Category 1 | inhalation | lungs |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Category 2 | - | - |
| Cyclohexanone | Category 2 | - | - |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | Category 2 | - | - |
| Ethylbenzene | Category 2 | - | - |

Aspiration hazard

| Name | Result |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Xylene, mixed isomers | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Heavy Aromatic Naphtha | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Naphthalene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing

difficulties if inhaled.

Skin contact: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering

redness

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Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

wheezing and breathing difficulties

asthma

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value |
|------------------------------|----------------|
| Oral | 7194.04 mg/kg |
| Dermal | 24966.59 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (gases) | 383713.83 ppm |
| Inhalation (vapors) | 76.45 mg/l |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 20.86 mg/l |

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Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result | Species | Exposure |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------|
| Titanium Dioxide | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - Fundulus heteroclitus | 96 hours |
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| Cyclohexanone | Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l | Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| | Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Pimephales promelas | 96 hours |
| | Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l | Algae - <i>Chlamydomonas</i> reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase | 72 hours |
| Ethylbenzene | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 72 hours |
| | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Skeletonema costatum | 96 hours |
| | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii | 48 hours |
| | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss | 96 hours |
| trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 4910 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus</i> pectenicrus - Adult | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 7720 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i> | 96 hours |
| Naphthalene | Acute EC50 1.6 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 2350 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 213 μg/l Fresh water | Fish - <i>Melanotaenia fluviatilis</i> - Larvae | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.5 mg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Uca pugnax - Adult | 3 weeks |
| | Chronic NOEC 1.5 mg/l Fresh water | Fish - Oreochromis mossambicus | 60 days |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | Acute LC50 13000 μg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea | 48 hours |
| | Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Carassius auratus | 96 hours |
| | Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> | 21 days |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water | Fish - Lepomis macrochirus | 4 days |

Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Methyl n-Amyl Ketone | - | - | Readily |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | - | Readily |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | - | Readily |
| Ethylbenzene | - | - | Readily |

Bioaccumulative potential

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| Product/ingredient name | LogPow | BCF | Potential |
|------------------------------------|--------|-------------|-----------|
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer | - | 367.7 | Low |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | - | 8.1 to 25.9 | Low |
| Heavy Aromatic Naphtha | - | 99 to 5780 | High |
| Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons | - | 10 to 2500 | High |
| 1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene | - | 243 | Low |
| Naphthalene | - | 36.5 to 168 | Low |
| 1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene | - | 161 | Low |
| Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (max.) | - | 57.63 | Low |

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

| | DOT Classification | TDG Classification | Mexico Classification | IATA | IMDG |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|--------|
| UN number | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 | UN1263 |
| UN proper shipping name | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT | PAINT |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Packing group | III | III | III | III | III |
| Environmental hazards | No. | No. | No. | No. | No. |
| | | | | | |

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Section 14. Transport information **Additional** Product classified **Emergency** information as per the schedules F-E, Sfollowing sections of the Transportation of **Dangerous Goods** Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3). ERG No. ERG No. ERG No. 128 128 128

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

SARA 313

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

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International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.

> China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

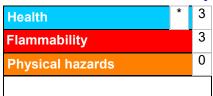
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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification | Justification |
|---|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A | Calculation method |
| RESPIRATORY SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A | Calculation method |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 | Calculation method |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract | Calculation method |
| irritation) - Category 3 | |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 | Calculation method |

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: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate Key to abbreviations

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer,

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or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

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