

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

E61H6

## Section 1. Identification

**Product name** : KEM-FLASH® PRIME Metal Primer Buff  
**Product code** : E61H6  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.  
**Product type** : Liquid.  
**Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against**

Paint or paint related material.

**Manufacturer** : THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY  
101 W. Prospect Avenue  
Cleveland, OH 44115

**National contact** : Sherwin-Williams Canada Inc.  
180 Brunel Road  
Mississauga, Ontario L4Z 1T5 Canada

**Emergency telephone number of the company** : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300  
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

**Product Information Telephone Number** : US / Canada: 866-722-9710  
Mexico: Not Available

**Transportation Emergency Telephone Number** : US / Canada: (800) 424-9300  
Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2  
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2  
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A  
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3  
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1  
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1  
Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 11.6% (oral), 30.6% (dermal), 11.6% (inhalation)

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



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**Version** : 23

1/21

E61H6  
KEM-FLASH® PRIME Metal Primer  
Buff

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 2. Hazards identification

- Signal word** : Danger
- Hazard statements** : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
Causes skin irritation.  
May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
Causes serious eye irritation.  
May cause respiratory irritation.  
May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
May cause cancer.  
May damage fertility or the unborn child.  
Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

### Precautionary statements

- Prevention** : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
- Response** : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
- Storage** : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep cool.
- Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
- Supplemental label elements** DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY. Adequate ventilation required when sanding or abrading the dried film. If Adequate ventilation cannot be provided wear an approved particulate respirator (NIOSH approved). Follow respirator manufacturer's directions for respirator use. DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Abrading or sanding of the dry film may release Crystalline Silica which has been shown to cause lung damage and cancer under long term exposure.  
  
Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Do not transfer contents to other containers for storage.
- Hazards not otherwise classified** : DANGER: Rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded. Immediately place rags, steel wool, other waste soaked with this product, and sanding residue in a sealed, water-filled, metal container. Dispose of in accordance with local fire regulations.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture  
**Other means of identification** : Not available.

### CAS number/other identifiers

| Ingredient name                       | % by weight | CAS number |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|------------|
| Barium Sulfate                        | 18.18       | 7727-43-7  |
| Toluene                               | 17.4        | 108-88-3   |
| Talc                                  | 8.26        | 14807-96-6 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent     | 6.5         | 64742-89-8 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon           | 5.11        | 64742-47-8 |
| t-Butyl Acetate                       | 4.78        | 540-88-5   |
| Xylene, mixed isomers                 | 4.71        | 1330-20-7  |
| Titanium Dioxide                      | 3.87        | 13463-67-7 |
| Barium Metaborate                     | 1.56        | 13701-59-2 |
| Ethylbenzene                          | 0.83        | 100-41-4   |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | 0.26        | 14808-60-7 |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime                 | 0.2         | 96-29-7    |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

|   |   |                     |      |
|---|---|---------------------|------|
| <b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b> : 4/18/2024 | <b>Date of previous issue</b> : 1/22/2024 | <b>Version</b> : 23 | 3/21 |
| E61H6   | KEM-FLASH® PRIME Metal Primer Buff        | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA    |      |

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
- Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
- Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

|   |   |
|---|---|
| <b>Specific hazards arising from the chemical</b>     | : Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapor/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapors may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. |
| <b>Hazardous thermal decomposition products</b>       | : Decomposition products may include the following materials:<br>carbon dioxide<br>carbon monoxide<br>sulfur oxides<br>phosphorus oxides<br>metal oxide/oxides  |
| <b>Special protective actions for fire-fighters</b>   | : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.  |
| <b>Special protective equipment for fire-fighters</b> | : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.   |
| <b>Remark</b>   | : Flammable liquid.   |

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

|                                    |  |
|------------------------------------|--|
| <b>For non-emergency personnel</b> | : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment. |
| <b>For emergency responders</b>    | : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".  |
| <b>Environmental precautions</b>   | : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).  |

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Small spill</b> | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.   |
| <b>Large spill</b> | : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal. |

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

#### Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

#### Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

| Ingredient name | CAS #     | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------|-----------|--|
| Barium Sulfate  | 7727-43-7 | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br>TWA: 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Total<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br>TWA: 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br>TWA: 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust |
| Toluene         | 108-88-3  | <b>OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).</b><br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br>CEIL: 300 ppm<br>AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes.<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b><br>TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br>TWA: 375 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>STEL: 560 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br><b>Ototoxicant.</b>  |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|  |                          |  |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| Talc   | 14807-96-6               | <p>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b><br/> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br/> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction</p>  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent<br>Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-89-8<br>64742-47-8 | <p>None.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br/> <b>[Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor] Absorbed through skin.</b><br/> TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours.</p>   |
| t-Butyl Acetate  | 540-88-5                 | <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b><br/> TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> <b>[Butyl acetates all isomers]</b><br/> STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p>                                  |
| Xylene, mixed isomers  | 1330-20-7                | <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> <b>[Xylenes (o-, m-, p-isomers)]</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> <b>[p-xylene and mixtures containing p-xylene] Ototoxicant.</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.</p>  |
| Titanium Dioxide   | 13463-67-7               | <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Total dust<br/> <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br/> TWA: 2.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction, finescale particles</p>  |
| Barium Metaborate  | 13701-59-2               | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br/> <b>[Barium and soluble compounds as Ba]</b><br/> TWA: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ba) 8 hours.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> <b>[Barium, soluble compounds (as Ba)]</b><br/> TWA: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ba) 8 hours.</p>   |
| Ethylbenzene   | 100-41-4                 | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br/> <b>Ototoxicant.</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.<br/> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> STEL: 545 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> <b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b><br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> TWA: 435 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder                            | 14808-60-7               | <p><b>OSHA PEL Z3 (United States, 6/2016).</b><br/> TWA: 250 mppcf / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+5) 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br/> TWA: 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> / (%SiO<sub>2</sub>+2) 8 hours. Form:</p>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                       |         |  |
|-----------------------|---------|--|
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7 | Respirable<br><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silica, crystalline]</b><br>TWA: 50 µg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust<br><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Silica, crystalline]</b><br>TWA: 0.025 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction<br><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). [SILICA, CRYSTALLINE (AS RESPIRABLE DUST)]</b><br>TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: respirable dust<br><b>OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022). Skin sensitizer.</b><br>TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours. |
|-----------------------|---------|--|

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

| Ingredient name                                   | CAS #      | Exposure limits   |
|---|------------|---|
| Toluene   | 108-88-3   | <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). Absorbed through skin.</b><br>8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br>8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours.<br><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.</b><br>STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.  |
| talc (none asbestiform)                           | 14807-96-6 | <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.</b><br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.<br><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br>8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate<br><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.<br>TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours.<br><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br>TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction |
| Petroleum refining, hydrotreated light distillate | 64742-47-8 | <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [Kerosene/Jet fuels as total</b>  |



## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                        |           |  |
|------------------------|-----------|--|
| Tertiary butyl acetate | 540-88-5  | <p>hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin. Notes: Application restricted to conditions in which there are negligible aerosol exposures.<br/>TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/>[Kerosene/Jet fuels as total hydrocarbon vapour] Absorbed through skin.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br/>Absorbed through skin.<br/>TWA: 200 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as total hydrocarbon vapour) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/>8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 950 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/>STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br/>[butyl acetates, all isomers]<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> [butyl acetate, all isomers]<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br/>[butyl acetates (all isomers)]<br/>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWAEV: 50 ppm 8 hours.</p> |
| Xylene                 | 1330-20-7 | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/>[Dimethylbenzene (o,m &amp; p isomers)]<br/>8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>15 min OEL: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/>15 min OEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> [Xylene (o, m &amp; p isomers)]<br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/><b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br/>[Xylene (o-,m-,p- isomers)]<br/>TWAEV: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/>TWAEV: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/>STEV: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>STEV: 651 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/><b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br/>[Xylene (o-, m-, p-isomers)]<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br/>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/><b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b> [Xylene (o, m-, p-isomers)]<br/>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.</p>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

|                       |            |   |
|-----------------------|------------|---|
| Barium Metaborate     | 13701-59-2 | <p>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/> <b>[Barium and soluble compounds as Ba]</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ba) 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> <b>[Barium and soluble compounds as Ba]</b><br/> TWA: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ba) 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br/> <b>[Barium, soluble compounds]</b><br/> TWAEV: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ba) 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br/> <b>[Barium and soluble compounds as Ba]</b><br/> TWA: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ba) 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b> <b>[Barium and soluble compounds as Ba]</b><br/> STEL: 1.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Ba) 15 minutes.<br/> TWA: 0.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Ba) 8 hours.</p> |
| Ethylbenzene          | 100-41-4   | <p><b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 100 ppm 8 hours.<br/> 8 hrs OEL: 434 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.<br/> 15 min OEL: 543 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.<br/> 15 min OEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> <b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br/> TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br/> TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/> STEL: 125 ppm 15 minutes.<br/> TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.</p>  |
| Quartz                | 14808-60-7 | <p><b>CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b> <b>[Silica, Crystalline - alpha quartz and Cristobalite Respirable]</b><br/> TWA: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable<br/> <b>CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).</b><br/> <b>[Silica Crystalline -Quartz]</b><br/> TWAEV: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.<br/> <b>CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).</b><br/> 8 hrs OEL: 0.025 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate<br/> <b>CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).</b><br/> <b>[Silica, Crystalline (Quartz/Tripoli)]</b><br/> TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.<br/> <b>CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).</b><br/> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction</p>   |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | 96-29-7    | <p><b>OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).</b> <b>Skin</b></p>  |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

**sensitizer.**  
TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

| Ingredient name             | CAS #      | Exposure limits  |
|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| Toluene                     | 108-88-3   | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | 64742-47-8 | <b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br><b>[Kerosene as total hydrocarbon vapor]</b><br><b>Absorbed through skin.</b><br>TWA: 200 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as total hydrocarbon vapor) 8 hours. |
| t-Butyl Acetate             | 540-88-5   | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br>TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  |
| Xylene, mixed isomers       | 1330-20-7  | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br><b>[Xylenes (mixed)]</b><br>STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.<br>TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.   |
| Barium Metaborate           | 13701-59-2 | <b>NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016).</b><br><b>[Barium and soluble compounds]</b><br>TWA: 0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Ba) 8 hours.   |

### Biological exposure indices (United States)

| Ingredient name       | Exposure indices   |
|-----------------------|--|
| Toluene               | <b>ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)</b><br>BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.<br>BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.<br>BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek. |
| Xylene, mixed isomers | <b>ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)]</b><br>BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methylhippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.   |
| Ethylbenzene          | <b>ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)</b><br>BEI: 0.15 g/g creatinine, sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.   |

### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

### Biological exposure indices (Mexico)

| Ingredient name | Exposure indices  |
|-----------------|---|
| Toluene         | <b>Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)</b><br>BEI: 0.05 mg/L, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: sample time not specified.<br>BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine [Basal level]. The |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Xylene, mixed isomers

determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the value; non-specific. The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

BEI: 0.5 mg/L [Basal level. The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the value], o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

**Official Mexican STANDARD NOM-047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health-Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012) [xylenes (technical or commercial grade)]**

BEI: 1.5 g/g creatinine, methyl hippuric acids [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

### Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

### Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

#### Skin protection

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Color** : Beige.
- Odor** : Not available.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Melting point/freezing point** : Not available.
- Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range** : 97°C (206.6°F)
- Flash point** : Closed cup: 10°C (50°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
- Evaporation rate** : 2.5 (butyl acetate = 1)
- Flammability** : Flammable liquid.
- Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit** : Lower: 0.9%  
Upper: 7%
- Vapor pressure** : 4.5 kPa (34 mm Hg)
- Relative vapor density** : 3.1 [Air = 1]
- Relative density** : 1.28
- Solubility(ies)** :

| Media      | Result      |
|------------|-------------|
| cold water | Not soluble |

- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.
- Auto-ignition temperature** : Not available.
- Decomposition temperature** : Not available.
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (<20.5 cSt)
- Molecular weight** : Not applicable.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Heat of combustion : 13.893 kJ/g

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in low or confined areas.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:  
oxidizing materials

Hazardous decomposition products : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                | Species | Dose                | Exposure |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|---------|---------------------|----------|
| Toluene                 | LC50 Inhalation Vapor | Rat     | 49 g/m <sup>3</sup> | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 636 mg/kg           | -        |
| t-Butyl Acetate         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4100 mg/kg          | -        |
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | LC50 Inhalation Gas.  | Rat     | 6700 ppm            | 4 hours  |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 4300 mg/kg          | -        |
| Barium Metaborate       | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3800 mg/kg          | -        |
| Ethylbenzene            | LD50 Dermal           | Rabbit  | >5000 mg/kg         | -        |
|                         | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 3500 mg/kg          | -        |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime   | LD50 Oral             | Rat     | 930 mg/kg           | -        |

#### Irritation/Corrosion

| Product/ingredient name | Result                   | Species | Score | Exposure          | Observation |
|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------|-------|-------------------|-------------|
| Toluene                 | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 0.5 minutes       | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 100 mg            | -           |
|                         | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit  | -     | 870 ug            | -           |
|                         |                          |         | -     | 24 hours 2 mg     | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Pig     | -     | 24 hours 250 uL   | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 435 mg            | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 20 mg    | -           |
|                         | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit  | -     | 500 mg            | -           |
| Talc                    | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human   | -     | 72 hours 300 ug l | -           |
| t-Butyl Acetate         | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 100 uL            | -           |
|                         | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 24 hours 500 uL   | -           |
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | Eyes - Mild irritant     | Rabbit  | -     | 87 mg             | -           |

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Version : 23

14/21

E61H6 KEM-FLASH® PRIME Metal Primer  
Buff

SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA

## Section 11. Toxicological information

|                       |                          |        |   |                   |   |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|--------|---|-------------------|---|
|                       | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 5 mg     | - |
|                       | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rat    | - | 8 hours 60 uL     | - |
|                       | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 100 %             | - |
|                       | Skin - Moderate irritant | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 500 mg   | - |
| Titanium Dioxide      | Skin - Mild irritant     | Human  | - | 72 hours 300 ug l | - |
| Ethylbenzene          | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 500 mg            | - |
|                       | Skin - Mild irritant     | Rabbit | - | 24 hours 15 mg    | - |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime | Eyes - Severe irritant   | Rabbit | - | 100 uL            | - |

### Sensitization

Not available.

### Mutagenicity

Not available.

### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

### Classification

| Product/ingredient name               | OSHA | IARC | NTP                             |
|---------------------------------------|------|------|---------------------------------|
| Toluene                               | -    | 3    | -                               |
| Talc                                  | -    | 3    | -                               |
| Xylene, mixed isomers                 | -    | 3    | -                               |
| Titanium Dioxide                      | -    | 2B   | -                               |
| Ethylbenzene                          | -    | 2B   | -                               |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | +    | 1    | Known to be a human carcinogen. |

### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

### Teratogenicity

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

| Name                              | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs                |
|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------|------------------------------|
| Toluene                           | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
|                                   | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| t-Butyl Acetate                   | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
|                                   | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Xylene, mixed isomers             | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
|                                   | Category 3 | -                 | Respiratory tract irritation |
| Ethylbenzene                      | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime             | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |
|                                   | Category 1 | -                 | upper respiratory tract      |
|                                   | Category 3 | -                 | Narcotic effects             |



## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

| Name                                  | Category   | Route of exposure | Target organs |
|---------------------------------------|------------|-------------------|---------------|
| Toluene                               | Category 2 | -                 | -             |
| Talc                                  | Category 1 | inhalation        | lungs         |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent     | Category 2 | -                 | -             |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon           | Category 2 | -                 | -             |
| Xylene, mixed isomers                 | Category 2 | -                 | -             |
| Ethylbenzene                          | Category 2 | -                 | -             |
| Crystalline Silica, respirable powder | Category 1 | inhalation        | -             |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime                 | Category 2 | -                 | blood system  |

### Aspiration hazard

| Name                              | Result                         |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Toluene                           | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon       | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Xylene, mixed isomers             | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |
| Ethylbenzene                      | ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 |

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

**Inhalation** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.

**Skin contact** : Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Ingestion** : Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
pain or irritation  
watering  
redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
respiratory tract irritation  
coughing  
nausea or vomiting  
headache  
drowsiness/fatigue  
dizziness/vertigo  
unconsciousness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
nausea or vomiting  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

**General** : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

**Carcinogenicity** : May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.

**Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity** : May damage the unborn child.

**Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Fertility effects** : May damage fertility.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route                        | ATE value     |
|------------------------------|---------------|
| Oral                         | 5309.93 mg/kg |
| Dermal                       | 36876.8 mg/kg |
| Inhalation (vapors)          | 203.36 mg/l   |
| Inhalation (dusts and mists) | 85.26 mg/l    |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name           | Result                             | Species  | Exposure |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Barium Sulfate                    | Acute EC50 634 mg/l Fresh water    | Crustaceans - <i>Cypris subglobosa</i>                                     | 48 hours |
| Toluene                           | Acute EC50 32 mg/l Fresh water     | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>   | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water   | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i>  | 96 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 11600 µg/l Fresh water  | Crustaceans - <i>Gammarus pseudolimnaeus</i> - Adult                       | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute EC50 6000 µg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
|                                   | Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus kisutch</i> - Fry                                   | 96 hours |
|                                   | Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>   | 21 days  |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | Acute LC50 >100000 ppm Fresh water | Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>  | 96 hours |

## Section 12. Ecological information

|                             |                                       |  |          |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|----------|
| Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon | Acute LC50 2200 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>          | 4 days   |
| t-Butyl Acetate             | Acute LC50 327000 µg/l Fresh water    | Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>          | 96 hours |
| Xylene, mixed isomers       | Acute LC50 8500 µg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - <i>Palaemonetes pugio</i>    | 48 hours |
|                             | Acute LC50 13400 µg/l Fresh water     | Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>          | 96 hours |
| Titanium Dioxide            | Acute LC50 >1000000 µg/l Marine water | Fish - <i>Fundulus heteroclitus</i>        | 96 hours |
| Barium Metaborate           | Acute EC50 20.3 ppm Fresh water       | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>             | 48 hours |
|                             | Acute LC50 62 ppm Fresh water         | Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>          | 96 hours |
| Ethylbenzene                | Acute EC50 4900 µg/l Marine water     | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i>        | 72 hours |
|                             | Acute EC50 7700 µg/l Marine water     | Algae - <i>Skeletonema costatum</i>        | 96 hours |
|                             | Acute EC50 6.53 mg/l Marine water     | Crustaceans - <i>Artemia</i> sp. - Nauplii | 48 hours |
|                             | Acute EC50 2.93 mg/l Fresh water      | Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate   | 48 hours |
|                             | Acute LC50 4200 µg/l Fresh water      | Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i>          | 96 hours |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime       | Acute LC50 843000 µg/l Fresh water    | Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>          | 96 hours |

### Persistence and degradability

| Product/ingredient name | Aquatic half-life | Photolysis | Biodegradability |
|-------------------------|-------------------|------------|------------------|
| Toluene                 | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Xylene, mixed isomers   | -                 | -          | Readily          |
| Ethylbenzene            | -                 | -          | Readily          |

### Bioaccumulative potential

| Product/ingredient name           | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF         | Potential |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------|
| Toluene                           | -                  | 90          | Low       |
| Lt. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent | -                  | 10 to 2500  | High      |
| Xylene, mixed isomers             | -                  | 8.1 to 25.9 | Low       |
| Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime             | -                  | 2.5 to 5.8  | Low       |

### Mobility in soil







Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            | DOT<br>Classification  | TDG<br>Classification  | Mexico<br>Classification   | IATA   | IMDG   |
|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| UN number                  | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   | UN1263   |
| UN proper shipping name    | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT  | PAINT. Marine pollutant (Light Aliphatic Hydrocarbon, Zinc Phosphate)  |
| Transport hazard class(es) | 3<br> | 3<br>   | 3<br> | 3<br>                 | 3<br>  |
| Packing group              | II   | II   | II   | II   | II   |
| Environmental hazards      | No.  | No.  | No.  | Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.                                       | Yes.   |
| Additional information     | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>128   | Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3).<br><b>ERG No.</b><br>128 | -<br><br><b>ERG No.</b><br>128   | The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations. | The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.<br><b>Emergency schedules</b> F-E, S-E   |

**Special precautions for user :** Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments :** Not available.

**Proper shipping name :** Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

### [International regulations](#)

#### [Montreal Protocol](#)

Not listed.

#### [Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants](#)

Not listed.

#### [International lists](#)

: **Australia inventory (AIIIC)**: Not determined.  
**China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (CSCL)**: Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.  
**Korea inventory (KECI)**: Not determined.  
**New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.  
**Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.  
**Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.  
**Thailand inventory**: Not determined.  
**Turkey inventory**: Not determined.  
**Vietnam inventory**: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### [Hazardous Material Information System \(U.S.A.\)](#)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | * | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 3 |
| Physical hazards |   | 0 |
|                  |   |   |

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

**Caution:** HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

### [Procedure used to derive the classification](#)

| Classification   | Justification         |
|--|-----------------------|
| FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2   | On basis of test data |
| SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2   | Calculation method    |
| SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A   | Calculation method    |
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1  | Calculation method    |
| CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1A  | Calculation method    |
| TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B  | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) - Category 3             | Calculation method    |
| SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1                              | Calculation method    |
| ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1   | Calculation method    |

### [History](#)

**Date of printing** : 4/18/2024

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 4/18/2024

**Date of previous issue** : 1/22/2024

|   |   |                     |       |
|---|---|---------------------|-------|
| <b>Date of issue/Date of revision</b> : 4/18/2024 | <b>Date of previous issue</b> : 1/22/2024 | <b>Version</b> : 23 | 20/21 |
| E61H6   | KEM-FLASH® PRIME Metal Primer<br>Buff     | SHW-85-NA-GHS-CA    |       |

## Section 16. Other information

**Version** : 23

**Key to abbreviations** :

- ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
- BCF = Bioconcentration Factor
- GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
- IATA = International Air Transport Association
- IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container
- IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods
- LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient
- MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)
- N/A = Not available
- SGG = Segregation Group
- UN = United Nations

 Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.