SAFETY DATA SHEET

F93N110

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: MIL-DTL-53039E Type III Polymeric Moisture Cure Topcoat 1K Aliphatic Polyurethane 1.5 VOC CARC Brown 383 30051 Q1911
Product code	: F93N110
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of t	he substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Manufacturer	: THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
National contact	: Sherwin-Williams Canada Inc. 180 Brunel Road Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada
Emergency telephone number of the company Product Information Telephone Number	 US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year US / Canada: 1-844-290-6044 Mexico: Not Available
Regulatory Information Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2902 Mexico: Not Available
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917 Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 37.2% (dermal), 37.2% (inhalation)
<u>GHS label elements</u>	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 9/14/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/10/2023 Version : 12 1/18

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue
F93N110	MIL-DTL-53039E Type Aliphatic Polyurethane	,	isture Cure Topcoat 1K Brown 383 30051 Q1911

Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazard statements Precautionary statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have
Frevention	been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. VAPOR AND SPRAY MIST HARMFUL. Gives off harmful vapor of solvents and isocyanates. DO NOT USE IF YOU HAVE CHRONIC (LONG-TERM) LUNG OR BREATHING PROBLEMS, OR IF YOU HAVE EVER HAD A REACTION TO ISOCYANATES. USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. WHERE OVERSPRAY IS PRESENT, A POSITIVE PRESSURE AIR SUPPLIED RESPIRATOR (NIOSH approved) SHOULD BE WORN TO PREVENT EXPOSURE. IF UNAVAILABLE, AN APPROPRIATE PROPERLY FITTED APPROVED NIOSH VAPOR/PARTICULATE RESPIRATOR MAY BE EFFECTIVE. Follow directions for respirator use. Wear the respirator for the whole time of spraying and until all vapors and mists are gone. If you have any breathing problems during use, LEAVE THE AREA and get fresh air. If problems remain or happen later, IMMEDIATELY call a doctor - If not available get emergency medical treatment. Have this label with you. Reacts with water in closed container to produce pressure which may cause container to burst. Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

- : Mixture
- Other means of identification
- : Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	30.81	98-56-6
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	19.7	28182-81-2
Chromium Oxide	6.91	1308-38-9
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	6.37	110-12-3
n-Butyl Acetate	1.76	123-86-4
Iron Öxide	1.38	1309-37-1
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	0.67	41556-26-7
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	0.5	64742-95-6
1-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine	0.35	104-19-8
trimethylbenzene	0.26	25551-13-7
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	0.17	82919-37-7
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	0.12	77-58-7
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	0.11	108-67-8
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	0.11	95-63-6
Carbon Black	0.11	1333-86-4

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

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Description of necessa				furster consistent - U U.		a na d la 1	
Eye contact	:	eyelids. Ch	Is flush eyes with plenty o eck for and remove any et medical attention.				
Inhalation	:	is suspected or self-conta respiratory a may be dan Get medical place in reco airway. Loo inhalation of	tim to fresh air and keep d that fumes are still pres ained breathing apparatu arrest occurs, provide ar gerous to the person pro l attention. If necessary, overy position and get m sen tight clothing such a f decomposition products need to be kept under r	sent, the rescuer shoul us. If not breathing, if b tificial respiration or ox oviding aid to give mou call a poison center of redical attention immed as a collar, tie, belt or w s in a fire, symptoms m	d wear an app reathing is irre ygen by trained th-to-mouth re r physician. If liately. Mainta /aistband. In c nay be delayed	ropriate m egular or if d personne suscitation unconscio in an open case of	ask el. It n. us, n
Skin contact	:	contaminate Continue to complaints of	plenty of soap and water ed clothing thoroughly wi rinse for at least 10 min or symptoms, avoid furth ughly before reuse.	th water before removi utes. Get medical atte	ng it, or wear on tion. In the e	gloves. vent of any	У
Ingestion	:	and the exp exposed per unless direct kept low so anything by and get med	nouth with water. Removes osed person is consciour rson feels sick as vomities ted to do so by medical that vomit does not enter mouth to an unconsciour dical attention immediate collar, tie, belt or waistbar	is, give small quantities ng may be dangerous. personnel. If vomiting ir the lungs. Get medic is person. If unconscio ely. Maintain an open a	of water to dr Do not induce occurs, the he cal attention. No bus, place in re	ink. Stop i e vomiting ead should Never give covery pos	if the be sition
Date of issue/Date of revision	n	: 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue	: 6/10/2023	Version	: 12	3/18
			oisture Cure Topcoat 1K Brown 383 30051 Q1911		SHW-85-N	IA-GHS-CA	

Section 4. First aid measures

Most important symptoms/ef	fec	ts, acute and delayed
Potential acute health effect	ts	
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	1	May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	1	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/sympt	on	<u>15</u>
Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Indication of immediate med	ica	l attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	:	In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	1	No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	:	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue	: 6/10/2023	Version	:12	4/18
F93N110	MIL-DTL-53039E Type Aliphatic Polyurethane 1		isture Cure Topcoat 1K Brown 383 30051 Q1911		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide nitrogen oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protec	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Protective measures	: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits	
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer Chromium Oxide	98-56-6 28182-81-2 1308-38-9	98-56-6 None. 28182-81-2 None.	
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	110-12-3		
ate of issue/Date of revision : 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue	: 6/10/2023 Version	: 12 6/18
93N110 MIL-DTL-53039E Type III Polymeric Mo Aliphatic Polyurethane 1.5 VOC CARC		SHW-8	5-NA-GHS-CA

	•	TWA: 475 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 150 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 710 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 950 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Butyl
		acetates all isomers]
		STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Iron Oxide	1309-37-1	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Fe) 10 hours. Form: Dus
		and fumes
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		fraction
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		fraction
		TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
Bis(pentamethyl-4-piperidyl)sebacate	41556-26-7	None.
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	64742-95-6	None.
1-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl]-4-methylpiperazine	104-19-8	None.
trimethylbenzene	25551-13-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
Methyl pentamethylpiperidyl sebacate	82919-37-7	TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. None.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	77-58-7	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Tin,
	11-50-1	organic compounds as Sn] Absorbed
		through skin.
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours.
		STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [tin
		organic compounds as Sn] Absorbed
		through skin.
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Tin,
		organic compounds (as Sn)]
		TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Sn) 8 hours.
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[trimethyl benzene, isomers]
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours.
1.2.4 Trimethylbor	05 63 0	TWA: 125 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 25 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 125 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
	of previous issue	: 6/10/2023 Version : 12 7/18
93N110 MIL-DTL-53039E Type III Polymeric Moisture C Aliphatic Polyurethane 1.5 VOC CARC Brown 3		SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction

Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer Methyl isoamyl ketone	28182-81-2 110-12-3	CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Isocyanate oligomers] Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 234 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada
/lethyl isoamyl ketone	110-12-3	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 234 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
		 CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours. STEV: 50 ppm 15 minutes. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
n-butyl acetate	123-86-4	 CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 15 min OEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. 15 min OEL: 950 mg/m³ 15 minutes. 8 hrs OEL: 150 ppm 8 hours. 8 hrs OEL: 713 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [butyl acetates, all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetates (all isomers] STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butyl acetates (all isomers)] STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Carbon black	1333-86-4	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). TWA: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate matter. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 3 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: inhalable dust
te of issue/Date of revision : 9/14/2023 Date of	of previous issue	: 6/10/2023 Version : 12

8 hrs OEL: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 7 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. TWA: 3.5 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	110-12-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
n-Butyl Acetate	123-86-4	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 150 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 200 ppm 15 minutes.
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	77-58-7	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). [Tin, organic compounds] Absorbed through skin. TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 8 hours. STEL: 0.2 mg/m ³ , (as Sn) 15 minutes.

Biological exposure indices (United States)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

No exposure indices known.

Appropriate engineering controls	:	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.
Environmental exposure controls	:	Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	<u>'es</u>	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Not available.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: 123°C (253.4°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 35°C (95°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 1 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 0.9% Upper: 10.5%
Vapor pressure	: 1.3 kPa (10 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 3.9 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1.15
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)
Molecular weight	: Not applicable.
Heat of combustion	: 17.665 kJ/g

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.
Incompatible materials	: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing materials
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	18500 mg/m ³	1 hours
Polymer			_	
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
trimethylbenzene	LD50 Oral	Rat	8970 mg/kg	-
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	2071 mg/kg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	24000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5000 mg/kg	-
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	18000 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5 g/kg	-
Carbon Black	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15400 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 uL	-
1-[2-(Dimethylamino)ethyl] -4-methylpiperazine	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750 ug	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 5 mg	-
trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
ate of issue/Date of revision	: 9/14/2023 Date of previ	ous issue	: 6/10/2023	Version	:12 11/1
93N110 MIL-DTL-53039E Ty	pe III Polymeric Moisture Cure Top	coat 1K		SHW-85	-NA-GHS-CA

Section 11. Toxicological information

	•				
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 500	-
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit		mg 24 hours 100	_
-	-			mg	
		Rabbit		500 mg	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	-	2B	-
Chromium Oxide	-	3	-
Iron Oxide	-	3	-
Carbon Black	-	2B	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
p-Chlorobenzotrifluoride	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	-	-
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue
F93N110	MIL-DTL-53039E Type	,	sture Cure Topcoat 1K 3rown 383 30051 Q1911

Section 11. Toxicological information

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	Category 2	-	-
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	Category 2	-	-
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Category 1	oral	-

Aspiration hazard

Name	Result
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of exposure	: Not available.	
Potential acute health effe	<u>cts</u>	
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: May cause respiratory irritation.	
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.	
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.	
Symptoms related to the p	hysical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations	
	ects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure	
Short term exposure Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	· Not available	

Ľ	Date of issue/Date	of revision	: 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue	: 6/10/2023	Version	:12	13/18
F				isture Cure Topcoat 1K Brown 383 30051 Q1911		SHW-85-	NA-GHS-CA	

Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General	: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: May damage the unborn child.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: May damage fertility.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	50220.42 mg/kg
Inhalation (dusts and mists)	14.75 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	Acute LC50 159000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours 🥄
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 5600 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes</i> pugio	48 hours
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	Chronic EC10 >2 mg/l Fresh water	Algae - Desmodesmus subspicatus	96 hours
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 13000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Cancer magister - Zoea	48 hours
	Acute LC50 12520 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Carassius auratus	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.4 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	21 days
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Acute LC50 4910 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Elasmopus</i> pectenicrus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7720 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	-	Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential	
Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Polymer	-	367.7	Low	
Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons	-	10 to 2500	High	
Dibutyltin Dilaurate	-	2.91	Low	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	-	161	Low	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	-	243	Low	

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT. Marine pollutant (p- Chlorobenzotrifluoride Bis(pentamethyl- 4-piperidyl) sebacate)
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3	
Packing group	III	Ш	ш	ш	ш
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.	Yes.
	rision : 9/14/20 DTL-53039E Type III Polyme atic Polyurethane 1.5 VOC C	ric Moisture Cure Topcoat	1K		on : 12 15/1 -85-NA-GHS-CA

Additional information	-	Product classifi as per the following sectio of the Transportation Dangerous Goo Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Clas 3).	ns of ods	The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.	The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. <u>Emergency</u> <u>schedules</u> F-E, S- E
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	128	128	128		
Special precautio	ns for user :	Multi-modal shipping des consider container sizes mode of transport (sea, suitably for that mode of to shipment, and complia of the person offering the dangerous goods must b and on all actions in cas	. The presence of a air, etc.), does not i transport. All packa ance with the applic e product for transp be trained on all of t	a shipping description for indicate that the product aging must be reviewed cable regulations is the port. People loading and the risks deriving from t	r a particular is packaged for suitability prior sole responsibility unloading
ransport in bulk		Not available.			
o IMO instrument	3				

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists

 Sts
 : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.

 China inventory (IECSC): Not determined.

 Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined.

 Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

 Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

 New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

 Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

 Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

 Thailand inventory: Not determined.

 Turkey inventory: Not determined.

 Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification	
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3	On basis of test data	
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method	
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method	
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method	
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method	
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3	Calculation method	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2	Calculation method	

<u>History</u>	
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations
Indicatos information t	hat has changed from previously issued version

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements

Date of issue/Date	e of revision	: 9/14/2023	Date of previous issue	: 6/10/2023	Version : 12	17/18
F93N110 MIL-DTL-53039E Type III Polymeric Moisture Cure Topcoat 1K Aliphatic Polyurethane 1.5 VOC CARC Brown 383 30051 Q1911				SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA		

Section 16. Other information

are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.