SAFETY DATA SHEET

FPC135SY

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: AIC ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL COATINGS Acrylic Enamel Safety Yellow
Product code	: FPC135SY
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: The Sherwin-Williams Company 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115-1075
National contact	: Sherwin-Williams Canada Inc. 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada
Emergency telephone number of the company	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year
Product Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: 1-800-798-5872 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (800) 424-9300 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture	 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2 	
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 1.4%	
	(oral), 2.6% (dermal), 4.9% (inhalation)	

GHS label elements Hazard pictograms



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Section 2. Hazards identification

Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY.
	This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity).
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

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Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Acetone	13.84	67-64-1
Xylene, mixed isomers	9.19	1330-20-7
n-Butyl Acetate	7.85	123-86-4
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	5.91	110-43-0
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	1.9	112-07-2
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	1.76	107-87-9
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	1.71	94-96-2
Ethylbenzene	1.63	100-41-4
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	1.61	78-93-3
2-Butoxyethanol	1.21	111-76-2
Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	0.98	64742-48-9
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	0.88	136-51-6
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	0.86	41556-26-7
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	0.52	64742-88-7
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	0.4	64742-47-8
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	0.35	22464-99-9
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	0.21	82919-37-7
Toluene	0.18	108-88-3
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid	0.13	149-57-5
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	0.11	111-77-3
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	0.1	108-10-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Safety Yellow

Description of necessary f	<u>irst aid measures</u>	
Eye contact	 Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper an eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at minutes. Get medical attention. 	
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for bre is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an approp or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregu respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained p may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resus Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If une place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain a airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.	oriate mask lar or if ersonnel. It scitation. conscious, an open e of
Skin contact	: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and sh contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear glov Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the even complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reu shoes thoroughly before reuse.	ves. nt of any
Ingestion	: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and th person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the expo feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. O lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the h be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by u unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get me	e exposed osed person Can enter nead should mouth to an
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Section 4. First aid measures

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/e	fects, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	t <u>s</u>
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Over-exposure signs/symp	oms
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	ical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	: In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

	-
Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable liquid.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	:	This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity). Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name		CAS #	Exposure lim	its	
Acetone		67-64-1	TWA: 250 p STEL: 500 p NIOSH REL (TWA: 250 p TWA: 590 m OSHA PEL (TWA: 1000	United States, 1/2023). pm 8 hours. ppm 15 minutes. (United States, 10/2020). pm 10 hours. ng/m ³ 10 hours. United States, 5/2018). ppm 8 hours. mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Xylene, mixed isomers		1330-20-7		United States, 5/2018). , m-, p-isomers)]	
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection			
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [p- xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Butyl acetates all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).	
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 233 mg/m ³ 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 465 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	112-07-2	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 33 mg/m ³ 10 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.	
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	107-87-9	 NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 530 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 700 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 	
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol Ethylbenzene	94-96-2 100-41-4	None. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 10 hours. STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 545 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 885 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.	
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		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 885 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
Batokyothanol		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 3 ppm to flours. TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 240 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
lydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	64742-48-9	None.
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate	136-51-6	None.
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	41556-26-7	None.
Ied. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	64742-88-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Naphtha (Coal tar)]
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ight Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 mg/m ³ , (as total hydrocarbon
		vapor) 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
,		[Zirconium and compounds as Zr]
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		[zirconium compounds as Zr]
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 10 hours.
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Zirconium compounds (as Zr)]
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	00040.07.7	3
lethyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	82919-37-7	
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		CEIL: 300 ppm
		AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 375 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 560 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		Ototoxicant.
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid	149-57-5	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
-		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
		fraction and vapor
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2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	111-77-3	None.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 50 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 205 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 410 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Xylene	67-64-1	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1200 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 1800 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 500 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 250 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 500 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 750 ppm 8 hours. ST
Kylene	1330-20-7	[Dimethylbenzene (o,m & p isomers)] 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		 15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o, m & p isomers)] TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)] TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 651 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
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n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
	123-86-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetate, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
		[butyl acetates (all isomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl n-amyl ketone	110-43-0	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 25 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 115 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 233 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylene glycol butyl ether acetate	112-07-2	 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 131 mg/m³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl propyl ketone	107-87-9	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 705 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
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		 15 min OEL: 881 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 150 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 530 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 590 mg/m³ 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 885 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. STEV: 300 mg/m³ 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 97 mg/m ³ 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 30 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. 64742-47-8 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours. 22464-99-9 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] 8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. 15 min OEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds as Zr] TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Zirconium and compounds] TWAEV: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. STEV: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Zirconium and compounds as Z] STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes. TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours. Toluene 108-88-3 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin. 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Methyl isobutyl ketone 108-10-1 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 12/27 Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/21/2024 Version : 24 FPC135SY AIC ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL COATINGS Acrylic Enamel SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA Safety Yellow

8 hrs OEL: 205 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.
15 min OEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
15 min OEL: 307 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada,
6/2022).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).
TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).
TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.
STEV: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada,
7/2013).
STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
TWA. 50 ppm o hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Acetone	67-64-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 750 ppm 15 minutes.
Kylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		[Xylenes (mixed)]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
5		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	110-43-0	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
, ,		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	112-07-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	107-87-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
•		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	78-93-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 300 ppm 15 minutes.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	22464-99-9	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		[Zirconium compounds]
		TWA: 5 mg/m³, (as Zr) 8 hours.
		STEL: 10 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 15 minutes.
Toluene	108-88-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
		TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid	149-57-5	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
-		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable
		fraction and vapor
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	108-10-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).
-		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 75 ppm 15 minutes.
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Biological exposure indices (United States)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Xylene, mixed isomers	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Ethylbenzene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 2 mg/l, methyl ethyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
Toluene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift. BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 1 mg/l, methyl isobutyl ketone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

Ingredient name	Exposure indices	
Acetone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 50 mg/L [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.	
Xylene, mixed isomers	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical	
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	substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)] BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Ethylbenzene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.7 g/g creatinine [non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.; semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinants should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible.], Sum of mandelic acid and acid phenylglyoxylic [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the shift at the end of the work week. BEI: semi-quantitative.The biological determinant is an indicator of chemical exposure, but the quantitative interpretation of the measure is ambiguous. These biological determinant should be used as a screening test if a quantitative test is not possible., ethylbenzene [in exhaled air]. Sampling time: uncritical.
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 2 mg/L, MEK [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
2-Butoxyethanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: exposure sample at the end of the work shift.
Toluene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 0.05 mg/L, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: sample time not specified. BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine [Basal level.The
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	determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu; non-specific. The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.5 mg/L [Basal level. The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu], o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) BEI: 2 mg/L, MIBK [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity).
		Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measu	ires	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>					
Physical state	Liquid.				
Color	Yellow.				
Odor	ot available.				
Odor threshold	Not available.	t available.			
рН	Not applicable.				
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.				
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	55°C (131°F)				
Flash point	Closed cup: 10°C (50°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]				
Evaporation rate	89 (butyl acetate = 1)				
Flammability	Flammable liquid.				
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	Lower: 0.5% Upper: 12.8%				
Vapor pressure	24 kPa (180 mm Hg)				
Relative vapor density	2 [Air = 1]				
Relative density	0.97				
Solubility(ies)					
Media	Result				
cold water	Not soluble				
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	Not applicable.				
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.				
Decomposition temperature	Not available.				
Viscosity	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)				
Molecular weight	Not applicable.				
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Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Heat of combustion : 16.238 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Xylene, mixed isomers	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	6700 ppm	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4300 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2400 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6500 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	1400 mg/kg	-
Ethylbenzene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3500 mg/kg	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	6480 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	2737 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Hydrotreated Heavy	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	8500 mg/m ³	4 hours
Petroleum Naphtha			Ū,	
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
Toluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	2080 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
cetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	_	24 hours 20	_
	Lyes - Moderate Initant	Tabbit	-		1
		Dabbit		mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
(ylene, mixed isomers	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	87 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rat	-	8 hours 60 uL	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 500	_
		Rabbit	-		
Dutud Acatata		Dabbit		mg	
-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
lethyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
-Butoxyethyl Acetate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
, ,	5			mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	500 mg	_
lethyl n-Propyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit		405 mg	
			-		-
-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
thylbenzene	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 15	-
				mg	
lethyl Ethyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
, ,				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	_
		Rabbit			
Butawathanal	Even Mederate irritent	Dabbit		mg 24 hours 100	
-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-
		_		mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
oluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				100 mg	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit		24 hours 2	
		Rabbit	-		
	Skin Mild irritant	Dia		mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 250	-
				uL	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	435 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
-Ethylhexanoic Acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	450 mg	_
-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol		Rabbit		24 hours 500	
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Nabbit	-		-
	Fire Market 1 11	Datable		mg	
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
lethyl Isobutyl Ketone	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				uL	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
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Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	3	-
Ethylbenzene	-	2B	-
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-
Toluene	-	3	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Ethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Toluene	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Xylene, mixed isomers	Category 2	-	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	Category 2	-	-
Ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 1	-	-
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Category 2	-	-
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-

Aspiration hazard

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Name	Result
Xylene, mixed isomers Ethylbenzene Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Toluene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.
Potential acute health effe	ects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Symptoms related to the p	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
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Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
	fects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
<u>Potential chronic health e</u> Not available.	<u>ffects</u>
General	 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: Suspected of damaging fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute	toxicity	/ estimates

Route	ATE value
Dermal	9082.77 mg/kg 17243.29 mg/kg 79.28 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 μg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Algae - <i>Selenastrum sp.</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> -	96 hours 48 hours 48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Copepodid Fish - <i>Poecilia reticulata</i> Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i> Crustaceans - <i>Daphniidae</i>	96 hours 96 hours 21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus -</i> Larvae	42 days
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	grout internation		
Xylene, mixed isomers	Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Palaemonetes	48 hours
		pugio	
	Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Methyl n-Propyl Ketone	Acute LC50 1240000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Ethyl-1,3-hexanediol	Acute LC50 624000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Ictalurus punctatus -	96 hours
		Fingerling	
Ethylbenzene	Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 7700 μg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Artemia sp</i> Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	Acute EC50 >500000 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 5091000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Larvae	
	Acute LC50 3220000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	4 days
Toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus	48 hours
		<i>pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult	
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	48 hours
		Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling,	
		Weanling)	
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid	Acute EC50 106 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
2-(2-Methoxyethoxy)-ethanol	Acute EC50 >930 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7500 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Lepomis macrochirus	96 hours
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	Acute LC50 505000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 78 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 168 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas -	33 days
		Embryo	
L			<u></u>

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone	-	-	Readily
Xylene, mixed isomers	-	-	Readily
n-Butyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
2-Butoxyethyl Acetate	-	-	Readily
Ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily
Methyl Ethyl Ketone	-	-	Readily
2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily
Toluene	-	-	Readily
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

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Section 12. Ecological information				
Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Xylene, mixed isomers Hydrotreated Heavy Petroleum Naphtha	-	8.1 to 25.9 10 to 2500	Low High	
Calcium 2-Ethylhexanoate Zirconium 2-Ethylhexanoate Toluene	- -	2.96 2.96 90	Low Low Low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: This product contains a component that is either subject to a CEPA ministerial condition or an existing/proposed SNAC (Significant New Activity).

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	3
Packing group	11	П	11	11	11
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
	vision : 4/19/20 ADVANCED INDUSTRIAL C ty Yellow				on : 24 24/27 -85-NA-GHS-CA

Additional		Product classified			Emergener
information	-	as per the	-	T	Emergency schedules F-E, S
		following sections			E
		of the			
		Transportation of Dangerous Goods			
		Regulations:			
		2.18-2.19 (Class			
		3).			
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precautior	ດດ m ຣເ to	ulti-modal shipping descrip onsider container sizes. The ode of transport (sea, air, uitably for that mode of transhipment, and compliance	e presence of a shi etc.), does not indic nsport. All packaging e with the applicable	pping description for ate that the product g must be reviewed regulations is the se	a particular is packaged for suitability prior ple responsibility
	da	the person offering the pr angerous goods must be to and on all actions in case of	rained on all of the r	isks deriving from th	
	da ar ccording : No	angerous goods must be t	rained on all of the r	isks deriving from th	
	da ar <mark>ccording</mark> : No	angerous goods must be to ad on all actions in case of	rained on all of the r	isks deriving from th	
o IMO instruments	da ar ccording : No s Pro	angerous goods must be tr nd on all actions in case of t available.	rained on all of the r emergency situatio	isks deriving from th	
Transport in bulk a to IMO instruments Section 15.	da ar ccording : No Pro Regulatory Th	angerous goods must be tr nd on all actions in case of t available. oper shipping name	rained on all of the r emergency situatio : Not available. ponent that is either	isks deriving from th ns. subject to a CEPA r	e substances

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

History

matory	
Date of printing	: 4/19/2024
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

Section 16. Other information

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buver/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.