SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier	
Product name	: POLANE® 2.8 Plus SprayFil - Beige
Product code	: D61H75

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised agains	st
--	----

Material uses

- : Paint or paint related material.
- : Industrial use only.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Mfg. in U.S.A and exported by: The Sherwin-Williams Company 101 Prospect Avenue N.W. Cleveland, OH 44115

EU Only Representative: Vals	pa	r B.V.
Zuiveringweg 89		
8243 PE Lelystad		
P.O. Box 2139		
The Netherlands		
Phone: +31 (0)320 29 22 00		
e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS	:	sds@sherwin.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Center				
Telephone number	: +385 1 2348 342			
<u>Supplier</u>				
Telephone number	: +1 703-741-5970			
Hours of operation	: Emergency contact available 24 hours a day			

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Flam. Liq. 3, H226

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements Hazard pictograms



SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Flammable liquid and vapor.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
Response	: Not applicable.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	 Warning! Hazardous respirable droplets may be formed when sprayed. Do not breathe spray or mist. FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY
Special packaging requirem	nents

Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

Other hazards which do : None known. not result in classification

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Туре
n-Butyl Acetate	REACH #: 01-2119485493-29 EC: 204-658-1 CAS: 123-86-4 Index: 607-025-00-1	≤12	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	REACH #: 01-2119455851-35 CAS: 128601-23-0 Index: 649-356-00-4	<2.5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 EUH066	-	[1]
Acetone	REACH #: 01-2119471330-49 EC: 200-662-2 CAS: 67-64-1 Index: 606-001-00-8	≤1.9	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 STOT SE 3, H336 EUH066	-	[1] [2]
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	REACH #: 01-2119902391-49 EC: 203-767-1 CAS: 110-43-0 Index: 606-024-00-3	≤1.7	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 4, H332 STOT SE 3, H336	ATE [Oral] = 1600 mg/kg ATE [Inhalation (vapours)] = 11 mg/ I	[1] [2]
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	REACH #: 01-2119475791-29 EC: 203-603-9 CAS: 108-65-6	≤1.4	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336	-	[1] [2]
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18, Apr, 2024	Date of pre	vious issue : 21, Mar, 2024	Version : 12.01	2/1

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

•		U		
	Index: 607-195-00-7			
			See Section 16 for	
			the full text of the H	
			statements declared	
			above.	

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section. Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General	 In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	: Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18, Apr, 2024	Date of previous issue	: 21, Mar, 2024	Version : 12.01	3/18

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

e_ee	
5.1 Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Recommended: alcohol-resistant foam, CO ₂ , powders, water spray or mist.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
5.2 Special hazards arising	rom the substance or mixture
Hazards from the substance or mixture	 Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard.
Hazardous combustion products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.
5.3 Advice for firefighters	
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to drains or watercourses.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full turnout gear.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, pro	te	ctive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	:	Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
		Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering.
For emergency responders	:	If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
6.2 Environmental precautions	:	Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.
6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	:	Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleaned immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume): water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts) and concentrated (d: 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A non-flammable alternative is sodium carbonate (5 parts) and water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in an unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13).
6.4 Reference to other sections	:	See Section 1 for emergency contact information. See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies or chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function	should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.
7.1 Precautions for safe handling	 Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits. In addition, the product should only be used in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard. Mixture may charge electrostatically: always use earthing leads when transferring from one container to another. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type. Care should be taken when re-opening partly-used containers. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water. CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates, spray or mist arising from the application of this mixture. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding. Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Never use pressure to empty. Container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one. Comply with the health and safety at work laws. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Information on fire and explosion protection Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. When operators, whether spraying or not, have to work inside the spray booth, ventilation is unlikely to be sufficient to control particulates and solvent vapors in all cases. In such circumstances, they should wear a compressed-air-fed respirator during the spraying process and until the particulate and solvent vapor concentrat
7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	 Store in accordance with local regulations. Notes on joint storage Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids. Additional information on storage conditions Observe label precautions. Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight. Keep container tightly closed. Keep away from sources of ignition. No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.
7.3 Specific end use(s)	
Recommendations	: Not available.
Industrial sector specific solutions	: Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 18, Apr, 2024

5/18

POLANE® 2.8 Plus SprayFil - Beige

D61H75

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Good housekeeping standards, regular safe removal of waste materials and regular maintenance of spray booth filters will minimise the risks of spontaneous combustion and other fire hazards.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
n-Butyl Acetate	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). STELV: 723 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STELV: 150 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 241 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
Acetone	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). ELV: 1210 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 500 ppm 8 hours.
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 475 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 238 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ELV/ STELV (Croatia, 1/2021). Absorbed through skin. STELV: 550 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. STELV: 100 ppm 15 minutes. ELV: 275 mg/m ³ 8 hours. ELV: 50 ppm 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Product/ingredient name		Exposure indices		
acetone		Ministry of Economy, Labour and Entrepreneurship ILV/STEL (Croatia, 10/2018) BEI: 20 mg/g creatinine, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 39 mmol/mol creatinine, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 20 mg/l, acetone [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift. BEI: 0.34 mmol/l, acetone [in blood]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.		
Recommended monitoring procedures	European Stand assessment of o values and mea atmospheres - o of exposure to o (Workplace atm for the measure	Id be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: dard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit isurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 isospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures ement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be		

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

: Regular monitoring of all work areas should be carried out at all times, including areas that may not be equally ventilated.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Туре	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
n-Butyl Acetate	DNEL	Short term	600 mg/m ³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation			
	DNEL	Long term	300 mg/m³	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	200	0	1
	DNEL	Short term	300 mg/m³	General	Local
		Inhalation	05 7 1 3	population	1
	DNEL	Long term	35.7 mg/m ³		Local
		Inhalation	11	population	Curataraia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	6 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	6 mg/kg	population General	Sustamia
	DNEL	Short term Dermai	6 mg/kg		Systemic
	DNEL	Long torm Oral	2 mg/kg	population General	Svetemie
	DINEL	Long term Oral	2 mg/kg		Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	2 mg/kg	population General	Svetemie
	DINEL		2 mg/kg	population	Systemic
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light	DNEL	Long term Dermal	25 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
arom.			bw/day	VINCIS	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term	150 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	100 mg/m	VI OINEIS	Cysternic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
	DITEL	Long torm Dorma	bw/day	population	Cyclonic
			Sw/day	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	32 mg/m³	General	Systemic
	2.122	Inhalation	02 mg/m	population	Cyclonic
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	11 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	-,
				[Consumers]	
Acetone	DNEL	Long term Dermal	186 mg/kg	Workers	Systemic
		-	bw/day		-
	DNEL	Long term	1210 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m ³		-
	DNEL	Short term	2420 mg/	Workers	Local
		Inhalation	m³		
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	200 mg/m ³	General	Systemic
		Inhalation		population	
				[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term Oral	62 mg/kg	General	Systemic
			bw/day	population	
Mothyd n Amyd Katara		Chart tarma	1510	[Consumers]	Curton:
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	DNEL	Short term	1516 mg/	Workers	Systemic
		Inhalation	m^{3}	Workere	Suctomia
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	54.27 mg/	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	l ong term	kg 304 25 mg/	Workere	Systemia
	DINEL	Long term Inhalation	394.25 mg/ m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	23.32 mg/	General	Systemic
			kg bw/day	population	Cysternic
			ng bwiday	[Consumers]	
	DNEL	Long term	84.31 mg/	General	Systemic
				Concia	Oysigning

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

SECTION 6. Exposure controls	SECTION 6: Exposure controls/personal protection							
		Inhalation	m³	population [Consumers]				
	DNEL	Long term Oral	23.32 mg/ kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Local			
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	320 mg/kg	General population [Consumers]	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	33 mg/m³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	550 mg/m³	Workers	Local			
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	796 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic			
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	275 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic			

PNECs

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
n-Butyl Acetate	Fresh water	0.18 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.018 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	0.981 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.0981 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.0903 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	35.6 mg/l	-
Acetone	Fresh water	10.6 mg/l	-
	Marine water	1.06 mg/l	-
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	30.4 mg/kg	-
	Sediment	3.04 mg/kg	-
	Soil	29.5 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Fresh water	0.0982 mg/l	-
	Marine water	0.00982 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	1.89 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.189 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.321 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	12.5 mg/l	-
	Plant		
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Fresh water	0.635 mg/kg	-
	Marine water	0.0635 mg/l	-
	Fresh water sediment	3.29 mg/kg	-
	Marine water sediment	0.329 mg/kg	-
	Soil	0.29 mg/kg	-
	Sewage Treatment	100 mg/l	-
	Plant	-	

8.2 Exposure controls

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be exposed to any process in which this product is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this mixture.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18, Apr, 2024	Date of previous issue	: 21, Mar, 2024	Version : 12.01	8/18
				SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-HR	

POLANE® 2.8 Plus SprayFil - Beige

D61H75

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls	: Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Occupational exposure controls.)
	: Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values.
Individual protection meas	sures
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.
Gloves	 Gloves for short term exposure/splash protection (less than 10 min): Nitrile >0.35 mm
	Gloves for splash protection need to be changed immediately when in contact with chemicals.
	For long term exposure or spills (breakthrough time >480 min): Use PE laminate gloves as under gloves.
	Due to many conditions (e.g. temperature, abrasion) the practical usage of a chemical protective glove in practice may be much shorter than the permeation time determined through testing.
	There is no one glove material or combination of materials that will give unlimited resistance to any individual or combination of chemicals. The breakthrough time must be greater than the end use time of the product. The instructions and information provided by the glove manufacturer on use, storage, maintenance and replacement must be followed.
	Gloves should be replaced regularly and if there is any sign of damage to the glove material. Always ensure that gloves are free from defects and that they are stored and used
	correctly. The performance or effectiveness of the glove may be reduced by physical/chemical
	damage and poor maintenance. Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
	The user must check that the final choice of type of glove selected for handling this product is the most appropriate and takes into account the particular conditions of use, as included in the user's risk assessment.
Body protection	 Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high- temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.
Other skin protection	Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.
Environmental exposure controls	: Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Before use of this material please refer to the Exposure Scenario(s) if attached for the specific end use, control measures and additional PPE considerations. The information contained in this safety data sheet does not constitute the user's own assessment of workplace risks, as required by other health and safety legislation. The provisions of the national health and safety at work regulations apply to the use of this product at work.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>		
Physical state	: L	_iquid.
Color	: E	Brown.
Odor	: (Characteristic.
Odor threshold	: 1	Not available.
pН		Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. nsoluble in water.
Melting point/freezing point	: 1	Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	: {	55°C
Flash point	: (Closed cup: 27°C [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 5	5.6 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: F	Flammable liquid.
Lower and upper explosion limit		EL: 0.7% (Light Aromatic Hydrocarbons) JEL: 13.1% (2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate)
Vapor pressure	: 2	24 kPa (180 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 2	2 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 1	1.72
Solubility(ies)	:	
Media		Result
cold water		Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product. water

Auto-ignition temperature

Ingredient name		°C	°F	Method
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone n-Butyl Acetate Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom. Acetone		392 415 450 465	737.6 779 842 869	
Decomposition temperature	:	Not relevant/applic	able due to nature o	of the product.
Viscosity	:	Kinematic (40°C):	>20.5 mm²/s	
Explosive properties	:	Under normal cond	litions of storage an	d use, hazardous reactions will not occ
Oxidizing properties	:	Under normal cond	litions of storage an	d use, hazardous reactions will not occ
Particle characteristics			-	

1

Conforms to Regulation (E POLANE® 2.8 Plus SprayFil - Beig	C) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II e	
D61H75		
SECTION 9: Physical a	nd chemical properties	
Median particle size	: Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.	
9.2 Other information		

9.2 Other information	
Heat of combustion	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity 10.1 Reactivity : The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide. 10.2 Chemical stability : Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see Section 7). : In closed containers, pressure buildup could result in distortion, expansion and, in 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions extreme cases, bursting of the container. 10.4 Conditions to avoid : In a fire, hazardous decomposition products may be produced. 10.5 Incompatible materials : Keep away from: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water. Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols. 10.6 Hazardous : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon monoxide, decomposition products carbon dioxide, smoke, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide, monomeric isocyanates.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

: 5.813 kJ/g

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin.

If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the mixture may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in nonallergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar mixtures, this mixture may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL. Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis.

Acute toxicity

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
i roduct/ingreatent name	Result	Opecies	0036	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>17600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10768 mg/kg	-
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8532 mg/kg	-

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	100207.22 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	688.92 mg/l

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-Butyl Acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Solvent naphtha (petroleum),	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
light arom.				uL	
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 14	-
				mg	
Conclusion/Summary	: Not available.			<u>.</u>	•

Sensitization

No data available

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

No data available

Carcinogenicity

No data available

Reproductive toxicity

No data available

Teratogenicity

No data available

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
n-Butyl Acetate	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	Category 3	-	Respiratory tract irritation
	Category 3		Narcotic effects
Acetone	Category 3	-	Narcotic effects
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

No data available

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself. Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]. See Sections 2 and 3 for details.

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-Butyl Acetate	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute EC50 23.5 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Acartia tonsa -	48 hours
		Copepodid	
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/l Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
No data available				
	. Net suslieble		•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II

POLANE® 2.8 Plus SprayFil - Beige

D61H75

SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
n-Butyl Acetate	-		Readily
Acetone Methyl n-Amyl Ketone	-		Readily Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	-	10 to 2500	High

12.4 Mobility in soil	
Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	
Mobility	: Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal of	considerations
13.1 Waste treatment metho	ds
<u>Product</u>	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.
Hazardous waste	: Yes.
European waste catalogue (EWC)	: waste isocyanates 08 05 01*
Disposal considerations	 Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralized with a decontaminant (see section 6). Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations. If this product is mixed with other wastes, the original waste product code may no longer apply and the appropriate code should be assigned. For further information, contact your local waste authority.
Packaging	
Methods of disposal	: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.
Disposal considerations	: Using information provided in this safety data sheet, advice should be obtained from the relevant waste authority on the classification of empty containers. Empty containers must be scrapped or reconditioned. Dispose of containers contaminated by the product in accordance with local or national legal provisions.

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 18, Apr, 2024	Date of previous issue	: 21, Mar, 2024	Version : 12.01	14/18
				SHW-A4-EU-CLP44-HR	

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations		
European waste catalogue (EWC)	 packaging containing residues of or contaminated by hazardous substances 15 01 10* 	
Special precautions	: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.	

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
14.2 UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT
14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es)/ Label(s)	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	111		111
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	Tunnel code D/E	Emergency schedules F-E, S-E	-

14.6 Special precautions for user: **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in : Not applicable. **bulk according to IMO instruments**

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Product/ingredient name			%	Designation [Usage]
POLANE® 2.8 Plus SprayF toluene formaldehyde	I		≥90 ≤0.1 <0.1	3 48 72
Labeling	: Not a	pplicable.		÷
Other EU regulations				
VOC content (2010/75/EU)	: 18.9 325	w/w g/l		
Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air	: Liste	ł		
Explosive precursors	: Not a	pplicable.		
Seveso Directive				
This product may add to the major accident hazards.	calculatio	n for determining whether a site is within	n the scope	of the Seveso Directive on
National regulations				
5.2 Chemical Safety ssessment	: No Cl	nemical Safety Assessment has been ca	rried out.	
SECTION 16: Other info	mation			

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms	 ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative N/A = Not available
Key literature references and sources for data	 Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road IATA = International Air Transport Association IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 Directive 2012/18/EU, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2008/98/EC, and relative amendments & additions Directive 2009/161/EU, and relative amendments & additions CEPE Guidelines

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	On basis of test data	

SECTION 16: Other info	ormation
Full text of abbreviated H statements	 H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapor. H226 Flammable liquid and vapor. H302 Harmful if swallowed. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled. H335 May cause respiratory irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.
Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]	: Acute Tox. 4 Aquatic Chronic 2 Asp. Tox. 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Flam. Liq. 2 STOT SE 3 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 3
Date of printing	: 18, Apr, 2024.
Date of issue/ Date of revision	: 18, Apr, 2024
Date of previous issue	: 21, Mar, 2024
	 If there is no previous validation date please contact your supplier for more information.
Version	: 12.01

Notice to reader

In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006, REACH Regulation, Articles 31, 37, any required hazard-related information on the use of substances received as downstream user will be sent forward. Consequently, the safety data sheets for some products will contain a SUMI - Safe Use of Mixture Information - attached to the safety data sheet.

SUMI(s) will be added to the SDS for products if both the following conditions are met:

• The product is classified as hazardous for health

• The product contains one or more REACH-registered substances for which extended safety data sheets (exposure scenarios) have been provided

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.