MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

WL09012 WL09212

2006

Section 1 -- PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NUMBERS

WL09012 Clear
WL09212 White

HMIS CODES

Health	2*
Flammability	1
Reactivity	0

PRODUCT NAME

WHITE LIGHTNING® SILICONE ULTRA All Purpose 100% Silicone Sealant

MANUFACTURER'S NAME

THE SHERWIN-WILLIAMS CO.
Consumer Group - Industrial
Cleveland, OH 44115

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NO.

(216) 566-2917

DATE OF PREPARATION

29-JUN-06

INFORMATION TELEPHONE NO.

(216) 566-2902

Section 2 -- COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

% by WT	CAS No.	INGREDIENT	UNITS	VAPOR PRESSURE
3-7	22984-54-9	Methyl Tris(methylethylketoxime)silane		
		ACGIH TLV	Not Established	
		OSHA PEL	Not Established	
1-5	83817-72-5	Di(ethylmethyketoxime)methoxymethylsilane		
		ACGIH TLV	Not Established	
		OSHA PEL	Not Established	
7-30	7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica		
		ACGIH TLV	10 mg/m3 as Dust	
		OSHA PEL	6 mg/m3 as Dust	
0.1-1	556-67-2	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane		
		ACGIH TLV	Not Established	
		OSHA PEL	Not Established	
1-5	96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime		
		ACGIH TLV	Not Available	2 mm
		OSHA PEL	Not Available	

Section 3 -- HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE

INHALATION of vapor or spray mist.
EYE or SKIN contact with the product, vapor or spray mist.

EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

EYES: Irritation.
SKIN: Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause irritation.
INHALATION: Irritation of the upper respiratory system.
In a confined area vapors in high concentration may cause headache, nausea or dizziness.

Continued on page 2

SIGNS AND SYMPTOMS OF OVEREXPOSURE

Redness and itching or burning sensation may indicate eye or excessive skin exposure.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE

May cause allergic skin reaction in susceptible persons or skin sensitization.

CANCER INFORMATION

For complete discussion of toxicology data refer to Section 11.

Section 4 -- FIRST AID MEASURES

EYES:	Flush eyes with large amounts of water for 15 minutes. Get medical attention.
SKIN:	Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. If irritation persists or occurs later, get medical attention. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.
INHALATION:	If affected, remove from exposure. Restore breathing. Keep warm and quiet.
INGESTION:	Do not induce vomiting. Get medical attention immediately.

Section 5 -- FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

FLASH POINT	LEL	UEL
>200 °F PMCC	N.Av.	N.Av.

FLAMMABILITY CLASSIFICATION

Not Applicable

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA

Carbon Dioxide, Dry Chemical, Foam

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS

Closed containers may explode (due to the build-up of pressure) when exposed to extreme heat.

During emergency conditions overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES

Full protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus should be used.

Water spray may be ineffective. If water is used, fog nozzles are preferable. Water may be used to cool closed containers to prevent pressure build-up and possible autoignition or explosion when exposed to extreme heat.

Section 6 -- ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED

Remove all sources of ignition. Ventilate the area. Remove with inert absorbent.

Continued on page 3

Section 7 -- HANDLING AND STORAGE

STORAGE CATEGORY

DOL Storage Class IIIB

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN HANDLING AND STORAGE

Keep container closed when not in use. Do not take internally. Keep out of the reach of children.

Section 8 -- EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN IN USE

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing vapor and spray mist.

Wash hands after using.

These products may contain materials classified as nuisance particulates (listed "as Dust" in Section 2) which may be present at hazardous levels only during sanding or abrading of the dried film. If no specific dusts are listed in Section 2, the applicable limits for nuisance dusts are ACGIH TLV 10 mg/m3 (total dust), 3 mg/m3 (respirable fraction), OSHA PEL 15 mg/m3 (total dust), 5 mg/m3 (respirable fraction).

Removal of old paint by sanding, scraping or other means may generate dust or fumes that contain lead. Exposure to lead dust or fumes may cause brain damage or other adverse health effects, especially in children or pregnant women. Controlling exposure to lead or other hazardous substances requires the use of proper protective equipment, such as a properly fitted respirator (NIOSH approved) and proper containment and cleanup. For more information, call the National Lead Information Center at 1-800-424-LEAD (in US) or contact your local health authority.

VENTILATION

Local exhaust preferable. General exhaust acceptable if the exposure to materials in Section 2 is maintained below applicable exposure limits. Refer to OSHA Standards 1910.94, 1910.107, 1910.108.

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If personal exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits by ventilation, wear a properly fitted organic vapor/particulate respirator approved by NIOSH/MSHA for protection against materials in Section 2.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES

Wear gloves which are recommended by glove supplier for protection against materials in Section 2.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear safety spectacles with unperforated sideshields.

Continued on page 4

Section 9 -- PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

PRODUCT WEIGHT	8.7 lb/gal	1040 g/l
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.04	
BOILING POINT	305 °F	151 °C
MELTING POINT	Not Available	
VOLATILE VOLUME	<5 %	
EVAPORATION RATE	Slower than ether	
VAPOR DENSITY	Heavier than air	
SOLUBILITY IN WATER	N.A.	

VOLATILE ORGANIC COMPOUNDS (VOC Theoretical)

<0.4 lb/gal	<50 g/l	Less Water and Federally Exempt Solvents
<0.4 lb/gal	<50 g/l	Emitted VOC

Section 10 -- STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

STABILITY -- Stable

CONDITIONS TO AVOID

None known.

INCOMPATIBILITY

None known.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS

By fire: Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION

Will not occur

Section 11 -- TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

CHRONIC HEALTH HAZARDS

No ingredient in these products is an IARC, NTP or OSHA listed carcinogen.

Lifetime studies in rodents exposed to Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime (MEKO) at levels much higher than typical human exposure produced liver tumors. The relevance of this study to humans is not yet evident. Overexposure to MEKO can have an adverse effect on human red blood cells.

TOXICOLOGY DATA

CAS No.	Ingredient Name				
22984-54-9	Methyl Tris(methylethylketoxime)silane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
83817-72-5	Di(ethylmethyketoxime)methoxymethylsilane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
7631-86-9	Amorphous Silica				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
556-67-2	Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available
96-29-7	Methyl Ethyl Ketoxime				
		LC50	RAT	4HR	Not Available
		LD50	RAT		Not Available

Continued on page 5

Section 12 -- ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No data available.

Section 13 -- DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD

Waste from these products is not hazardous as defined under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 40 CFR 261.

Dispose of in accordance with Federal, State/Provincial, and Local regulations regarding pollution.

Section 14 -- TRANSPORT INFORMATION

No data available.

Section 15 -- REGULATORY INFORMATION

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) SUPPLIER NOTIFICATION

CAS No.	CHEMICAL/COMPOUND	% by WT	% Element

No ingredients in these products are subject to SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.65C) Supplier Notification.

TSCA CERTIFICATION

All chemicals in these products are listed, or are exempt from listing, on the TSCA Inventory.

Section 16 -- OTHER INFORMATION

These products have been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Canadian Controlled Products Regulations (CPR) and the MSDS contains all of the information required by the CPR.

The above information pertains to these products as currently formulated, and is based on the information available at this time. Addition of reducers or other additives to these products may substantially alter the composition and hazards of the products. Since conditions of use are outside our control, we make no warranties, express or implied, and assume no liability in connection with any use of this information.