# SAFETY DATA SHEET

B65G580

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

Green

Product code : B65G580

Other means of : Not available. identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY

101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company

: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (800) 524-5979

Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

### Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract

irritation) - Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 2.8%

(oral), 2.8% (dermal), 2.8% (inhalation)

**GHS** label elements

Hazard pictograms :







Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 1/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

Green

### Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.

May cause cancer.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Precautionary statements**

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

#### Response

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### **Storage**

: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep

#### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

# Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. This product must be mixed with other components before use. Before opening the packages, READ AND FOLLOW WARNING LABELS ON ALL COMPONENTS.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.

# Hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**CAS** number/other identifiers

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 2/21

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Cobalt Chromite Green Spinel	≥25 - ≤50	68186-85-6
Xylene, mixed isomers	≥10 - ≤20	1330-20-7
Ethylbenzene	≤5	100-41-4
Nickel Titanium Trioxide	≤3	12035-39-1
Cyclohexanone	≤1.5	108-94-1
Cyclic Aliphatic Compound	≤3	64742-47-8
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	<1	64742-82-1
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	≤1	41556-26-7
UV Light Absorber	≤0.3	104810-48-2
Benzotriazole Hydroxyphenyl Polymer	≤0.3	104810-47-1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	≤0.3	64742-95-6
trimethylbenzene	≤0.3	25551-13-7
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	≤0.3	82919-37-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation. **Inhalation** : May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact**: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 3/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

Green

# Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Eye contact

> pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large Notes to physician

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is

suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water

before removing it, or wear gloves.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

### Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** 

media

: Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable

distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials:

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide halogenated compounds

metal oxide/oxides

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version: 30 4/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### **Special protective actions** for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

### **Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark

: Flammable liquid.

#### Section 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders:

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For nonemergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers

Date of issue/Date of revision Date of previous issue : 1/22/2024 : 9/13/2023 Version: 30 5/21

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Cobalt Chromite Green Spinel	68186-85-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [cobalt and inorganic compounds as Co] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer.  TWA: 0.02 mg/m³, (as Co) 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds as Ni]  TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)]  TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours.
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  [Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene]  Ototoxicant.  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant.  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 10 hours.  STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.  STEL: 545 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWA: 435 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Nickel Titanium Trioxide	12035-39-1	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Nickel, metal and insoluble compounds (as Ni)] TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Nickel, insoluble inorganic compounds as Ni]

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 1/22/2024

Date of previous issue

: 9/13/2023

Version: 30

6/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

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	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
108-94-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
	TWA: 100 mg/m³ 10 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³ 8 hours.
64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
64742-82-1	None.
41556-26-7	None.
104810-48-2	None.
104810-47-1	None.
64742-95-6	None.
25551-13-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
	[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
82919-37-7	None.
	64742-82-1 41556-26-7 104810-48-2 104810-47-1 64742-95-6 25551-13-7

#### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Xylene	1330-20-7	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  [Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)]  8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)]  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  [Xylene (o-,m-,p-isomers)]  TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)]  STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue

: 9/13/2023

Version : 30

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

7/21

#### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. Nickel Titanium Trioxide 12035-39-1 CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Nickel insoluble inorganic compounds as Ni, as not otherwise specified, inhalable fraction] STEL: 0.6 mg/m³, (measured as Ni) 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fraction TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (measured as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Nickel (Insoluble compounds) as Ni] TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Nickel Insoluble compounds as Ni] 8 hrs OEL: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Nickel - Insoluble inorganic compounds as Ni] TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ni) 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [nickel and inorganic compounds insoluble compounds] TWAEV: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust Cyclohexanone 108-94-1 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 80 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin. TWAEV: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 8/21

		7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate	64742-47-8	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.

#### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS#	Exposure limits
Xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Xylenes (mixed)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Nickel Titanium Trioxide	12035-39-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Nickel inorganic compounds, insoluble] TWA: 0.2 mg/m³, (as Ni) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Cyclohexanone	108-94-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes.
Cyclic Aliphatic Compound	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.

#### **Biological exposure indices (United States)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Cobalt Chromite Green Spinel	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [cobalt and inorganic compounds including cobalt oxides]  BEI: 15 µg/l, not combined with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.  BEI: Nonquantitative: Biological monitoring should be considered for this compound based on the review; however, a specific BEI® could not be determined due to insufficient data., cobalt with tungsten carbide - cobalt [in

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue : 1/22/2024

: 9/13/2023

Version: 30

9/21

Green

urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

# ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [nickel and inorganic compounds]

BEI: 30 µg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.

BEI: 5 μg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to elemental nickel and poorly soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.

# ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)]

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

#### ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)

BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

# ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [nickel and inorganic compounds]

BEI: 30 µg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.

BEI: 5 μg/l, nickel [in urine after exposure to elemental nickel and poorly soluble compounds]. Sampling time: post-shift at end of workweek.

#### ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)

BEI: 80 mg/l [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift at end of workweek.

BEI: 8 mg/l [Semi-quantitative: The determinant is an indicator of exposure to the chemical, but the quantitative interpretation of the measurement is ambiguous. These determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not practical or as a confirmatory test if the quantitative test is not specific and the origin of the determinant is in question.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Xylene, mixed isomers

Ethylbenzene

Nickel Titanium Trioxide

Cyclohexanone

#### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 10/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

**Biological exposure indices (Mexico)** 

Ingredient name	 Exposure indices
Xylene, mixed isomers	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)  BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of mandelic acid and acid phenylglyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week.  BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time: uncritical.
Cyclohexanone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)  BEI: 8 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], cyclohexanol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 80 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-

Date of issue/Date of revision

Date of previous issue : 1/22/2024

: 9/13/2023

SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Version: 30

11/21

quantitative. The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], 1,2-cyclohexanediol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week

#### **Appropriate engineering** controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

#### **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### **Skin protection Hand protection**

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

#### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### **Respiratory protection**

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version: 30 12/21

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.
Color : Green.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point/freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point, initial boiling : 136°C (276.8°F)

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: 16°C (60.8°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

Evaporation rate : 0.8 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability : Flammable liquid.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Lower: 1% Upper: 8.1%

Vapor pressure : 0.95 kPa (7.1 mm Hg)

**Relative vapor density** : 3.4 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.52

Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

Heat of combustion : 7.959 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 13/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

Green

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Hazardous decomposition** products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

#### Information on toxicological effects

#### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexanone	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	8000 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1800 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Xylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	_
•	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Ethylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
Cyclohexanone	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 250	-
				ug	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	48 hours 50	-
				%	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### **Classification**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 14/21 B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	
Cobalt Chromite Green	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	
Spinel				
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-	
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-	
Nickel Titanium Trioxide	-	1	Known to be a human carcinogen.	
Cyclohexanone	-	3	-	

#### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclohexanone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Cyclic Aliphatic Compound	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Nickel Titanium Trioxide	Category 1	-	-
Cyclohexanone	Category 2	-	-
Cyclic Aliphatic Compound	Category 2	-	-
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	- , , ,

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Ethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cyclic Aliphatic Compound	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/22/2024Date of previous issue: 9/13/2023Version: 3015/21B65G580FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation. Inhalation : May cause respiratory irritation.

Skin contact : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

: Adverse symptoms may include the following: Inhalation

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

> nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

**Long term exposure** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential immediate

Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a General

severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards. Mutagenicity **Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : Suspected of damaging fertility.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version: 30 16/21

B65G580 FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)

Green

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

#### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	18184.73 mg/kg
Dermal	6071.46 mg/kg
Inhalation (gases)	37396.16 ppm
Inhalation (vapors)	354.87 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours \
	Acute LC50 13400 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp.</i> - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Cyclohexanone	Acute EC50 32.9 mg/l	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 527000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic EC10 3.56 mg/l	Algae - Chlamydomonas reinhardtii - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
Cyclic Aliphatic Compound	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	4 days
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes pugio	48 hours

#### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	8.1 to 25.9	Low
Heavy Aliphatic Solvent	-	10 to 2500	High
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High

#### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 1/22/2024Date of previous issue: 9/13/2023Version: 3017/21B65G580FLUOROKEM® HS Fluoropolymer - Gloss (Part A)<br/>GreenSHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## **Section 12. Ecological information**

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	II	II	II	II	II
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).	-	_	Emergency schedules F-E, S- E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 18/21

## **Section 14. Transport information**

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according: Not available. to IMO instruments

Proper shipping name

: Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

TSCA 5(a)2 proposed significant new use rules: 2,4-Pentanedione

#### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet.

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

#### **International regulations**

#### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

**International lists** 

Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

# Section 16. Other information

#### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version: 30 19/21 B65G580 SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

### Section 16. Other information

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	On basis of test data Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method Calculation method

#### **History**

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**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

#### Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 1/22/2024 Date of previous issue : 9/13/2023 Version : 30 20/21