# SAFETY DATA SHEET

W11127010

## Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : WHITE LIGHTNING® High Heat 100% RTV Red Silicone

WHITE LIGHTNING® High Heat 100% RTV Red Silicone

Product code : W11127010
UN number : UN3082
Other means of : Not available.

identification

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Recommended use** : Paint or paint related material.

Supplier's details : Hoa Lan Hamlet,

Thuan Giao Commune, Thuan An District, Binh Duong Province,

Vietnam

+84 274 374 7343 (office)

National contact : Sherwin-Williams Dong Dai

Lot 104, 2-4 Street 4, Amata Industrial Zones

Long Binh Ward, Bien Hoa City, Dong Nai Province,

Vietnam

+84 251 3936 186 (office)

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: +(84)-444581938

## Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture : SKIN CORROSION - Category 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1 TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Effects on or via lactation

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1

AQUATIC TOXICITY (CHRONIC) - Category 2

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

**Hazard statements**: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Causes damage to organs.

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statements** 

General : Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed,

have product container or label at hand.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 1/12

## Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Avoid release to the environment. Do not breathe vapor. Avoid contact during pregnancy and while nursing. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

#### Response

: Collect spillage. IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

**Storage** 

: Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Routes of entry** 

: Not available.

Other hazards which do not : Read Safety Data Sheet Before Use.

result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

### **CAS** number/other identifiers

**Product code** : W11127010

Ingredient name	CAS number	%
Middle Petroleum Distillates	64742-46-7	≤10
Ethyl Triacetoxysilane	17689-77-9	<b>≤</b> 5
Methyl Triacetoxysilane	4253-34-3	≤4.8
acetic acid	64-19-7	≤3
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	556-67-2	<1

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

**Eye contact** 

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician.

#### Inhalation

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02

## Section 4. First aid measures

#### Skin contact

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

#### Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Chemical burns must be treated promptly by a physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

## Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

## Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin.

**Ingestion** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments**: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it

is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing

thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 3/12

## Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**Unsuitable extinguishing** media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

**Hazardous thermal** decomposition products : Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

**Special protective** equipment for fire-fighters Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

## Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 4/12

# Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

#### Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Avoid contact during pregnancy or while nursing. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### **Occupational exposure limits**

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Middle Petroleum Distillates acetic acid	Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019). [mineral oil (mist)]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Mist  STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Mist  Ministry of Health (Viet Nam, 6/2019).
	TWA: 25 mg/m³ 8 hours. STEL: 35 mg/m³ 15 minutes.

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

### Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

### **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### **Individual protection measures**

#### **Hygiene measures**

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

## **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.

#### Skin protection

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Not available.

Odor : Not available.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not applicable.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : 117°C (242.6°F)

Flash point : Closed cup: Not applicable.

Evaporation rate : 0.97 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability (solid, gas) : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits : Lower: 5.4% Upper: 19.3%

Vapor pressure : 1.5 kPa (11 mm Hg)

Vapor density : 2.07 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.06 Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Heat of combustion** : 5.139 kJ/g

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 6/12

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

## Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Methyl Triacetoxysilane	LD50 Oral	Rat	2060 mg/kg	-
acetic acid	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	11000 mg/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1060 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3310 mg/kg	-
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	36 g/m³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	1770 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1540 mg/kg	-

#### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
acetic acid	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	0.5 minutes	-
				5 mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				mg	
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	525 mg	-
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

## **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

## Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 7/12

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
acetic acid	Category 1	-	-

## Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
Middle Petroleum Distillates	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye damage.

**Inhalation** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled.

Skin contact : Causes severe burns. Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in

contact with skin.

Ingestion : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed.

## Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

redness

blistering may occur reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

stomach pains reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects :

: Not available.

Long term exposure

**Potential immediate** 

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 8/12

# **Section 11. Toxicological information**

General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Developmental effects**: May cause harm to breast-fed children.

Fertility effects : Suspected of damaging fertility.

## **Numerical measures of toxicity**

## **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	6993.01 mg/kg
Dermal	32674.04 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	339.07 mg/l

# Section 12. Ecological information

## **Toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
acetic acid	Acute EC50 73400 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 65000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - <i>Navicula seminulum</i> Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	96 hours 48 hours
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water Acute LC50 75000 µg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 0.204 to 3.483 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina Fish - Lepomis macrochirus Fish - Leuciscus idus ssp. melanotus	48 hours 96 hours 96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7.9 µg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 4.4 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus mykiss</i> - Egg	21 days 93 days

## Persistence and degradability

Not available.

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
acetic acid	-	3.16	Low
Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane	-	13400	High

## **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 9/12

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

## **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	UN	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3082	UN3082	UN3082
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane). Marine pollutant (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.  Emergency schedules F-A, S-F	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6.1.1 and 5.0.2.8.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to IMO instruments

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 10/12

# Section 15. Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product : No known specific national and/or regional regulations applicable to this product (including its ingredients).

: Russian Federation inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Toxic classification (TCVN

3164-79)

International lists

National inventory

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union** 

Japan : Japan inventory (CSCL): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand: All components are listed or exempted.Philippines: All components are listed or exempted.Republic of Korea: All components are listed or exempted.Taiwan: All components are listed or exempted.United States: All components are active or exempted.

## Section 16. Other information

**History** 

Date of printing : 9/17/2023

Date of issue/Date of : 9/17/2023

revision

Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02

**Key to abbreviations** : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations N/A = Not available

References : Not available.

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the abovenamed supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 11/12

Date of issue/Date of revision : 9/17/2023 Date of previous issue : 6/12/2023 Version : 1.02 12/12