# SAFETY DATA SHEET

65-125

## **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)

Black

Product code : 65-125

Other means of : Not available. identification

Product type : Aerosol.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Paint or paint related material.

Manufacturer : KST Coatings

A Business Unit of the Sherwin-Williams Co.

101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115

Emergency telephone number of the company

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

Product Information Telephone Number

: US / Canada: (888) 321-5665 Mexico: Not Available

Transportation Emergency

: US / Canada: (216) 566-2917

**Telephone Number** 

Mexico: SETIQ 800-00-214-00 / 55-5559-1588 Available 24 hours and 365 days a year

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS** status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1

GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

**CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2** 

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -

Category 3

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1

ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 17.4%

(oral), 54.8% (dermal), 38.2% (inhalation)

**GHS label elements** 

Hazard pictograms :









Signal word : Danger

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 1/19

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)

Black

## Section 2. Hazards identification

#### **Hazard statements**

: Extremely flammable aerosol.

Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eve irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer.

May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Causes damage to organs.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (lungs)

### **Precautionary statements**

#### **General**

: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

#### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe dust or mist. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.

#### Response

: IF exposed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

#### **Storage**

Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

### **Disposal**

: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

#### Supplemental label elements

DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.

# Hazards not otherwise

: None known.

# classified

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

**CAS** number/other identifiers

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version: 15 2/19

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol) Black

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Calcium Carbonate	≥25 - ≤50	471-34-1
Asphalt (Petroleum)	≥10 - ≤25	8052-42-4
Toluene	≥10 - ≤25	108-88-3
Talc	≥10 - ≤25	14807-96-6
Propane	≤10	74-98-6
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	≤10	64742-88-7
Butane	≤5	106-97-8
Methanol	≤1.6	67-56-1

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

Decembel on of			
Description of	necessary t	irst aid	measures

**Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10

minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask

or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear

gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly

before reuse.

Ingestion
 Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter

feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical

attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar,

tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central

nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin

irritation.

Ingestion
 : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/19/2024Date of previous issue: 1/24/2024Version: 153/1965-125KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

## Section 4. First aid measures

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

#### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 4/19

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)

Black

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

# Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides

# Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

# Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Remark

: Flammable aerosol.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

**Environmental precautions** 

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 5/19

## Section 7. Handling and storage

#### **Precautions for safe handling**

#### **Protective measures**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid breathing gas. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

# Advice on general occupational hygiene

: Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

: Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

Occupational exposure limits (OSHA United States)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Calcium Carbonate	471-34-1	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  [calcium carbonate]  TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction  TWA: 10 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Total
Asphalt (Petroleum)	8052-42-4	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  [ASPHALT FUMES]  CEIL: 5 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fume  ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).  [Asphalt fumes as benzene soluble aerosol]  TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Toluene	108-88-3	OSHA PEL Z2 (United States, 2/2013).  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. CEIL: 300 ppm AMP: 500 ppm 10 minutes. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).  TWA: 100 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 375 mg/m³ 10 hours. STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes. STEL: 560 mg/m³ 15 minutes. ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Ototoxicant. TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
Talc	14807-96-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Respirable fraction

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/19/2024Date of previous issue: 1/24/2024Version: 156/1965-125KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

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		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
		fraction
Propane	74-98-6	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). Oxygen
		Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	64742-88-7	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		[Naphtha (Coal tar)]
		TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 400 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Butane	106-97-8	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 800 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 1900 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
		[Butane isomers] Explosive potential.
		STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Methanol	67-56-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).
Wouldness	07 00 1	Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 260 ppm o notice.
		STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 200 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 260 mg/m³ 10 hours.
		STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.
		STEL: 325 mg/m³ 15 minutes.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.
		TWA: 260 mg/m³ 8 hours.

### Occupational exposure limits (Canada)

Ingredient name	CAS#	Exposure limits
Asphalt (Petroleum)	8052-42-4	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as benzene-soluble aerosol) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fume CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  STEL: 1.5 mg/m³, (measured as benzene soluble aerosol) 15 minutes. Form: Inhalable fume TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (measured as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fume CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Asphalt fume, as benzene-soluble aerosol] TWA: 0.5 mg/m³, (as benzene soluble aerosol) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable particulate

Date of issue/Date of revision

: 4/19/2024

Date of previous issue

: 1/24/2024

Version: 15

7/19

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Toluene	108-88-3	matter.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWAEV: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: fume  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).
		Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 50 ppm 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 188 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWAEV: 20 ppm 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 60 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours.
talc (none asbestiform)	14807-96-6	CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Notes: the value is for particulate matter containing no asbestos and less than 1% crystalline silica.  TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWAEV: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable dust.  CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  8 hrs OEL: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable particulate matter.  TWA: 2 f/cc 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013).  TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: respirable fraction
Normal propane	74-98-6	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018). 8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). TWAEV: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWAEV: 1800 mg/m³ 8 hours. CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). Oxygen Depletion [Asphyxiant]. Explosive potential.
Medium aliphatic solvent naphtha (petroleum) C9-C12	64742-88-7	CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019). [Mineral Spirits] TWA: 525 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Butane	106-97-8	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/19/2024Date of previous issue: 1/24/2024Version: 158/1965-125KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

		8 hrs OEL: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  TWAEV: 800 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 1900 mg/m³ 8 hours.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). [Butane all isomers]  STEL: 1250 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). [butane, all isomers] Explosive potential.  STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  [Butane, All isomers] Explosive potential.  STEL: 1000 ppm 15 minutes.
Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	CA Alberta Provincial (Canada, 6/2018).  Absorbed through skin.  8 hrs OEL: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours.  8 hrs OEL: 200 ppm 8 hours.  15 min OEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  15 min OEL: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA British Columbia Provincial (Canada, 6/2022). Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Ontario Provincial (Canada, 6/2019).  Absorbed through skin.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.  STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Quebec Provincial (Canada, 6/2022).  Absorbed through skin.  TWAEV: 200 ppm 8 hours.  TWAEV: 262 mg/m³ 8 hours.  STEV: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  STEV: 328 mg/m³ 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  CA Saskatchewan Provincial (Canada, 7/2013). Absorbed through skin.  STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.  TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours.

## Occupational exposure limits (Mexico)

	CAS#	Exposure limits
Toluene	108-88-3	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
methanol	67-56-1	NOM-010-STPS-2014 (Mexico, 4/2016). Absorbed through skin. TWA: 200 ppm 8 hours. STEL: 250 ppm 15 minutes.

**Biological exposure indices (United States)** 

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/19/2024Date of previous issue: 1/24/2024Version: 159/1965-125KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Toluene	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023)  BEI: 0.03 mg/l, toluene [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.  BEI: 0.3 mg/g creatinine, o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.  BEI: 0.02 mg/l, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: prior to last shift of workweek.
Methanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 1/2023) BEI: 15 mg/l, methanol [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

### Biological exposure indices (Canada)

No exposure indices known.

### **Biological exposure indices (Mexico)**

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Toluene	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)  BEI: 0.05 mg/L, toluene [in blood]. Sampling time: sample time not specified.  BEI: 1.6 g/g creatinine [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu; non-specific.The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], hippuric acid [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.  BEI: 0.5 mg/L [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included in the valu], o-cresol [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.
methanol	Official Mexican STANDARD NOM- 047-SSA1-2011, Environmental Health- Biological exposure indices for personnel occupationally exposed to chemical substances. (Mexico, 6/2012)  BEI: 15 mg/L [Basal level.The determinant may be present in the biological sample obtained from subjects who have not been occupationally exposed, at a concentration that could affect the interpretation of the results. These background levels are included

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol) Black 10/19

in the valu; non-specific. The determinant is nonspecific, since it can be found after exposure to other chemicals.], methane [in urine]. Sampling time: at the end of the work shift.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

### **Body protection**

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear antistatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

#### Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

#### Respiratory protection

Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

#### **Appearance**

Physical state : Liquid.

Color : Various

Odor : Not available.

Not available.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 11/19

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)

Black

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Odor threshold

pH : Not applicable.Melting point/freezing point : Not available.Boiling point, initial boiling : Not available.

point, and boiling range

Flash point : Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]

**Evaporation rate** : 2.07 (butyl acetate = 1) **Flammability** : Flammable aerosol.

Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit

: Lower: 1% Upper: 36.5%

Vapor pressure : 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)

**Relative vapor density** : 1.11 [Air = 1]

Relative density : 1.1 Solubility(ies) :

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): <20.5 mm²/s (<20.5 cSt)

Molecular weight : Not applicable.

**Aerosol product** 

Type of aerosol : Spray
Heat of combustion : 19.044 kJ/g

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

**Possibility of hazardous** 

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 12/19

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)

Black

# Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

### **Acute toxicity**

Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	49 g/m³	4 hours
LD50 Oral	Rat	636 mg/kg	-
LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	658000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	4 hours
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	145000 ppm	1 hours
LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	64000 ppm	4 hours
LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	15800 mg/kg	-
LD50 Oral	Rat	5600 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Vapor LC50 Inhalation Gas. LC50 Inhalation Gas. LD50 Dermal	LD50 Oral Rat LD50 Oral Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LC50 Inhalation Vapor Rat LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat LC50 Inhalation Gas. Rat LC50 Dermal Rabbit	LD50 Oral       Rat       6450 mg/kg         LD50 Oral       Rat       >5000 mg/kg         LC50 Inhalation Vapor       Rat       49 g/m³         LD50 Oral       Rat       636 mg/kg         LC50 Inhalation Vapor       Rat       658000 mg/m³         LC50 Inhalation Gas.       Rat       145000 ppm         LC50 Inhalation Gas.       Rat       64000 ppm         LD50 Dermal       Rabbit       15800 mg/kg

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Calcium Carbonate	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 750	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	ug 24 hours 500	-
Toluene	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 0.5 minutes 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	870 ug	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 2	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	mg 24 hours 250 uL	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	_	435 mg	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
Talc	Skin - Moderate irritant Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit Human	-	mg 500 mg 72 hours 300 ug I	-
Methanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	40 mg	_
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-

### **Sensitization**

Not available.

### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

### **Classification**

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
Asphalt (Petroleum)	-	2B	-
Toluene	-	3	-
Talc	-	3	-

### **Reproductive toxicity**

Not available.

### **Teratogenicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 13/19
65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)
Black

# Section 11. Toxicological information

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 3 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects Respiratory tract irritation
Methanol	Category 3 Category 1 Category 3	-	Narcotic effects - Narcotic effects

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Toluene	Category 2	-	-
Talc	Category 1	inhalation	lungs
Med. Aliphatic Hydrocarbon Solvent	Category 1	-	-
Methanol	Category 2	-	-

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Name	Result
	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

#### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if inhaled. Can cause central

nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Skin contact**: Causes damage to organs following a single exposure in contact with skin. Causes skin

irritation.

**Ingestion** : Causes damage to organs following a single exposure if swallowed. Can cause central

nervous system (CNS) depression. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

coughing

nausea or vomiting

headache

drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 14/19

65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)

Black

# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

**Short term exposure** 

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

General : Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

**Mutagenicity**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Teratogenicity**: May damage the unborn child.

Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Route	ATE value
Oral	7385.37 mg/kg
Dermal	12117.64 mg/kg
Inhalation (vapors)	165.95 mg/l

## Section 12. Ecological information

### **Toxicity**

Date of issue/Date of revision: 4/19/2024Date of previous issue: 1/24/2024Version: 1515/1965-125KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol)SHW-85-NA-GHS-US

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Calcium Carbonate	Acute LC50 >56000 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Gambusia affinis - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 16.5 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Rhamdia quelen	30 days
Toluene	Acute EC50 >433 ppm Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute EC50 11600 μg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Gammarus pseudolimnaeus - Adult	48 hours
	Acute EC50 6000 μg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5500 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus kisutch - Fry	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
Methanol	Acute EC50 16.912 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute LC50 2500000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 3289 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 290 mg/l Fresh water Chronic NOEC 9.96 mg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Danio rerio</i> - Egg Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours 96 hours

### Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Toluene	-	-	Readily

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Toluene	-	90	Low
Methanol	-	<10	Low

### **Mobility in soil**

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

# Section 13. Disposal considerations

### **Disposal methods**

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Date of issue/Date of revision 16/19 : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version: 15 65-125

## **Section 14. Transport information**

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	IATA	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.13-2.17 (Class 2).	-		Emergency schedules F-D, S- U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.

Special precautions for user :

Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

**Proper shipping name** : Not available.

# Section 15. Regulatory information

#### **SARA 313**

SARA 313 (40 CFR 372.45) supplier notification can be found on the Environmental Data Sheet, where applicable.

### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

### **International regulations**

Date of issue/Date of revision 17/19 : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version: 15 65-125 KOOL SEAL® Storm Patch (Aerosol) SHW-85-NA-GHS-US Black

# Section 15. Regulatory information

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined.

China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined.

Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined.

Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### **Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)**



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	On basis of test data
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method
TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1	Calculation method
ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	Calculation method

### **History**

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## Section 16. Other information

#### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973

as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

N/A = Not available

SGG = Segregation Group

UN = United Nations

▼ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

#### **Notice to reader**

It is recommended that each customer or recipient of this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) study it carefully and consult resources, as necessary or appropriate, to become aware of and understand the data contained in this SDS and any hazards associated with the product. This information is provided in good faith and believed to be accurate as of the effective date herein. However, no warranty, express or implied, is given. The information presented here applies only to the product as shipped. The addition of any material can change the composition, hazards and risks of the product. Products shall not be repackaged, modified, or tinted except as specifically instructed by the manufacturer, including but not limited to the incorporation of products not specified by the manufacturer, or the use or addition of products in proportions not specified by the manufacturer. Regulatory requirements are subject to change and may differ between various locations and jurisdictions. The customer/buyer/user is responsible to ensure that his activities comply with all country, federal, state, provincial or local laws. The conditions for use of the product are not under the control of the manufacturer; the customer/buyer/user is responsible to determine the conditions necessary for the safe use of this product. The customer/buyer/user should not use the product for any purpose other than the purpose shown in the applicable section of this SDS without first referring to the supplier and obtaining written handling instructions. Due to the proliferation of sources for information such as manufacturer-specific SDS, the manufacturer cannot be responsible for SDSs obtained from any other source.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 4/19/2024 Date of previous issue : 1/24/2024 Version : 15 19/19