

# MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

KDH6118/KDQ6218  
11 00

DATE OF PREPARATION  
Nov 27, 2009

## SECTION 1 — PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

### PRODUCT NUMBER

KDH6118/KDQ6218

### PRODUCT NAME

KRYLON® COLOR CREATIONS Oil Enamel, High Gloss Hunter Green

### MANUFACTURER'S NAME

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS COMPANY  
KRYLON Products Group  
Cleveland, OH 44115

### Telephone Numbers and Websites

Product Information	(800) 832-2541
Regulatory Information	(216) 566-2902 www.paintdocs.com
Medical Emergency	(216) 566-2917
Transportation Emergency*	(800) 424-9300

\*for Chemical Emergency ONLY (spill, leak, fire, exposure, or accident)

## SECTION 2 — COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by Weight	CAS Number	Ingredient	Units	Vapor Pressure
36	64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits		
		ACGIH TLV	100 PPM	2 mm
		OSHA PEL	100 PPM	
0.2	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene		
		ACGIH TLV	100 PPM	7.1 mm
		ACGIH TLV	125 PPM STEL	
		OSHA PEL	100 PPM	
		OSHA PEL	125 PPM STEL	
0.1	136-52-7	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate		
		ACGIH TLV	Not Available	
		OSHA PEL	Not Available	
0.7	13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide		
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	10 mg/m3 Total Dust	
		OSHA PEL	5 mg/m3 Respirable Fraction	
0.1	1333-86-4	Carbon Black		
		ACGIH TLV	3.5 MG/M3	
		OSHA PEL	3.5 MG/M3	

## SECTION 3 — HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.  
EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

### EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

**EYES:** Irritation.

**SKIN:** Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.

**INHALATION:** Irritation of the upper respiratory system.

May cause nervous system depression. Extreme overexposure may result in unconsciousness and possibly death.

Prolonged overexposure to solvent ingredients in Section 2 may cause adverse effects to the liver and urinary systems.

### SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Headache, dizziness, nausea, and loss of coordination are indications of excessive exposure to vapors or spray mists.

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

### MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

None generally recognized.

### HMIS Codes

Health	2*
Flammability	2
Reactivity	0

**CANCER INFORMATION**

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

**SECTION 4 — FIRST AID MEASURES**

**EYES:** Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.

**SKIN:** Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water.  
Remove contaminated clothing and laundry before re-use.

**INHALATION:** If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.

**INGESTION:** Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

**SECTION 5 — FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

<b>FLASH POINT</b>	<b>LEL</b>	<b>UEL</b>	<b>FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION</b>
100 °F PMCC	1.0	6.0	Combustible, Flash above 99 and below 200 °F

**EXTINGUISHING MEDIA**

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

**UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS**

Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat.

Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

**SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES**

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

**SECTION 6 — ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES****STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED**

- Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area.
- Remove with inert absorbent.

**SECTION 7 — HANDLING AND STORAGE****STORAGE CATEGORY**

DOL Storage Class II

**PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Contents are COMBUSTIBLE. Keep away from heat and open flame.

Consult NFPA Code. Use approved Bonding and Grounding procedures.

Keep container closed when not in use. Transfer only to approved containers with complete and appropriate labeling. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

To minimize the possibility of spontaneous combustion: control the accumulation of overspray; soak wiping rags and waste immediately after use in a water-filled, closed metal container; air dry filters outside, far from any combustible material and separated by bricks or other non-combustible spacers; dispose of all contaminated materials and waste properly. Consult OSHA 29 CFR 1910.107(b)(5) and NFPA 33, Chapter 8 (8-9) for the proper procedures.

**SECTION 8 — EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION****PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE**

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

This coating may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total dust), 3 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (total dust), 5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

**VENTILATION**

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits.

Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

**RESPIRATORY PROTECTION**

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

When sanding or abrading the dried film, wear a dust/mist respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for dust which may be generated from this product, underlying paint, or the abrasive.

**PROTECTIVE GLOVES**

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

**EYE PROTECTION**

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

**OTHER PRECAUTIONS**

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal.

## SECTION 9 — PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<b>PRODUCT WEIGHT</b>	7.95 lb/gal	952 g/l
<b>SPECIFIC GRAVITY</b>	0.96	
<b>BOILING POINT</b>	300 - 395 °F	148 - 201 °C
<b>MELTING POINT</b>	Not Available	
<b>VOLATILE VOLUME</b>	49%	
<b>EVAPORATION RATE</b>	Slower than ether	
<b>VAPOR DENSITY</b>	Heavier than air	
<b>SOLUBILITY IN WATER</b>	N.A.	
<b>VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical - As Packaged)</b>		
3.14lb/gal	377g/l	Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents
3.14lb/gal	377g/l	Emitted VOC

## SECTION 10 — STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**STABILITY — Stable****CONDITIONS TO AVOID**

None known.

**INCOMPATIBILITY**

None known.

**HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS**

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

**HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION**

Will not occur

## SECTION 11 — TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS**

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Ethylbenzene is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2B) based on inadequate evidence in humans and sufficient evidence in laboratory animals. Lifetime inhalation exposure of rats and mice to high ethylbenzene concentrations resulted in increases in certain types of cancer, including kidney tumors in rats and lung and liver tumors in mice. These effects were not observed in animals exposed to lower concentrations. There is no evidence that ethylbenzene causes cancer in humans.

Cobalt and cobalt compounds are classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is inadequate evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

IARC's Monograph No. 93 reports there is sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental rats exposed to titanium dioxide but inadequate evidence for carcinogenicity in humans and has assigned a Group 2B rating. In addition, the IARC summary concludes, "No significant exposure to titanium dioxide is thought to occur during the use of products in which titanium is bound to other materials, such as paint."

Carbon Black is classified by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (group 2B) based on experimental animal data, however, there is insufficient evidence in humans for its carcinogenicity.

**TOXICOLOGY DATA**

CAS No.	Ingredient Name			
64742-88-7	Mineral Spirits	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50 RAT		Not Available
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50 RAT		3500 mg/kg
136-52-7	Cobalt 2-Ethylhexanoate	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50 RAT		Not Available
13463-67-7	Titanium Dioxide	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50 RAT		Not Available
1333-86-4	Carbon Black	LC50 RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50 RAT		Not Available

**SECTION 12 — ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No data available.

**SECTION 13 — DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD**

Waste from this product may be hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261. Waste must be tested for ignitability to determine the applicable EPA hazardous waste numbers. Incinerate in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed container. Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

**SECTION 14 — TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

**US Ground (DOT)**

May be Classed as a Combustible Liquid for U.S. Ground.  
UN1263, PAINT, 3, PG III, (ERG#128)

**DOT (Dept of Transportation) Hazardous Substances & Reportable Quantities**

Xylenes (isomers and mixture) 100 lb RQ

**Bulk Containers may be Shipped as (check reportable quantities):**

UN1263, PAINT, COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID, PG III, (ERG#128)

**Canada (TDG)**

May be Classed as a Combustible Liquid for Canadian Ground.  
UN1263, PAINT, CLASS 3, PG III, (ERG#128)

**IMO**

UN1263, PAINT, CLASS 3, PG III, (38 C c.c.), EmS F-E, S-E

**SECTION 15 — REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION**

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element
100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	0.1	
	Cobalt Compound	0.1	0.02

**CALIFORNIA PROPOSITION 65**

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

**TSCA CERTIFICATION**

All chemicals in this product are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

**SECTION 16 — OTHER INFORMATION**

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to this product as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to this product may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the product. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.